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VOL. XXVI NO. 175 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

C. P. Premier & Colleagues To Be Expelled?

Scrap India Act And Concede National Demand

JAWAHAR'S TERMS FOR FRIENDSHIP WITH BRITAIN

Tells Labour It Is Dangerous To Wobble In Hour Of Peril

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, July 22.

In an exclusive interview to the 'Chronicle' before his departure to Paris, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said:—

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, who told England how to befriend India.

"As one who ardently desires a world order based on peace and freedom, I have much to say to England and her people. The present Government of Britain is pursuing a policy disastrous alike to peace and freedom. That policy widens the gap between England and India since we are entirely opposed to it and consider it as one of the major evils of the present-day world. There cannot be co-operation between us on this basis.

The British Premier, whose Govt. follows a dangerous policy.

A WORD TO LABOUR

As a Socialist I have even more to say to British Labour which in the past wobbled dangerously on imperial issues and more particularly on India. Its record is bad; but in these days of peril none of us dare wobble or equivocate. Therefore it is time that British Labour acted on the principles it has enunciated; and even expediency demands such action. Labour, which is anti-Fascist, must also equally be anti-imperialist.

ITS DUTY TO INDIA

It must stand for ending the Empire. It must clearly declare for the independence of India and for the right of the people of India to frame their own Constitution through a Constituent Assembly. It must be prepared to do everything in its power to bring this about.

INDIA ACT MUST GO

WE ARE NOT MUCH CONCERNED WITH THE FEDERATION, AS WE WANT THE WHOLE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT TO GO AND WANT IT TO BE REPLACED BY A CONSTITUTION OF OUR OWN MAKING.

IT IS GRATIFYING THAT BRITISH LABOUR LEADERS ARE THINKING ON THESE LINES, AND IT IS STILL MORE PLEASING TO FIND THE RANK AND FILE OF THE LABOUR MOVEMENT RESPONDING ENTHUSIASTICALLY TO THIS CALL OF FREEDOM."

JAWAHAR ON CHOICE BEFORE BRITAIN

India Will Utilise Every Situation To Her Advantage

LONDON, July 22.

In a statement to the "Mancnester Guardian," Pandit Nehru said that he had been privileged to meet a number of persons belonging to all parties and viewpoints in the past month.

After discussing with them the Indian and international problems he had found a new appreciation of the Indian problem among widely divergent groups. There was not the same complacency as there used to be. This, in some measure, was due to the apprehension as to what part India may play in a possible world crisis.

Developing this point Pandit Nehru said in any crisis India primarily would consider her policy from the viewpoint of anti-imperialist domination. The problems of Federation and the like have to be viewed from this larger perspective and if so viewed they become relatively minor matters.

CHOICE FOR BRITAIN

He added: "As a matter of tactics we may act in a particular way, but this action will always be taken in a spirit of hostility and with a view and desire to strengthen ourselves unless the imposition of anything on us is entirely removed. Such a removal will change the whole situation and produce a new psychological atmosphere devoid of the sense of conflict. This can only be done if the British Government decides and declares that the constitution of India should be framed by the Indian people themselves and they should have full freedom to do so.

ONLY DEMOCRATIC WAY

How to give effect to this declaration must immediately be considered and some steps should be taken to that end. The only democratic way is through a Constituent Assembly. With this background the present position can be considered and I am sure it will be possible for a friendly arrangement about the procedure to be arrived at. It is important, however, that there should be no delay in order to create this right background and prevent a crisis overtaking us."

INDIA ACT MUST GO

Pandit Nehru said it was now for the British Government to move in the matter and instead of repeating that the framework of the Government of India Act must stand, it must say that the Government of India Act is a temporary expedient and will have to be scrapped in order to give place to a constitution drafted by the Indian people. There was no way out. "We may adapt ourselves to a particular development", concluded Pandit Nehru, "if we think we gain strength thereby. But our eyes will be fixed elsewhere and we will endeavour to take advantage of every opportunity which may take us to our goal."—Reuter.

TERMS FOR INDIA'S FRIENDSHIP

Wanted Brave Outlook And Courageous Step

LONDON, July 22.

Pandit Nehru interviewed by "Reuter" before his departure stated that he was most grateful both to his English and Indian friends for the great cordiality of their welcome. He had friendship and courtesy everywhere.

"I wish the problem of India may be considered in this spirit and the roots of conflict and hostility between England and India may be removed. A brave outlook and courageous steps are necessary for this result to be achieved. Anything short of that will fail in its purpose. The time has come when this question should be finally solved on the only lines it can be solved, namely Independence for India and the Indian people deciding for themselves what their future destiny should be. If that is done friendship follows and mutual co-operation is begun. Without it we continue to plough the sands of the desert."—Reuter.

TO VISIT MUNICH

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 21.

Before leaving London to-night to return sometime in September Pandit Nehru wrote articles deal-

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 6).

GREAT LOSS TO INDIA

Glowing Tributes To Late Sir Nowroji Saklatvala

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON: July 22.

The report of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala's sudden death due to heart-failure last night at Aix Les-Bains, when Sir Cowasji and Lady Jehangir were on his bedside, was received with great shock by the Indian community here.

The London firm of the Tatas was closed for the day.

Mr. K. P. Mehta, its head, was so stunned by the news that it was difficult to make him say anything.

SIR FEROZE KHAN NOON.

Interviewed Sir Feroze Khan Noon, the Indian High Commissioner said: "The news has come as a great shock to me. Sir Nowroji was looking so well when we dined together in London only a few days ago. I feel the loss not only of a great industrialist and a countryman of mine, but also a personal friend. The House of the Tatas made such wonderful progress under his wise guidance."

LALA SRI RAM.

Lala Sri Ram of Delhi said: "I am shocked to hear Sir Nowroji's sudden death. He was a great friend of mine. He was a very patriotic industrialist. His death is a great loss to the whole of India, particularly at this juncture when India needed men of his ability. Please convey, through your paper, my sympathy to Lady Saklatvala and other members of the Tatas."

D. S. ERULKAR.

Mr. D. S. Erulkar, London, head of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., said: "The death of Sir Nowroji is a great loss to India in general and Indian industries in particular. As a great and distinguished industrialist his able helmsmanship steered India's great Steel Industry safely through difficulties to its present position. His death at this time, when his long experience and knowledge would have proved of immense value in the progressive industrialisation of India, is a serious calamity."

HENRY POLAK.

Mr. Henry Polak said: "The unexpected death of Sir N. B. Saklatvala so soon after that of Jal Nowroji's must be a very great blow to the Tatas, to whom everybody's sympathy would go. It would be very difficult to replace him in the industrial life of India."

(SEE PAGE 20).

'Stay-In' Strike At Monghyr

Sequel To Management's "No" To Tobacco Workers' Demands

PATNA, July 22.

About 2,000 workers of a local tobacco factory entered the factory this morning and commenced "stay-in" strike in order to have their grievances in connection with wages and other amenities redressed, states a message from Monghyr.

The strike is understood to be a sequel to the decision of the Labour Union Executive.

The demands formulated by the workers, it is understood, have not been granted by the management.

The authorities are taking precautions to prevent any untoward incident.—A.P.

Parliamentary Board's Recommendation

BUT KHARE CONFIDENT OF PARTY SUPPORT

Ministerial Tangle Takes New Turn

The Parliamentary Sub-Committee after listening to the case of Dr. Khare and his new Colleagues, it is understood, have decided to recommend to the Working Committee expulsion of the three Ministers from the C. P. Congress Party as a disciplinary measure.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION?

WARDHAGANJ, July 22.

The Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee members had a long discussion since this evening with Dr. Khare. Mr. P. B. Gole and Mr. R. M. Deshmukh when Dr. Khare explained the circumstances under which he had tendered his resignation without waiting for the intervention of the Congress Working Committee.

The President of the Congress, Mr. Subhas C. Bose was present at these discussions which continued for a couple of hours before dinner to be resumed at 9 p.m. Eventually they dispersed at 11-30 p.m.

WILL THEY BE EXPELLED?

Although members of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee have not yet drawn up their report to be submitted to the Working Committee to-morrow it is now most certain that they would recommend expulsion from the Congress Party in the C. P. Assembly of Dr. Khare and his two colleagues Mr. Gole and Mr. Deshmukh as a measure of disciplinary action.

If the Working Committee approve of this recommendation, then according to all democratic conventions Dr. Khare should resign his seat in the Assembly and seek re-election. But whether he would be in a mood to honour this convention is a matter for speculation in C. P. political circles.

Dr. Khare is reported still to maintain that he commands the support of the majority of the Congress Assembly Party and as such he cannot be expelled from the Party unless the majority of the Congress Assembly Party have definitely indicated their want of support for him.

The Congress Working Committee will commence sitting to-morrow at 1 p.m.—United Press.

PREMIER KHARE.

TO CONSULT MAHATMA

WARDHAGANJ. July 22.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Maulana Abul Klam Azad, after three hours consultations among themselves left for Shevgaon to consult Gandhiji on the steps to be taken to meet the situation created by the formation of the new Ministry in the Central Provinces

They are expected to be back at 5 p.m., when the C. P. Ministers, including Premier, Dr. Khare, have been called for discussions.—A. P

SUBHAS TO SEE MAHATMA TO-DAY

WARDHAGANJ, July 22.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose arrived here this evening. He proposed to see Gandhiji early to-morrow when he will discuss with him some of the important items included in the agenda for the Working Committee meeting. United Press.

FOR MAHATMA'S ARBITRATION?

How Wardha Solves C. P. Ministerial Tangle

WARDHA, July 22.

From the trend of talks among the prominent Congress leaders who have already assembled here it seems that beyond assuring the public that Congress attitude towards Federation remains unaltered, the Committee will not be prepared to disclose at this stage the plan that they may have in mind for combating the decision of the British Government to impose the Federal Scheme on the Indian people.

As for the C. P. Ministerial affairs, the suggestion that seems to meet with universal approval is that the whole matter should be referred to arbitration by Mahatma Gandhi.

So far as the negotiations for communal settlement are concerned, it is understood that the Working Committee will, after consideration of all the developments which have taken place since it met last at Bombay, authorise the Congress President to formally intimate to Mr. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, their regret that consistently with the principles of nationalism, the Congress could not see its way to comply with the terms and conditions set out by Mr. Jinnah on behalf of the Muslim League Executive Council for settlement of the Hindu-Muslim problems.—United Press.

KING AND QUEEN BACK IN ENGLAND

LONDON: July 22.

Their Majesties left Calais at 5-30 p.m. in the Royal Yacht "Enchantress" at the end of the visit to France and arrived in Dover at 7-10 p.m.—Reuter.

Amritsar's "S.O.S." To Kisan Leader

Fresh Contingent Arrested For Defying Prohibitory Order

AMRITSAR, July 22.

A fresh contingent of 25 Kisan workers were arrested to-day also for defying the prohibitory order issued under Section 144, this being the third day of the Amritsar Satyagraha.

From among the 25 arrested yesterday, two were detained the rest being let off. Unlike the first two days no lathi charge was made by the police to-day on the huge crowds which normally accompany the satyagrahis.

The District Kisan Committee has wired to Prof. N. G. Ranga, Member of the Central Assembly, President of the All-India Kisan Sabha and also to Swami Sahajanand Kisan leader to proceed to Amritsar immediately.—United Press.

Path Of Peace

ANNEXES

Summer Cup

LONDON, July 22.

The Liverpool Summer Cup run at Liverpool over a distance of one mile, two furlongs resulted as follows:—

PATH OF PEACE (Beary)	1
BLACKSPECK (Richardson)	2
GOTHIC (Carclake)	3

Nine ran.

The race was won by half length and four length separated second and third

Winner was trained by Hogg.

Betting:—11/2 Path of Peace, 9/2 Blackspeck and 100/6 Gothic. —Reuter's Special.

STOP PRESS

KHARE'S CLAIM.

WARDHA: July 23.

The Parliamentary Sub-Committee sat up till midnight and heard Dr. Khare.

It is understood that Dr. Khare in the course of his five hours' talk with the Committee narrated the events leading to his resignation and subsequent formation of the new Ministry and justified his action both in resigning and forming the new Ministry.

He is also reported to have maintained before the Committee that whatever action he had taken was strictly constitutional and he had acted within his rights.—A.P.

EVACUATION OF HANKOW.

HANKOW, July 22.

It is reliably learned that the Chinese Foreign Office is moving from Hankow to Chungking, the present seat of Chinese National Government, about the end of the month in accordance with their programme for the evacuation of as many non-combatants as possible from Hankow area, thereby facilitating the defence operations.

All Chinese civil offices are moving to Chungking while military offices remain in Hankow.

It is understood that the various embassies will follow.—Reuter.

RACIAL CAMPAIGN IN ITALY.

ROME, July 22.

Expulsion of Doctor Edward Kleinlehrer, Rome correspondent of Jewish Telegraphic Agency who was given eight days to leave the country is the first concrete move in a racial campaign in Italy, which foreign observers regard as an indication that Italian policy is coming more and more under the domination of Germany.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word— Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 % on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted: A suitable match of any respectable family. for a highly cultured Dasa Baniya boy of 25, sound sources for maintenance. Please with Photo to: Box No. 10540, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a suitable match for a 17-year, handsome girl of a very respectable Sunni Muslim family of U. P. reading in matric. Full details with photo to Box No 10541, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Lady Health Visitor, Free unfurnished quarters. State caste, qualification and experience. Apply with Photo and minimum salary expected. Honorary Secretary c/o Post Box No. 144, Karachi. (9084)

Wanted Cash Clerk on Rs. 35-5-75. Deposit Rs. 250/- essential. Respectable person preferred. Apply Box No. 10538, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately a lady graduate with Mathematics for a Girls' School in Kotah City. Pay Rs. 75—5—100. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials to the Director of Education, Kotah, Rajputana. (9086)

Wanted cook, hard-working, clean, non-Christian, pay Rs. 20—Rs. 25. Box No. 10550, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Ayah, hard-working, clean, non-Christian, pay Rs. 15—Rs. 20. Box No. 10551, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted,—Supplementary service of qualified companions, an pair. Please apply Box No. 10549, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately an experienced B.Com. to teach newly opened commercial diploma classes. Those having practical experience of business will be preferred. Apply sharp stating minimum salary acceptable to the Head Master, S. P. J. School, Varkana, Via—Rani (B.B. & C.I.Rly.) (10548)

Wanted for up-country, capable and experienced Mill Manager; expert carding and spinning, including knowledge of weaving plain, coarse goods and ability control labour; applicant must be man of undoubted integrity and high sense of duty. Generous terms. Apply stating qualifications, age and salary expected to Box No. 9074 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an Assistant Building Inspector for the Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality, on Rs. 35—5|2—60. Those experienced in the line need apply to the President, Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality. (9085)

Wanted a Secretary. Salary Rs. 1,000 with Rs. 200 as quarter allowance and Rs. 100 as car allowance. Applicants should belong to some noble family or well-known high Zamindar family. Retired Imperial Service Gazetted Officer preferred. Service contract for 5 to 10 years. Apply for terms No. 10563, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Special Managers in all the principal towns of the foreign countries. Salary Rs. 200, 250 to 400 p.m. and 2 1|2 p.c. commission on sale with Rs. 75 and Rs. 50 as quarter and car allowance respectively. After two years' service three months' leave with T.A. both ways. On appointment shipping documents of goods (Mirzapur Carpets) worth rupees fifteen to twenty thousand will be given against cash deposit of Rs. 10,000. Apply Orientalin Carpets (Froduction) Ltd.. Dyal Singh Mansions, Lahore. (10564)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

A competent, young, experienced man in Automobile parts and General Hardware line, seeks employment, as Manager or Salesman in any respectable import house or car dealers. Apply Box No. 10560, "Bombay Chronicle."

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—Decent, well-ventilated flats in Wassiamull Building, Grant Road, and in Shambhuwan. Opposite Babulnath Temple and in Wassiamull Mansion. Cumballa Hill. Gowalia Tank Road. Enquire at: Wassiamull Assomull and Co., Silk Bazaar, Kalbadevi Road. Telephone No. 21338. (10555)

72. TO LET IN SUBURBS

Andheri, Ghodebunder Road, Bungalow, 34, newly painted, westerly, spacious ground floor, 2 flats, for all. Apply Navajbai, Maneckshaw Contractor, Near Grant Road Post Office, Nowroji Vakil Street (10557)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Wanted—Students for D.N.O. to learn the cure of defective eyesight without glasses, Hydropathy, Naturopathy, Dietetics, etc. College opens from Oct., course two years. Apply for prospectus to Dr. Agarwal's Eye Institute, Delhi. (10542)

Civil Engineering School, Lucknow. (Recognised by Government). Records this year the highest percentage of successful candidates in the province ever since the U. P. Government started conducting Examination for the Overseers Certificate. I, II & IV positions are held by the candidates from this School. Matriculates should apply now for July session 1938 on the prescribed form which can be had with the Prospectus free from the Principal. (8630)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

Motor Driving Taught Perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 10553, "Bombay Chronicle".

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Hernia—Wonderful cure by outward application. Thousands cured radically. Apply for particulars: H. C. Roy, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. (10261)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted agents to sell silk sarees, etc. Pay Rs. 200|- monthly. Samples and particulars free. The National Trading Co., Ludhiana, A 27. (10406)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Wanted a Loan of Rs. 3,000 to struct a house, repayable with a monthly instalment of Rs. 100. Interest payable in advance. Apply Box 10487. "Bombay Chronicle".

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Second Hand Tradle dyestamping machine. Apply Box No. 10558, "Bombay Chronicle".

581. JEWELLERY

If you want to see real art and beauty in gold ornaments write to or visit Prakash Enamal Works, Vile Parle, (Bombay Suburbs.) (10561)

Public Notices

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VISVA-BHARATI.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a LECTURERSHIP in Islamic Studies in the Research Department of Visva-Bharati on a salary of Rs. 100 a month. Only those need apply who are well qualified in Arabic, Persian and Urdu and have had more than 3 years research experience in Islamic Studies in a recognised Institute. Candidates should state age, qualifications, previous career, etc., and must enclose relevant certificates and references to, or copies of, their most important research publications. Applications should reach the Secretary, Santiniketan, Bengal before 15th August, 1938.

9078.

NOTICE.

CUMBALLA HILL, PLOT NO. 1.

THE COLLECTOR OF BOMBAY hereby invites sealed tenders on approved forms for a 99 years' lease of Plot No. 1 at Cumballa Hill, admeasuring 4,926 square yards. The plot is available for the construction of one building of the bungalow type with not more than one ground and one upper floor. Each floor may be used as a self contained flat.

Tenderers should state their offers as ground rent at 5 per cent. of Rs. x per square yard per annum.

Tenders should be on approved forms of Agreement accompanied by deposits equivalent to two years' full ground rent and should reach the Collector, on or before 1 p.m. (S.T.) on 29th July, 1938. The Collector is not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

Approved forms of Agreement with the form of Lease and plan can be had at the office of the Collector in the Old Custom House on payment of Annas four per copy.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.
Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 4th July, 1938.

8935.

ADVERTISEMENT

Indian Posts And Telegraphs Department

EXAMINATION FOR ENTRANCE TO CERTAIN SUBORDINATE SERVICES OF THE POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.

A competitive examination for recruitment to fill a strictly limited number of posts of telegraphists, telephone operators, clerks and sorters in the Bombay Postal Circle will be held at various centres in the Bombay Presidency on the 18th October 1938. The examination is open to candidates of both sexes of all communities who are not less than 19 nor more than 21 years of age on the date of examination, who have passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination and have their domicile in the Bombay Presidency. The condition of having passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination may be relaxed in the case of female candidates who apply for the posts of Telephone Operators only. Particulars relating to the examination with a copy of the prescribed form of application and of the recruitment rules will be supplied on receipt of a fee of one rupee which should be sent ONLY by a crossed Indian Postal Order payable to the Postmaster General, Bombay, at the Bombay General Post Office. Applications only on the prescribed form will be entertained and they must be received in the office of the undersigned by the 1ST SEPTEMBER, 1938. Applications received after that date will be ignored.

Bombay.
Dated 20th July, 1938.

J. R. T. BOOTH,
Postmaster-General,
Bombay.
(9049).

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS in the printed prescribed form are invited from Attorneys of the High Court of Bombay of at least three years' standing, particularly well versed in conveyancing work, who are British Indian subjects, preferably natives of the Province of Bombay, for the permanent and pensionable post of ASSISTANT SOLICITOR TO GOVERNMENT in the Legal Department, Bombay; probation for six months; *Pay*:—Rs. 170-10-350. Full particulars will be found in Part I of the issues of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 21st and 28th July, 1938, or can be obtained together, with a copy of the prescribed form of application on payment (in cash or by money order only) of Rupee one, on requisition with a self-addressed envelope with a two anna stamp to the Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission, P.W.D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications:—22nd August 1938. *Any attempt direct or indirect to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

9061.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following gazetted posts at the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta:—

(1) Professor of Malariology and Rural Hygiene (including Venereology and Tuberculosis)

(2) Professor of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology.

PAY.

(a) If recruited from I.M.S. Pay of rank in the I.M.S. plus house allowance plus Overseas pay as for rank in I.M.S.

(b) If recruited from Provincial Service. Grade pay in the Provincial Service plus Rs. 250 special pay p.m. plus house allowance.

(c) If recruited from outside. Rs. 1200—50|2—1500. Overseas pay (if admissible of ₹30.)

Full particulars regarding conditions of service and the prescribed form of application are obtainable from the Secretary, Recruitment and Appointments Board, C|o the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India, Imperial Secretariat, New Delhi.

The last date for the receipt of completed applications is the 30th August 1938.

(9078)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

George VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HAJI GULAMHOOSEIN HAJI FARHATALI SULEMANI, a religious Pir of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant residing at the time of his death at Farhat Manjil, Mahim, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

Bai KAMRUNISSA, widow of Haji Gulamhoosein Haji Farhatali Sulemani, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Balaram Street, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letter of Administration.

Witness Sir PATRICK BLACKWELL, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 21st day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight and in the second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master

TAHIR ALI,

The 21st day of July, 1938.
Messrs NAGINDAS HOOSEINALLY and CO.,
Petitioners Attorneys.

(9081)

Public Notices

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. IRRIGATION BRANCH, PUNJAB.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the sinking of tube wells in the Karol Tube Well Project area, near Lahore.

Instructions to firms wishing to tender and specifications can be obtained on application from Officer on Special Duty, Tube Well Investigation, Irrigation Secretariat. "Ellerslie" Simla E.

Tenders must be received by noon on 19th August and will be opened on 20th August, 12.00 midday, in the Office of Officer on Special Duty, Tube Well Investigation at the Irrigation Secretariat, "Ellerslie" Simla E.

The successful tenderer will be informed within ten days, and work must be started by 15th September, 1938.

9077

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. NEMCHAND BAPUBHAI and BAI GUNVANTIBAI, wife of the said Nemchand Bapubhai have contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Chowpatty Sea Face in the Town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 724 square yards or thereabouts, whereout a piece admeasuring 713.66 square yards is Pension and Tax tenure and a piece admeasuring 10.34 square yards is land newly assessed and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 2/8005 part, 1/8002 part, 1/8003 part and 1/8004 part Cadastral Survey No. 10/1517 of Girgaum Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2554 and Street No. 11 and which said premises are bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East formerly by the property of the Maharaja of Morvi and now by a roadway, on or towards the West by the Chowpatty Sea Face, on or towards the North by a Forty feet Road and on or towards the South by the property of Mr. Dayabhai Chhaganlal.

Dated this 21st day of July, 1938.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM AND MADAN.
Purchasers Attorneys.
9076.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of MOHANLAL CHHAGANLAL GANDHI of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, a widower, who resided at the time of his death at Patan in Baroda State. .... Deceased.

MANILAL CHHAGANLAL and JAYANTILAL MANILAL, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, Merchants, residing at Vithalbhai Patel Road, outside the Fort. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir PATRICK BLACKWELL, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 21st day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight and in the second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 21st day of July, 1938.
Messrs AMIN DESAI and NANAVATI,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

(9077)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Summary Suit No. 1033 of 1938.

Messrs TYEBALLI DAWOODJI, a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
versus
Messrs MUNSHIRAM VISHNUDAS, a firm. .. Defendants.

To,
Messrs MUNSHIRAM VISHNUDAS,

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have filed this suit praying for a Decree against you for Rs. 2,576-12-6 and interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from the date of the suit till judgment.

Please also Take Notice that unless you cause an appearance to be entered for you within 10 days from the date hereof, the Plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain a Decree for Rs. 2,576-12-6 and interest and costs of the suit.

Dated this 23rd day of July, 1938.

POPATLAL & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
(9086)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MESSRS. ANDAJI SEWAJI & CO. have agreed to sell to our client the land, hereditaments and premises, situate at Mahim more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written free from all incumbrances whatsoever.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property described below either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easement, maintenance, possession, purchase, partnership, share, trust or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Dalal Street, Lentin Chambers, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as knowingly waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax Tenure situate, lying and being at Gai Wadi at or near Mahim in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement eight hundred and ninety-seven and a half square yards or thereabouts forming part of the land entered in the books of the Collector under Old No. 485, New No. 4/4313, Old Survey No. 26 and New Survey No. 6/9 and Cadastral Survey No. 1135 of Mahim Division together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes under G Ward No. 5042 (1 & 2) and Street Nos. 370, 370A and bounded as follows: —that is to say on or towards the East by a passage and beyond it by the property of Bai Jiwabai and Nana Goldsmith and Haji Abba Alli and on or towards the West partly by sweepers passage and partly by the property of Haji Mahomed and on or towards the North by second Lohar Chawl Street and on or towards the South by the property of Krishnarao Sadanand and Brothers.

Dated this 22nd day of July, 1938.

KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
9083.

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Summary Suit No. 251 of 1937.

BHAGWANDAS MORARJI Plaintiff.
Versus.
KEKI CURSETJI HAKIM Defendant.

To,
KEKI CURSETJI HAKIM, the abovenamed Defendant.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has instituted against you the above suit under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure for Rs. 1,132-13-0, for balance of principal and interest, in default of your entering an appearance within ten days from the service hereof the Plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for the aforesaid sum with interest and costs. If you so enter an appearance, the Plaintiff will serve upon you the Summons for Judgment and on your satisfying the Court that there is a defence to the suit on merits, you shall be allowed to defend the suit.

Dated this 24th day of February, 1937.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

TAHIR ALI,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. THAKORE & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
9082.

Legal Notices

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUNSIF OF VELLORE
O. S. NO. 562 OF 1937.

SYED HASAN BADSHA and 6 others ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
M. A. KHYOOM SAHEB and 5 others ..... Defendants.

SYED AKBAR BADSHA, son of Syed Adam Saheb
4/7, Second Line, Matunga, Bombay,—6th defendant.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the plaintiffs have instituted the above suit for recovery for themselves and for defendants 5 and 6, as against defendants 1 to 4, a sum of Rs. 170, being their share of the rent realised from houses Nos. 13 and 14, Commissary Bazaar, Vellore, and that the suit is posted for hearing to 10—8—1938.

V. C. RAJAGOPALACHARI.
Counsel for plaintiffs.
15—7—38.

9080.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "SARASWATI BHUVAN," SITUATE AT GHATKOPAR, KIROL.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Amin Desai & Nanavati Attorneys for Messrs. Shamji Champsey, Shamji Shivji, Kuverji Narpar, Khimji Meghji, Mulji Jethabhai and Jethabhai Hirji, the Trustees of the Cutch Parjau Mahajan Fund, the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of Khimji Jadhavji Joshi the Mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 28th November 1934 and the Further Charge dated 13th day of May 1936 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property on Sunday the 24th July 1938 at 9-30 A. M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of land admeasuring 2801 Square Yards or thereabouts situate at Kirol with bungalows and chawls which is otherwise called or known as Saraswati Bhuvan bearing entry No. 33 and Survey No. 69 Pot Nos. 3 and 4 and assessed by the Ghatkoper Kirol Municipality C Ward Houses Nos. 137, 138, 139, 139A and 139B and bounded on the North partly by Survey No. 69 Pot Nos. 4 and 5 and Partly by Gavthan land of Kirol Village, on the South partly by Survey No. 69, Pot Nos. 4 and 5 and partly by Gavthan Land of Kirol Village, on the East by Chembur Road and on the West by Survey No. 70, Pot No. 9.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Amin Desai & Nanavati, Attorneys, for the Mortgagee, at their Office at No. 77, Meadows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

SALE THIS DAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT DUNCAN ROAD, OUTSIDE THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas Daru Hemany & Co., Attorneys for Sheth Noorbhai Alibhai, Husseinabai Alibhai Atikabai Alibhai and Amtubai Alibhai, the Transferees of the Mortgage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Abdul Karim Ahmed Haji Abdulla, Abdul Razak Ahmed Haji Abdulla and Bai Rabiabai Widow of Ahmed Haji Abdulla, in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the Transferees by the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 18th day of November 1930 and the Transfer of Mortgage dated 30th August 1932 and the Further Charge dated the 30th day of August 1932 and the Transfer of Mortgage dated the 9th day of April 1935 and Deed of Further Charge dated 9th April 1935, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property on Saturday the 23rd day of July 1938 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Quit and Ground rent land redeemed as per Collector's receipt No. 27 dated 1st July 1926 with the messuage, situate, on the east side of Duncan Road admeasuring 112 square yards (according to C. S. Records 118 square yards) or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector New No. 9462, New Survey No. 4284, Cadastral Survey No. 4085 of Bhuleshwar Division and by Municipality under C Ward No. 7392 and Street No. 315 New Street No. 307, 309 Duncan Road.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Thakordas Daru Hemany & Co., Attorneys for Transferees, at their Office at No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

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Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & CO.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO SUBURBAN BUYERS.

Grand Auction Sale of modern household and office furniture, Broadwood Piano, Hall lamp, photo frame, Gramophone, carpet rich cut glassware, crockery, best platedware, etc., to-morrow (SUNDAY), at 10-30 a. m. (S.T.) At "Ferndale" Bungalow, Caddle Road, Mahim, Property of R. L. Travers, Esq., and others. On view. D. MISTRY & Co., Auctioneers. Tel. No. 22801.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 14 BALES AFRICAN COTTON.

Messrs BENNETT & CO., will on THURSDAY, the 28th July 1938, at 2-15 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Messrs Gill and Co.'s Godown No. E 68, Sewree Cotton Depot:—

On account of the concerned:—

14 Bales "B. R." African Cotton (country damaged).

BENNETT & CO.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A. M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs Hyland Co., of complete Bunglow furniture, Zula Sofa Cabinet, Bronze & Marble figures, Godrej safe, A. C. Fans, Zunda Almyrah, Singer Machine, Remington portable typewriter, H. M. V. Gramophone, Hall Carpet Chesterfield sets, Wrist watches, Harmoniums, Remington Typewriter, Dining table and chairs, English dinner set, etc.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Friday.

Charged with theft of jewellery valued at Rs. 2,245, Babu Rangidas Pillay, a domestic servant, was arrested by the Gamdevi Police at Bandra.

It was stated that the accused was dismissed from service on June 30 telling lies. About a week later the ornaments were found missing from a cupboard in a house in Warden Road. It appears the cupboard used to be kept open.

The accused was remanded into police custody at the Girgaum Court to-day.

Dorothy Almeida, wife of Joseph Victor Almeida, made an application for her maintenance under Section 488 in the Court of Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

The Magistrate directed the respondent to pay Rs. 50 as monthly allowance for the woman's maintenance. The first payment was to be made on or before the 23rd inst., and thereafter he was to pay the amount on or before the tenth day of each calendar month. He further asked the respondent to pay Rs. 50 as costs in the petition. This amount was to be paid on or before the 23rd instant.

The monthly allowance was to be paid from the date of the application for maintenance.

Mahamed Yusuf Suleman and Suleman Joken were arrested during a raid carried out by Sub-Inspector Abdul Gani of Nagpada police, last night, on a room on the first floor of Razia Building in Mahomadan Street.

The accused were placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate to-day and were ordered to be remanded into police custody for 15 days, pending further investigation.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF INSOLVENTS' OUTSTANDINGS IN NATIVE STATES.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvents Gundo Babaji Tilve (a firm), Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by public auction on Friday, 29th July, 1938, at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right title and interest of the insolvents abovenamed in the unrecovered outstandings and claims in Native States.

For further particulars, please apply to .

CRAWFORD & CO.

Alleged Cheating

Louis Roy Cramwell, a middle-aged European, was placed today before the Presidency Magistrate. Third Court, on a charge of cheating Mrs. N. Ottman, Sister-in-charge of the Obstetric Ward in St. Elizabeth's Nursing Home, in respect of Rs. 1,000. The accused was arrested at Calcutta on July 20 and brought to Bombay this morning.

The police, in applying for a remand of the accused to custody, stated that the accused's wife was admitted in St. Elizabeth's Nursing Home in February. Two days after her admission, the accused's wife asked the complainant why she should not open a Nursing Home of her own in Bombay. Complainant replied that it needed much capital and said that she was proceeding to England on March 30.

A few days later, the accused asked the complainant when she would be back from England The accused is alleged to have asked her to return to India and take over charge of a Nursing Home, which he proposed to open shortly in Bombay.

The police further stated that after the accused's wife was discharged from the Nursing Home, the accused went to the complainant very frequently and discussed with her details of the Nursing Home. He also took her to several places in city in search of a suitable building for the Nursing Home and eventually decided to have it at Ruby House, Napean Sea Road. He also took her to several firms dealing in hospital equipment and asked for estimate.

The police further stated that the accused suggested to the complainant that it would be in her interests if she would buy some shares in the proposed Nursing Home. He promised to make her one of its directors and to appoint her as its matron. The Nursing Home was proposed to be christened May Fair Nursing Home.

On March 15, accused produced an agreement before the complainant by which she was to receive a monthly salary of Rs. 300 as a matron of the Nursing Home. She signed the agreement and passed a cheque for Rs. 1,000, being the value of 50 shares of the proposed Nursing Home.

Police evidence is stated to have showed that the accused was not in a position to open a Nursing Home and that he had no such intention. He, therefore, is reported to have induced the complainant to part with Rs. 1,000 under false pretences.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 1,000 with one surety, (Rs. 500 to be deposited).

The Bombay Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by being cut up under a B. B. & C. I. 'Up' train at Dadar at the resumed inquest on Krishnarao S. Karelkar (22), who jumped along with a girl on the night of July 19. The boy died on the spot; the girl was slightly injured. She was sent to the K. E. M. Hospital.

The deceased's father stated that as the boy wanted to marry his own niece he did not give his consent to it. The girl whom the deceased wanted to marry did not know how to read or write.

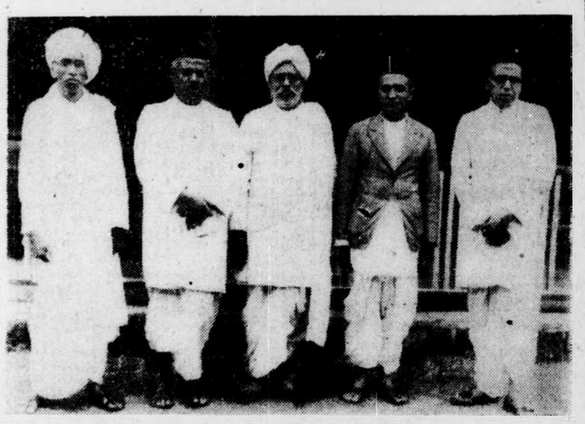
The girl stated that she had not signed the letter, which was found in the deceased's coat pocket. She did not know how to write. Both of them came to Bombay from Sopara and alighted at Dadar Here they wanted to change trains and attempted to cross the railway lines

Mr. E. Ezekiel, a motorman, stated that on the night of July 19, as the train was entering the Dadar Station, he noticed the boy and a young girl standing at the north-end of the platform. When the train was only two to three yards from them the couple jumped on his track, holding each other's hands. When the train stopped, witness found the boy lying dead with his hands and legs cut off. The girl was slightly injured on the head. She was removed to hospital.

Shivram Gopal Rane, a Hamal attached to the office of Mr. Mahomed Nazarali Chaywalla, Solicitor, was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 on being found guilty on a charge of criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 2,066.

The accused was given in May 1937 a cheque for the amount to be cashed. He cashed the cheque and absconded. The police tried to trace him and did not succeed till June, 1938, when he was arrested in a jungle in Ratnagiri District.

Mr. P. L. Thakker, appearing for the complainant, pressed for a deterrent sentence against the accused. Offices, he said, had to depend on subordinates. Some Government offices would not accept cheques and hence hamals had to be trusted with big amounts. If they could not be trusted, there would be a deadlock in business.



Members of the deputation of Inamdars and Landowners who waited on the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher in connection with the Tenancy Bill.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

VUB 244 metres (1,231 kc|s)

a.m.

8-0 Kinematographic Kaleidoscope, 8-30 Classical Conglomeration, 11-30 Bombay Orchestra: Bhopali Todi. 11-40 Gulam Husein noon

12-0 Yesterday's talk Beggar Problem in Bombay talk (Guj) by Urmila Mehta

p.m.

12-15 Binati, 12-20 Jaltarang and Sitar, 12-25 Gururao Deshpande of Dharwar, 12-55 Market Rates, Announcements, 1-5 Lunch Hour Music, 1-30 For Children, 5-30 Who Sings There? 2, 5-55 Ghulam Husain, 6-15 Gururao Deshpande, 6-35 Two Sarangis, 6-40 Film Geet, 6-50 Bombay Radio Orchestra, 7-0 To Bhumijan 7-45 Commercial News, 8-0 Gujarati Books, review by Sarla Banerjee, 8-15 Manibai Manji and Party 8-30 Gururao Deshpande, 9-0 News (Hindustani), 9-15 Manibai Manji and Party, 9-30 News, 9-45 Book Review by Michael Brown, 10-0 Agnes Barrett: Pianoforte Recital 10-20 Recorded Interlude. 10-30 Amateur Night.

Bombay—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I
31.4 metres (9,550 kc|s)

a.m.

8-0 same as in Bombay I.

TRANSMISSION II
31.4 metres (9,550 kc|s)

a.m.

11-30 same as in Bombay I.

TRANSMISSION III
61 metres (4,905 kc|s)

p.m.

5-30 same as in Bombay I.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 340 metres, (886 kc/s.)
TRANSMISSION I.

a.m.

7-0 Shahani Recital 7-15 Classical Music 7-35 Lachhi Ram 7-50 Interlude 7-56 Light Music 8-10 Radhabai 8-30 Orchestral Music News 9-40 In English 8-50 In Hindustani.

TRANSMISSION II.

noon.

12-0 Woman's World.

p.m.

12-30 Popular Hits 1-0 For a Mussoorie Listener.

TRANSMISSION III.

p.m.

5-45 Mehboob Jan 6-0 Light Music 6-15 Radhabai 6-35 Chughtai and his Octet 6-55 Interlude 7-0 Clasical Music. 7-15 Mehboob Jan, 7-30 For Villagers Only 8-0 Recital No. 4 Kamla Jharia, 8-15 History in Making, 8-30 Light Music, 9-15 News, Weather in Hindustani, 9-30 In English 9-45 Tit-Bit-Hits, 10-0 Book Reviews 10-15 Tit-Bit-Hits, 10-50 News, 10-55 Test commentary.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I & II
31.3 metres, (9,590 kc|s)
Programme as in Delhi I
TRANSMISSION III
60 metres, (4,995 kc|s)

p.m.

5-45 Variety 5-50 Test commentary, 6-5 An Introduction, 6-45 Test commentary, 7-0 Radhabai, 7-20 Clarionet Solo, 7-0 Cocktail-time, 8-0 On Wings of Song, 8-15 Programme as in Delhi I, 8-30 Shanti Ghosh 8-50 Classical Music, 9-5 Radhabhai and Afzal: Duet, 9-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 Sarangi Solo. 10-0 Programme as in Delhi I, 10-15 Classical Music. 10-50 News. 10-55 Programme as in Delhi I

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370 metres (810 kc|s)
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)
TRANSMISSION I

p.m.

12-36 Market Rates, 12-41 Con Aston Entertainer, 12-51 Francisco Casanovas, Weather for Ocean, 1-36 Ladies' Hour, 1-51 Dakshina Mohan Tagore, 1-57 Household Hints, 2-6 Stage and Film Songs 5-6 I.F.A. Football commentary, 6-6 For Countryside, 6-36 Gulam Shabbir Khan.

p.m.

6-46 Kamalabala 7-6 Saki 7-51 World in News 8-6 News, Weather (Bengali) 8-21 Kamalabala 8-41 Bobby Daniels 9-1 Commercial News. Weather 9-6 The News 9-21 Margaret Follett (Entertainer) 9-36 Dance Music.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres (1,500 kc/s.)

p.m.

5-30 Announcements in Hindustani 5-40 Naatiya Qawwali 6-0 Nawab Jan 6-25 Manohar Lal 6-45 Mohammad Siddiq Qawwal 7-5 Nawabbhai 7-25 Manohar Lal 7-45 Readings from Selected Books 8-0 Mohd. Siddiq Qawwal 8-15 Hour with villagers News, Weather 9-15 In Hindustani 9-30 In English 9-45 Nawabbai 10-4 Saigal and Umma 10-10 Bhikaran.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)

p.m.

6-30 C. Music 6-40 Pandit Nathu Ram 7-0 Pandit Nathu Ram 7-10 Siraj Ahmad 7-15 Badarbai 7-30 For Countryside 8-0 Lakshamika-Swagat. Play in Hind. by U. N. Ashq., 8-20 Records; 8-50 Badr. Bai of Multan 9-0 Badarbai News, Weather Report 9-15 In Hindustani 9-30 In English 9-45 Badarbai 10-0 Sardar Husain 10-5 Classical Music 10-35 Inayat Ali 10-40 Classical Music 10-50 Badarbai.

Lucknow Programme

VUW 293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s.)

p.m.

6-30 Lucknow Orchestra 6-40 Rashke Janan of Cawnpore 7-5 G. N. Goswami 7-15 M. A. Khan 7-30 Rashke Janan 7-55 Lucknow Radio Orchestra 8-10 G. N. Goswami 8-20 Lucknow Artists 8-30 Ek tha Raja 8-45 Sawan 9-10 Lucknow Artist 9-15 In Hindustani 9-30 In English 9-45 Journalist as Large 10-0 Classical Music

Madras—I Programme

VUM 211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)

p.m.

5-30 Natabhairvin, 5-40 Vidyala Kannamma: Vocalist 7-0 Barrister Parvatisam talk in Telegu by M. N. Sastri 7-15 Puttu Swami Iyah: Vocalist 8-30 Carnatic Orchestra 8-30 Puttu Swami Iyah 9-5 News, Weather 9-30 Some New Books 9-45 Master Works 10-20 Jascha Heifetz: Violin.

Madras—II Programme

60.6 metres (4,950 kc/s.)

p.m.

5-30 to 6-0 Programme as in Madras I 6-0 For Villager (Telugu) 6-30 For Villager (Tamil) 7-0 to 9-45 Programme as in Madras I 9-45 Master Sowri Rajan: Vocalist.

B. B. C. Programme

TRANSMISSION III.

GSJ 13.93 m (21.53) Mc/s.)
GSH 13.97 m. (21.47 Mc/s)
GSG 16.86 m (17.79 Mc/s.)
GSG (to 9-30 p.m.) 16.86 m. (17.79 Mc/s).
GSF 19.82 m (15.14 Mc/s).

p.m.

7-30 Amington Band 8-0 Sporting Rivalries 8-20 Under the Clock 9-0 A commentary 9-5 Athletics 9-30 News 10-0 Test commentary 10-10 Topical Gazette 10-40 Haunting Harmonies 10-55 Test.

10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programme.

Publish Sugar Tariff Report

SIMLA, July 22.

The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has addressed the Commerce Department, Government of India, urging the publication of the report of the Tariff Board on sugar.—United Press.

As THRILLING, As ROMANTIC,
As SENSATIONAL,
As SURPRISING and as UNEXPECTED
As the LIFE & DESTINY of

EDWARD VIII of ENGLAND

Is the Life-Story of

PRINCESS KRISHNA

RAJ KUMARI

A 'Krishin' JEWEL Picture Directed by Khosla

Featuring the One and Only

INDIA'S GRETA GARBO **LALITA PAVAR**

Supported by a GALLANT STAR-Cast

★ **NAZIR** *MAJID *AMEENA DAR* BOY SHIRAZ ★ **AMEENA**

The Picture of Pictures That Has Created

Unprecedented Sensation

It's MUSIC, its DANCES are Simply CAPTIVATING!

The Super Cinema was yesterday crowded with

High Class Families!

WE GUARANTEE

You will see "Rajkumari"

AS OFTEN AS YOU CAN AFFORD TO SPEND

SUPER CINEMA CHARNI RD. TRAM JN.

Daily at 5-15, 6, 10-45

To-day & To-morrow Matinee at 2-30 p.m.

Special Note:—

HIGHER CLASS TICKETS can be booked in ADVANCE.

(1) HISTORY:

Witheld from You for 8 Years:

NOW ON THE SCREEN:

The Dandi March

Led by MAHATMA GANDHI

The Real Record of The First Step in the Salt Campaign.

(2) ART:

"Tandav Nritya"

SHIVA'S DANCE of Final Destruction:

ON THE SCREEN: Performed by the Winner of the Tagore Medal for Dancing and the Gohar Medal for screen art:

SITARA DEVI

(3) ENTERTAINMENT:

4th WEEK **PATH OF GLORY** A Tale of Justice and Love.

Starring

PRABHA, PARASHER, with BAI SUNDRABAI (The Radio Favourite)

NAVIN YAGNIK, NIAMPALLY, etc.

3 GREAT SHOWS IN 1 COLOSSAL PROGRAMME

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-45 P. M.
To-day and To-morrow
2-30 P. M

CPERA HOUSE

How do you CLEAN YOUR SKIN?

Important new facts for women who use make-up

WOMEN have long known that soap and water only clean the surface of the skin. That is why they turned to cream, which could at least penetrate some little distance into the pores. But even the best cream could not loosen the tiny particles of powder and rouge which lay hidden at the base of the pores — *because it never reached them.*

Then scientists discovered the super-penetrative qualities of the oil of the Calavo Avocado pear. This oil sinks straight down to the very bottom of each pore, and floats out every hidden particle of rouge or powder.

The oil of the true Calavo Avocado pear is used only in Coty Avocado Beauty Milk. Here is a simple way to test its wonderful powers yourself. Wash your face and then give it a thorough cleaning with your usual cream. Your skin is as clean as you are able to make it. Very well — *now* apply a little Calavo Avocado Beauty Milk by means of a wad of cotton wool. You will be amazed at the dirt coaxed out from the skin you thought clean. Your pores are yielding up their long hidden debris.

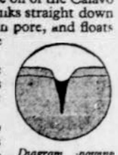


Diagram showing particles of old rouge and powder lodged in the base of the pore

The pore thoroughly cleaned, from the bottom up, by Calavo Avocado Beauty Milk.

CALAVO AVOCADO *Beauty Milk*

MADE ONLY BY COTY

Sole Agents in India M. G. SHAHANI & Co., Karachi, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras, etc.

World Of Sport— Home And Abroad

Change Of Venue Of Next Olympiad From Japan To Finland

(By "LOOKER-ON.").

It cannot have surprised anybody here to learn that Japan has expressed her inability and unwillingness to stage the next Olympic Games at Tokyo. For over a year she has been engaged in a war of aggression with China. With her tremendous superiority in armament she had expected to bring China to her knees in a very short time. But the brave people of China have fought against terrible odds and have held the Japanese invaders at bay upto this time. A Japanese victory is still far off. It may not even come at all. Still a gruelling struggle is ahead and nobody can foretell how long it will go on. In such circumstances it would have been imprudent on the part of Japan to shoulder the responsibilities of the next Olympiad.

FEELINGS AGAINST JAPAN.

Apart from the various handicaps which a warring nation have to face, Japan has realised the strong feelings which exist against her for her wanton aggression in China. Many countries have already refused to send their teams to Tokyo. Feelings in this country are totally against the invaders. In such a state the Olympic Games of 1940 would have been a farce if it were held in Japan. The International Olympic Committee has done the right thing in accepting Japan's refusal promptly. Finland having offered to stage the Games, the I. O.C. have now transferred the responsibility on the Olympic Association of that country. Though the time at their disposal is very short, it is hoped that Finland, highly advanced as it is, in athletics and sport will not find any serious difficulty in making all arrangements in time and proper manner.

OLYMPIC IDEALS AT A DISCOUNT.

The question now arises whether the Games should be held at all. Instead of fostering friendly relations and brotherly feelings the Games have encouraged racial jealousy and animosity. In fact, the advanced countries of the West and the East have practically thrown the Olympic ideals to the winds. The Berlin Olympaid was used by the German Government, it is frankly stated by many, for the chief purpose of showing to the world the mighty arms of the Nazis. The Finnis Government may not have any such purpose. But the other nations of Europe will not surely lose the advantage of showing their prowess in fields other than sport. There is also another point to be considered in this connection. Europe has again turned itself into a veritable powder magazine. It may explode at any moment. In such circumstances, will it be advisable to hold the Games there?

RANJI TROPHY.

The Board of Control for Cricket in India have decided to stage the Cricket Championship of India for the Ranji Trophy between the middle of October and the first week of February. The Zone finals are to be conducted by January 15, the inter-Zone semi-finals by the end of January and the final in the first week of February. Each Zone has been asked to arrange the dates and places of its fixtures by mutual agreement. Once they are approved by the Board of Control they would stand irrevocable. Bombay has drawn to meet Baroda in the first round. The winners are to meet Sind who have drawn a bye, in the second round. In the other half of the West Zone, Western India States meet Maharashtra and Gujarat will measure strength with Nawanagar in the first round. After the winners of these two ties have met in the second round, the final will be played between the ultimate survivors in each half. It is very likely Bombay and Nawanagar will have the honour again of battling in the Zone final. It is yet too early to spot the ultimate winners. But I expect the tournament to attract more popular support than it has done in the past.

ROVERS CUP ENTRIES.

The ensuing Rovers Tournament promises to outshine all its previous records. The number of entries has already reached the record figure of 35 and by the time the list is closed it is sure to have a few more added to it. Of course, most of the challengers come from up-country. The number of entrants from the city is comparatively small. Unlike the years of old, the over-whelming majority of the competing teams will be civilians and most of them Indians. This speaks volumes of the enterprising spirit of the W.I. F.A., Committee who are said to have risked Rs. 25,000 to invite all these up-country teams. I hope their efforts will be fully repaid. At the same time I cannot but express my disapproval of the way in which the teams have been selected. I notice from the published list of entries that more than one team have been invited from places like Quetta, Peshawar, Delhi and Bangalore. It is a sheer waste of money. The W.I.F.A. should encourage only first rate teams to come. Many of the other teams who figure in the list are hardly worth an invitation. Their poor performances will only throw cold water on the enthusiasm of our local teams and spectators alike. It is satisfactory to note that the Bangalore Muslims and the 6th Field Brigade from Mhow, the holders of the Rovers Cup and the I.F.A. Shield respectively, have made up their mind to come again. They are sure to be hot favourites for the Cup again. The All Blues from Jamshedpur have already entered and the Mahomedan Sporting, the last year's runners-up, are also expected to line up. As some of the best players of these two teams are going to Australia I do not know what strength they will possess now. Anyway, the Rovers will provide some interesting fights during August.

Meakin Cup Football

SUFFOLKS QUALIFY FOR SEMI-FINAL

North Staffords Beaten In Replay

The Suffolk Regiment from Mhow, qualified to meet the 3rd Field Brigade from Poona, in the second semi-final of the Meakin Cup Football Tournament, by defeating the North Staffordshire Regiment, by 2 goals to nil, in the replay, at the Cooperage, on Friday evening.

Even exchanges marked the opening phases of the game, both attack-lines breaking away in turn. Play was hardly in it's 4th minute, when Brooks, Staffords' inside-left, missed the "sitter" of the match, shooting wide, when favourably placed at a near range, from where he had only the goalkeeper to beat.

Following this, play was confined to midfield for about 15 minutes. The rival defences held the upper hand and allowed hardly any scope to the forwards.

A little before the half-time whistle the Staffords were awarded a spot kick form just outside their opponent's penalty area but Willis, who was entrusted to make use of it, failed to do so and the teams crossed over, having played a goalless half.

2 QUICK GOALS.

After an unsuccessful attempt by Fountain, Suffolk's inside-right, the Mhow Regiment opened their account through Stannard, their outside-left, who made no mistake following a hot combined attack. This was in the 5th minute after resumption.

Hardly had the cheers for this goal died down, when Mean, the leader of the Suffolks' attack, put his side one more up, accepting a pass by his colleague on the right.

The Poona side made some efforts to reduce the lead, but the Suffolks' defencers offered stout resistance and kept their opponent's forwards out of the danger-zone.

The final whistle found the Suffolks winners by 2 goals to nil.

RESULT:
SUFFOLKS ..... 2 Goals.
NORTH STAFFORDS ..... Nil.

TEAMS:

SUFFOLKS: Bond; Abbott and Alliston; Burling, Moss and Bell; Cook, Fountain, Mean, Upson and Stannard.

NORTH STAFFORDS: Lowe; Wallage and Bates; Hibbard, Willis and Roberts; Carrel, Bould, Rozier, Brooks and Grosvenor.

REFEREE: Sgt. L. Dyer.

LINESMEN: Capt. J. M. Lee and Sgt. Marshall.

To-day's Semi-final

Cooperage at 5-45 p.m. Cheshires vs. Lincolns.

RAJPUTANA CRICKETERS ARRIVE IN BOMBAY

The Rajputana cricket team, whose unofficial tour in England, was cut short due to financial troubles, arrived in Bombay on Friday, July 22, by the new Anchor Line motor vessel "Cilicia."

Interviewed by a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle," Mr. W. D. Begg, leader of the team said, "I shall make a detailed statement to the press later."

Two members of the side, Ram Parkash and C. H. Banker, have remained behind in England.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA'S FOOTBALLER DEAD

Caplen, A Keen Sportsman

K. R. Caplen, aged 28, Bombay Gymkhana's famous Football player, died at his residence, Standard-Vacuum Oil Co., Sewri, of dysentery, on Friday, July 22.

With Caplen's death Bombay Gymkhana loses not only a great footballer and a sound goalkeeper of their hockey team but also a keen sportsman, interested in all games alike.

Caplen was the son of Tom and Irene Caplen, of Hove, Sussex.

SETTLEMENT IN MAINTENANCE CASE

A settlement was reached in the maintenance suit filed by Kesarbai Koregaokar, claiming Rs. 500 per month as maintenance out of the estates of one purshottamdas Ramji, since deceased, as his concubine.

Under the agreement Kamlabai the deceased's widow, agreed to pay to the plaintiff a monthly allowance of Rs. 200 and also to settle Rs. 5,000 on the plaintiff's minor daughter by the deceased.

Sir Patrick Blackwell, the Officiating Chief Justice, who heard the suit, recorded the settlement.

All India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 22.

The following are maximum and minimum, temperature and rainfall recorded at Poona Observatory:—

	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Since June 1.	Departure from normal.
Agra	85	79	0.6	11.5	+2.3
Amraoti	85	74	3.0	19.3	+6.2
Aokla	84	73	0.9	24.1	+11.7
Ahmedabad	86	77	0.2	12.2	—0.4
Ajmer	89	79	—	8.5	—1.7
Ahmednagar	83	71	—	16.7	+9.1
Ambala	96	75	0.9	7.7	—1.1
Allahabad	92	82	—	18.1	+5.4
Benares	91	81	—	16.2	+3.4
Bareilly	92	77	0.1	14.5	—
BOMBAY	85	76	0.1	43.5	+5.7
Bangalore	81	66	T	4.3	—1.4
Bhopal	85	74	0.7	28.5	—
Baroda	83	77	—	19.6	—
Belgaum	76	68	0.2	18.6	—1.0
Bahawalpur	102	85	—	—	—1.8
Bijapur	82	71	T	8.0	+3.1
Bellary	88	75	—	2.0	—1.1
Bhavnagar	91	75	0.2	9.5	+1.1
Chittagong	89	77	—	34.3	—1.5
Calcutta	89	79	0.2	13.1	—7.8
Cuttack	88	78	0.5	16.1	—2.5
Cawnpore	91	81	0.1	18.3	+7.4
Calicut	86	73	0.4	70.9	+15.2
Colombo	86	79	—	5.2	—6.7
Cheerapunji	78	66	0.5	214.0	+41.5
Cocanada	84	73	1.6	14.9	+5.8
Cochin	84	76	0.2	43.1	—2.0
Dehra Dun	85	73	0.1	34.2	+7.9
Delhi	91	81	T	5.3	—3.6
Dehra I. Khan.	104	87	—	1.4	—0.6
Darjeeling	67	57		59.8	+10.3
Desa	85	75	0.8	7.4	—1.0
Dalhousie	—	—	1.3	22.5	+1.6
Fort Sandeman	94	77	—	1.0	—1.0
Gorakhpur	92	81	—	24.8	+8.5
Hyderabad (Dn.)	79	71	T	—	—
Hyderabad (Sind)	95	78	0.6	2.1	—0.2
Indore	83	72	0.2	28.9	+16.1
Jhansi	91	79	—	23.2	+10.7
Jubbulpore	89	74	0.7	25.7	+6.2
Jacobabad	107	85	—	—	—0.9
Jaipur	89	79	—	6.0	—2.0
Karwar	83	74	0.6	59.9	—6.4
Karachi	86	77	1.6	1.6	—1.1
Kodaikanal	65	50	—	4.3	—3.4
Khandwa	85	73	1.2	20.7	+9.1
Lucknow	91	81	—	26.7	+14.1
Ludhiana	97	83	—	2.9	—5.6
Lahore	101	85	—	5.4	—0.1
Lyallpur	101	86	—	4.5	+1.3
Multan	104	87	—	1.2	—0.6
Mysore	82	66	—	2.1	—2.7
Madras	96	76	0.3	2.9	—1.6
Maymyo	77	66	0.2	8.6	—4.2
Marmagoa	82	74	0.1	44.0	—
Malegaon	83	73	—	9.9	+2.1
Mussoorie	68	60	0.8	32.4	+10.2
Mahableshwar	65	61	4.2	153.3	+40.1
Murree	69	63	0.9	20.3	+8.5
Mount Abu	69	65	0.7	17.9	—1.6
Masulipatam	—	—	—	—	—
Mandalay	90	77	T	5.8	—2.3
Mangalore	84	73	0.3	84.7	+19.0
Meerut	—	—	0.1	8.3	—1.7
Mercara	67	62	2.7	74.6	+19.2
Nagpur	88	74	1.2	27.5	+8.5
Ootacamund	60	51	0.2	5.9	—6.9
Patna	90	82	—	19.2	+2.8
Peshawar	97	85	—	1.2	+0.1
Poona	80	72	T	10.7	+1.0
Pachmarhi	75	69	1.4	41.6	+15.7
Port Blair	84	78	0.1	41.4	+11.3
Quetta	92	69	—	0.1	—
Ranchi	84	72	0.2	14.6	—5.8
Rawalpindi	91	74	0.7	16.0	+8.7
Rangoon	86	74	0.7	29.6	—3.5
Ratnagiri	83	77	0.2	74.6	+20.4
Rajkot	85	76	0.1	10.7	+1.0
Sialkot	94	77	0.2	8.5	+0.6
Srinagar	92	74	—	3.1	—0.2
Sholapur	82	71	T	20.3	+12.5
Shillong	79	64	0.1	22.9	—4.5
Simla	67	60	0.4	14.2	—4.1
Surat	85	77	0.6	23.4	+3.0
Salem	93	76	—	4.0	—1.7
Trichinopoly	97	79	—	1.5	—1.0
Trivandrum	85	76	0.1	16.5	—2.4
Vizagapatam	89	79	—	11.8	+3.8

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 22-7-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +023 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.4 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.5 degrees 0.5 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.4 degrees 0.3 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 83 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 13 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 232 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 38 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10)8.

Rain in 24 hours 0.11 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 12.30 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 44.83 inches.

Weather Remarks—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 22-7-38

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.91 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.70 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Sentenced For Forgery

Mr. Justice Divatia at the High Court Sessions sentenced Uttamchand Govindji to three years' rigorous imprisonment on the Jury finding him guilty of forgery.

The accused, it was found, had forged the signature of one Balubhai Virchand in whose favour a cheque for Rs. 3,945 was drawn on the Central Bank of India.

RAILWAY CHIEFS AT INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

A Press Note issued by the Indian Merchants' Chamber Bombay says:—

"Mr. L. Wilson, Chief Commissioner of Railways, and Mr. B. M. Staig, Financial Commissioner of Railways, met the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, on Friday, at 12 noon, when the following questions were discussed:—

Recommendations of the Wedgwood Committee and action thereon; Indianisation of Railway Services; Ordinary Return Tickets over the G.I.P. & B.B. & C.I. Railways; Refrigerated Transport facilities; Concession rates over the B.B. & C.I. Railway for transport of cattle; Railway rates for insurance of treasure; and Railway freight on cotton.

A summary of the discussion at the meeting will be issued to the Press shortly.

LICENCES FOR INDIANS IN FIJI

References have recently appeared in the Press to news received from Fiji that Indian retail traders on native land were unable to obtain a renewal of their licences. The Government of India received a telegram on the subject and immediately made enquiries. They have now been informed that refusal to renew licences which was limited to a district was due to a misunderstanding, and that instructions have been issued authorising the renewal of all existing licences.

India And The World To-day Lectures

The Secretary B.C.S.P. writes:—

The Bombay Congress Socialist Party organises every year a lecture series on Indian and International affairs. This year the following lectures have been arranged, the first lecture commencing on Saturday 30th July at 6-30 p.m. with Purshottam Tricumdas on "BACK FROM THE WAR ZONE" (Mr. Purshottam returns from Europe a couple of days earlier):

Achyut Patwardhan: "NOW IS THE TIME".

Professor Dantwala: "EUROPE EXPECTS EVERY INDIAN TO DO HIS DUTY."

M. R. Masani: "IF CONGRESS WERE TO ACCEPT FEDERATON."

The fifth lecture will be by Acharya Narendra Deo or Sjt. Sampurnanand. Admission 4 Annas to cover the cost.

Tickets available at:—Congress Socialist Party, Dadabhai Manzil, Congress House, or the Congress Socialist Weekly, 138 Medows St., Fort.

NEWS that all have waited to know!

SATURDAY
Next July 30
IS
The Release Date of

'Raja Gopichand'

SARASWATI CINETONE'S
All-Star, All-Glamour Picture!
Produced by: Dadasaheb Torney;
Directed by: Bhal G. Pendharkar
Starring:
LEELA, CHANDRAKANT, USHA, RATNAPRABHA, LONDHE, DINKAR.
FROM
SAT. NEXT: Opera House
Distributors: KAPURCHAND Ltd., B'bay 4.

BAGHBAN

Produced by
General Films Ltd.
Directed by
A. R. Kardar

A stirring story of infant marriage and early widowhood. "Interesting throughout with points of interest which will appeal to every Indian," writes the "Times of India."

Starring
BIMLA KUMARI & NANDREKER
with
Sitara, Yasmin, Ashraf Khan, Nazir Lalla Yakoob, K. N. Singh, R. Wasti, Mirza Musharaf & others

IMPERIAL CINEMA
Daily 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Matinees every Saturday, Sunday & Holiday at 2-30 P.M

INDIGESTION RELIEVED INSTANTLY

● When you feel glum and out of sorts—don't want to eat—nine times out of ten it's indigestion that's bothering you. *That's the time for Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.*

Two teaspoonfuls of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in water quickly restore the normal activity of the gastric juices, return proper digestion—make you feel fit again. It sweetens the stomach, offsets acidity, increases the appetite, makes headaches, pains after eating, dizziness, biliousness disappear like magic.

Be careful of your health—keep Phillips' Milk of Magnesia always on hand. Take it at the first sign of stomach distress. When buying, always look for the name *Phillips'* on the blue-wrapped bottle.

ALSO IN TABLET FORM—Now made in tiny tablets to carry with you. Each tablet is the equivalent of one teaspoonful of the liquid.

PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA

Even a Worm will Turn - - -

Why, then, affect surprise if an oppressed young woman turns round like a Tigress?

SEE
NEW THEATRES'
Social Argument

ABHAGIN

Starring: MOLINA ★ PRITHVIRAJ, ★ Menaka, ★ Nemo,
4TH WEEK
ZENANA SHOW Thursday 1-30 p.m.
Daily 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Hol. Matinee 2-30 P.M.
MINERVA TALKIES Lamington Road

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 11, 1994
Muslim: Jamad-ul-Avval 24, 1357
Parsi: Behman 30, 1397
Hightide: 8-41; 19-58
Lowtide: 1-39; 14-42
Sunrise: 6h. 12m.
Sunset: 7h. 18m.

S. S. 'Ranchi' with mails sails at 1-0 p.m.

Monday, July 25.

Auction sale of licences for toddy shops and tree-foot-booths in Bombay Suburban District, Sir C. J. Hall, 11 a.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Tuesday, July 26.

Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

SIR NOWROJI BAPUJI SAKLATVALA—K.B.E., C.I.E., Chairman, Tata Sons Limited, died at Aix-Les-Bains, France, Uthamna ceremony to-day at his residence, 72 Warden Road, at 3-30 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N.Y.K. Steamer "Kunishima Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 21st July, and is expected to arrive here on or about the 10th August.

Steamer Clan Macbayne arrived at Suez on the morning of Thursday July 21st.

INDIAN GYMKHANA (MATUNGA) LTD.

The sixth ordinary general meeting of the above Gymkhana will be held at the South Indian Education Society Buildings, Brahmanwada Road, Matunga, to-morrow (Sunday), at 10-30 a.m.

FLAG SALUTATION

There will be a flag salutation ceremony under the auspices of the Bombay Kamgar Sangh in front of the Union Mill to-morrow (Sunday), at 7-30 a.m. Mrs. S. K. Patil will unfurl the national flag.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Jury's Evidence" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"Sins of Children" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Her Jungle Love" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Baroness and the Butler" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Joy of Living" Daily at 4 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—We Three" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Vivacious Lady" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Ebb Tide" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Knight without Armour" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Rajkumari" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
GLOBE—"The Vanishing Legion" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
MINERAVA—"Abhagin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jailor" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Baghban" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"It Happened one Night" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kunku" Daily time as usual
MAJESTIC—"Lakshmiche Khel" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Path of Glory" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

FAREWELL TO B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY WORKERS

A meeting of the workers of the B. B. and C. I. Railway will be held to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. at 'Dhuru Hall' (Dadar) under the presidentship of Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, the President of the B.B. and C.I. Railwaymen's Union, for the purpose of paying tribute to Mr. Jaikaransinh and five other members of the staff of the Traffic Department, who have recently retired from service.

PARTY TO AG. CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

Members of the Corporation entertained Mr. D. Symington, Acting Municipal Commissioner, to a tea party held at the Corporation Hall, yesterday evening.

Mr. Sultan Chinoy, the Mayor, in wishing bon voyage to Mr. Symington, hoped that he would be in their midst ere long. Mr. Symington, thanked the Mayor and the members of the Corporation.

LECTURE ON PALESTINE

Mr. Asoka Mehta, Editor, "Congress Socialist," will deliver a lecture on "Palestine" to-morrow (Sunday), at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.), at the office of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

IN AID OF "ANJUMANE AZAD HIND"

A film will be released at Royal Talkies, Pilla House, at 10 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday), when Messrs. R. S. Nimker, T. F. Ajmeri, Narayanswami, Mohomed Ahasan and others will deliver lectures on Socialism and world revolution.

Press Reporters will have free admission.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC.

The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the school hall, Benam Hall Lane, Bombay 4.

SOCIAL WORKERS' CLASS.

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at Tutorial High School, Grant Road, when Prof. S. G. Beri, M.A., will deliver his first lecture on "The Industrial Revolution" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.)

SOCIAL WORKERS SOCIETY.

For paying sanitary visits, the members of the Social Workers' Society will meet at 9-45 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) Tram Terminus, Khodadad Circle, Dadar.

Dr. Mahomedali L. Mistry, M.A. (Lond)., M.R.C.P. (Lond.), President of the Reception Committee of the First All India Khoja Shia Isna Ashri Yuwan Conference.

Mr. F. M. Anderson Captain of the new steamer S.S. Cilicia, which arrived in Bombay on Friday morning from Australia.

Eugene Banasinski Ph. D. (Consul for Poland) arrived in Bombay on Friday morning.

A. I. KHOJA SHIA ISNA ASHRI YUWAN CONFERENCE

A meeting of the members of the Working Committee will be held to-day (Saturday), at 9-30 p.m. at the Committee's Office at Dongri.

"B" WARD BY-ELECTION.

Sirdar Sidi Mahmud President "Janjira State People Union" is standing as a Candidate in the forthcoming by-election in "B" Ward.

RAMJI ASSAR VIDYALAYA

The ceremony of the Installation of the Captain of the R. A. Vidyalaya High School (Master Kantilal R. Khokhani) and of the Vice-Captain (Miss Narbadaben J. Kotak) and the inauguration of the Students' Court at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Vidyalaya at Ghatkopar will be held to-day (Saturday) when Sheth Dwarkadas Tribhovandas will present the badge and baton of office to the Cpatain and declare the Students' Court open.

POPULAR SCIENCE COURSES.

Under the joint auspices of the Royal Institute of Science and the B. P. Adult Education Association, Dr. Y. G. Naik and Mr. B. G. Shejwalkar will give their second lecture in Gujarati and Marathi respectively, on Physics and Chemistry to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. in Room No. 2 and Room No. 32 of the Royal Institute of Science.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATIONS.

Owing to general breakdown of Karachi-Bombay and Karachi-Agra wires between Doronaro-Bamnar, telegrams to Karachi are subject to serious delay.

Karachi-Bombay and Karachi-Agra lines has been restored. Telegrams to Karachi are no longer subject to delay.

"POETRY OF IQBAL"

Under the auspices of the Vile Parle Sahitya Sabha a public meeting will be held in the premises of Shree Gokalibai School to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) when Prof. Nadvi of Ismail College will deliver a lecture on "Poetry of Iqbal."

BOMBAY NORTH AND SUBURBAN SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Association Miss Mehra Masani of All India Radio will speak on "Education through Broadcasting" in Dr. A Da Silva High School, Dadar, to-day (Saturday), at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Miss Amy B. H. J. Rustomjee, Inspectress of Girls' Schools, will preside.

YOUNGMEN'S LITERARY CIRCLE

Under the auspices of the above institution a debate, open to the public, will be held on "That in the best interests of India communal organisations should be abolished", at Wasiamal Buldg., Mazjid Bunder Road, to-day (Saturday), at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. H. K. Gaznafar, M.A. will propose and Mr. S. A. Raza, M.A. will oppose the motion.

ISMAILIA STUDENTS' EDUCATION SOCIETY

Arrangement has been made for the members to visit the Bharat Rubber Works at Jogeshwari to-day (Saturday) The Party will leave the Hall of the Society at 2-25 p.m. on that day.

"RAJA YOGA"

Swam Sambuddhananda of Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on "Relation between Mind and Matter" and "Sankhya and Yoga Systems" at Batliboi's Institute, Prescott Road, Fort, to-day (Saturday), at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Union a Public Debate will be held to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge, Near French Bridge. The Subject will be: "Divorce is a Feminist Fad." Dr. G. S. Ghurye will preside.

MATUNGA GUJARATI SEVA MANDAL

The third annual general meeting of the above Mandal will be held to-day (Saturday), at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the office (Nemchand-Nivas, Chandaverker Road). Prof. Vrajlal B. Chhaya will preside.

GHATKOPAR HINDU SABHA

The ordinary general meeting of Ghatkopar Hindu Sabha will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at the office of Sabha at 8-0 a.m.

"FUTURE OF DEMOCRACY"

Prof. R. Sadashiv Aiyar of the Khalasa College, Matunga will deliver under the auspices of the Dadar Vaktrituottejak Sabha a public lecture on "The Future of Democracy" to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. sharp in the C. L. Boys' High School Hall. Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhye will preside.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Yesterday I wrote on the lack of schools in the suburban area. To-day a correspondent draws my attention to "overtaxing" in suburban schools.

Writes my correspondent, not satisfied with the increase of school fees this year in most of our suburban schools, the school authorities are further taxing the purses of parents by enforcing the children to contribute towards other unnecessary amenities. For instance the school magazine is one item for which every child is forced to contribute." This I agree is essential, but should not be enforced on every child, for there are quite a number of cases when all the children of one family attend the same school and it is really foolhardy to waste money by every child contributing towards it. The most important item, writes my correspondent, is collection for Rectors Day or the feast of the Patron of a school. If there is to be a merry-making day why force the children to subscribe towards it, which means extra toll on the already heavily taxed purses of parents. Then besides this every month the parents are forced to give towards some item or the other.

HAWKER NUISANCE.

Is the hawker nuisance that is at present on the increase in the whole of the suburban area going to be controlled or not? Nothing seems to have been done yet though the press has commented a lot on it. In the beginning of the last month Government issued special regulations under Section 3 (1) (m) of the Bombay District Police Act iv of 1890 which deals with the hawker nuisance on the Juhu shore. Could not, I ask the same be done throughout the suburban area at least during certain hours of the day.

Indian Society Of Auditors & Accountants

The annual general meeting of the Indian Society of Accountants and Auditors was held on Friday in the Drawing Room of Hotel Majestic, Apollo Bunder, when Mr C. W. Lloyd presided.

In the course of his speech Mr. Lloyd commented on two important subjects arising from the Annual Report and Accounts of the Society for the year 1937. The developments which have taken place regarding the Indian Accountancy Board and the Governments draft scheme for introducing elective principle in the appointments to the said Board restrict eligibility for election to those persons who are on the list of Approved Accountants which disqualified about 80 per cent of Registered Accountants from election. The second is Government's proposal to consider the fixation of a minimum scale of charges to be made by Registered Accountants for professional work for which he remarked that as long as Registered Accountants did not take advantage of the fact that public Limited Companies were compelled to employ them by charging excessive fees, no interference from Government on this matter should be necessary. He also referred to the Committee's recommendation regarding preference to Registered Accountants when making appointments. He regretted, however, the absence of a provision in the Bill for the appointment of Independent Tribunals to revise orders of the Income-tax authorities

Concluding he thanked both the committee and sub-committee and particularly Mr. Adarbad and other joint secretaries

SUBURBAN CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

The second lecture on "The development of Socialist thought 'Marx and Engels" will be delivered by Mr. M. R Masani to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. at Mr. Ghia's Bungalow, Lajpatray Road Vile Parle (West.)

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association the following programme has been arranged to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Harmonium Solo by Mr. M. G. Tembe.

Mimicry by Mr. M. K. Padhye, B. A. of Film City.

Vocal and Instrumental Music by Master Navrang and Tabla accompaniment by Rambhao Bhorapker.

EDUCATION AND CITIZENSHIP

Prof. B. N. Seal, Professor, Elphinstone College will deliver a lecture on 'Education and Citizenship' in the M.K.N. Bhatia High School to-day (Saturday).

G. I. P. ACCOUNTS STAFF UNION

The annual general meeting of the G.I.P. Rly. Accounts Staff Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-15 p.m. in the Tiffin Rooms of the G.I.P. Rly. Accounts Department V.T. Bombay. Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. (Central) will preside.

FRENCH GIFT TO INDIAN 'VARSITIES

CALCUTTA, July 22.

The "United Press" authoritatively learns that eleven huge cases of books of French literature and science have been presented by the Consul-General, France, as gift from the French Republic to leading universities in India including Calcutta, Allahabad, Lucknow and Madras and one case to the Indian scholars of French Chandernagore.

This gift has been made to stimulate French studies in Indian educational institutions.

The gift to Calcutta University contains about 250 volumes.—United Press.

Settlement In Maintenance Suit

Dorothy Almeida wife of Joseph Victor Almeida made an application against her husband under section 488 for maintenance in the court of Mr. I. S. Haji Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

The applicant was married to the respondent on the 24th October 1932 at Goa. Her husband left the place in the month of December for Abadan where he was employed as cashier in Anglo-Persia Co. He received Rs. 250 as salary per month.

It was alleged that on the 4th September 1933 a girl was born to the applicant at Goa and the respondent later on stopped remittance for maintenance. She was therefore maintained by her mother at Goa.

When the respondent returned to Goa in 1933 for three weeks and returned he made no arrangement for her maintenance. Her evidence and the correspondence in the case abundantly show that she came to Bombay with her child to go to Abadan with the Respondent's brother named Franklin. But as her child had taken ill, she was prevented from proceeding to Abadan.

It appears from the correspondence of the Respondent that he did not believe that the child had really fallen ill. He therefore instructed his office in Bombay to cancel passage for his wife and her child. When the child got better she left the place with her own money and soon after her arrival there were quarrels over her long stay at Bombay. She narrated a woeful tale of miserable illtreatment.

The Presidency Magistrate Mr. I. S. Haji directed the Respondent to pay Rs. 50 as monthly allowance for the maintenance of the applicant. He also directed the Respondent to pay the first instalment on or before the 23-7-38 and thereafter month after month on or before the 10th. He further directed the Respondent to pay Rs. 50 as costs in this petition to the applicant.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1938

UNITED FRONT

The statement issued by Dr. Ambedkar regarding Federation, and his party's attitude to it will be welcomed for more reasons than one. In the first place it exposes once again the utterly retrograde and reactionary character of the Federal Constitution as adumbrated in the Government of India Act. Dr. Ambedkar divides his grounds of criticism under two heads: imperfections and inherent defects. But while the former may be improved or removed in the course of time through the growth of conventions, the latter being the very pith and marrow of the scheme cannot be scrapped until and unless the whole scheme is given an unceremonial burial. Dr. Ambedkar does not exagerate when he denounces the federal constitution as being wrong in conception and wrong in its basis, and when he appeals that it should be shunned as a deadly poison. Accepting it will be like the sowing of the Upas tree—a source of endless ills. The emphatic and timely assurance is given, therefore, by Dr. Ambedkar on behalf of the Independent Labour Party that it will never be a party to bartering away the country's freedom to grow to full nationhood, for the sake of a mess of pottage, by howsoever big a name it may be called."

Warning To Imperialists

We make a present of this very opportune pronouncement to Lord Willingdon and his fellow-Imperialists in Britain. Dr. Ambedkar does not belong to the Congress Party; he is in fact one of its most consistent and candid critics. The condemnation of Federation coming from such a quarter ought to remove the blinkers through which the ex-satrap and many other Imperial statesmen have been looking at the Indian problem. The proposed hybrid and monstrous scheme, let them beware, is without a friend in this country to-day. Even those to whom its parentage can be traced—the Knights of the Indian Round Table Conference—have disowned it in no uncertain terms. The Liberal Party has washed its hands of it long since. The Muslim League had never any love lost for federation. The Princes' actions have been more eloquent than their words and their negative policy of masterly inactivity has almost been as effective as making federation still-born as all the vocal opposition of British India. And finally never has the Indian National Congress been more opposed to Federation and more confident of its powers of successful resistance than it is today. Dr. Ambedkar is less than fair when he doubts the attitude of some of the older leaders "who are not after all so uncompromising in their opposition as the wording of the Congress resolution may lead one to suppose." That is a travesty of facts. The Congress will not touch the federal scheme with a pair of tongs —nay, not with a barge-pole.

No Compromise

Dr. Ambedkar's promise of a united front will, therefore, be acclaimed by all Nationalists. The present is verily a turning-point in the nation's history, as he avers, and if only India remains one and indivisible, the Federal part of the Government of India Act of 1935 is as good as buried "unwept, unhonoured and unsung." Britain dare not provoke a fresh crisis in the present international situation and even if she is so misguided as to ignore the writing on the wall, India will cheerfully face the ordeal. The only need of the hour is unity and it is to be hoped that Dr. Ambedkar's spontaneous stand will evoke an equally spontaneous support from other non-Congress parties and groups in the country. It goes without saying that all the radical elements as also the working class organisations will be ranged against federation. We know that Mr. Jinnah has been one of the most bitter critics of federation, since the time it was being forged in London and we have no doubt the All-India Muslim League will be uncompromising in its opposition to the Federation. The Congress will, of course, ever stand foursquare against the imposition of the proposed Federation. It stands for a Constitution of independent India framed by a Constituent Assembly.

A National Loss

India has lost a great industrialist, a great sportsman and a great gentleman in the unexpected death of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala at Aix-les-Baines on Thursday. A man of rich and varied achievements, his demise leaves a void which it will be literally impossible to fill. It can be said of the late Sir Nowroji, as of very few others, that he adorned whatever he touched. Whether it may be a business concern or a philanthropic undertaking, whether he was in the committee room—it is said that he was the chairman of twenty-five companies—or on the cricket field. Saklatvala was the same personality, unassuming yet conscientious, simple yet strict in the discharge of duty. He was at the head of the House of Tatas since the death of the late Mr. R. D. Tata. No ordinary shoulders could have borne the manifold responsibility that this position implies. If Sir Nowroji Saklatvala had done nothing more than follow the footsteps of his illustrious predecessors, he would have made his name and fame secure. But not only did he maintain the high traditions of Tatas, not only did he retain the leadership of that House in the Indian business world, but he actually extended the activities and heightened the prestige of the firm. His initiative and enterprise always sought to conquer "fresh fields and pastures new" and never did he display his foresight and vision to better purpose than when he decided to open the aviation department of Tatas!

It is a tribute as much to the public spirit as to the personal vitality of the late Sir Nowroji that inspite of all his business commitments, he should have found time for so much work in the field of sport and charity. His love for sport came only next to his devotion to duty and suffice it to say that the magnificent cricket stadium, which is the pride of Bombay, will itself remain as a monument to Sir Nowroji in the eyes of all who know the inner history of that scheme. The Bombay Presidency Olympic Association owed a good deal to his patronage and so did a number of other sporting enterprises. As Chairman of the Sir Dorabji Tata Trust, Sir Nowroji evinced remarkable discrimination and judgment in the distribution of the huge funds at his disposal. Charity, he knew, can prove as much a curse as a blessing, and while no deserving cause was denied help, he was never swayed by false ideas of philanthropy. As President of the Millowners' Association, as a member of the Bombay Legislative Council as also of the Central Assembly, as a delegate to the International Labour Conference at Geneva—in a hundred and one different capacities Sir Nowroji served the business community as also the country. This is not the place to expatiate upon his business achievements, but one cannot but mention the profit-sharing scheme which he only recently introduced at Jamshedpur. It is a very significant pointer to his vision and sympathy and viewed in a wider perspective that scheme will remain the greatest achievement of his career. We mourn the death of Sir Nowroji as a national loss and extend our warmest sympathies to the bereaved family.

SIR NOWROJI SAKLATWALA

An Appreciation

(By D. F. KARAKA).

It is difficult to sit down to write the obituary of a man one has known from one's earliest childhood. That is how I feel as I begin this last tribute to a man whom I know more as Nowroji Saklatwala rather than in any other capacity. His sad death at Aix-les-Bains takes away from our midst a man whom we had learnt to admire and respect.

It is not just the passing away of a great industrialist but of a fine gentleman. He was known to the business world as the Chairman of Tata's and as the director of many important concerns, but there was a far greater public that knew him as an example of a very dignified, unostentatious, quiet, unassuming genial personality which one instinctively liked.

"The Chairman."

The employees of Tatas were known to refer to him affectionately as "The Chairman". He was chairman of innumerable concerns. There was Tata Sons, the Iron and Steel Co., all the Hydro-Electric companies, all the Tata Mills, the Investment Corporation of India, the United Eastern Agencies, the Associated Cement Companies, the Consolidated Investment Trust, the New India Assurance Co., the Tata Oil Mill, the local board of the Imperial Bank of India, the Associated Building Co. and he was a director of the B. E. S. T. No wonder he was referred to as "The Chairman".

He was primarily a businessman. He had a sort of native talent for doing business. His method was a little more advanced than that of the average business man, for he believed in decentralising his power and of delegating work to those under him in whom he had confidence. That way he showed not only great faith in the staff under him, but also trained them to think and act for themselves. But that did not mean that he ceased to take an interest in them. He knew every detail of whatever was in his charge, but he preferred not to interfere where interference was not necessary. He hated the idea of exercising authority. He preferred to be always one among equals.

A Mills Man.

He was a mills man through and through. His knowledge of the working of a mill showed a most beautiful grasp of every detail connected with the industry. He had really worked "through the mill." That was the way he had been trained from the very start. It was only much later that he became so great an authority on the production of steel in this country, and the steadying influence he has brought to bear on the Iron and Steel Company does great credit to the man who was its Chairman. This gigantic structure which has its headquarters in Jamshedpur is the largest steel unit of its kind in the British Empire and is reckoned as one of the largest in the world.

A Good Capitalist.

Nowroji made a good capitalist. Labour respected him. He was largely responsible for the settlement of the great steel strike in 1928, and since then his attitude towards Labour has been very sympathetic. He has done a great deal on his own initiative for the workers of his own concerns. He began to push forward schemes for the advancement and the welfare of those who worked under him. There were benefits, retiring gratuities, profit-sharing bonuses and other such schemes which he introduced in his concerns, for which his staff must feel particularly grateful.

Though not a politician, he held strong nationalist views. He was an Indian at heart, as he should have been. More than any other person, he realised that his concerns should be Indian controlled. It was significant that under his Chairmanship, the first Indian General Manager of the Iron and Steel Company was appointed. But he faithfully avoided politics proper. He was content to take the interest in world affairs which a man in his position would take, without expressing opinions or giving allegiance to one party or the other.

In a representative capacity he went to Geneva and to the Assembly at Delhi, where he put forward the point of view of the millowners and the employees with the clarity of a clear-thinking businessman. He was himself chairman of the Millowners' Association as far back as 1916.

A Great Sportsman.

That was Nowroji Saklatwala, the business man. But there was another side to this great magnate of our time. He was a great sportsman as well. Even now he was as deeply concerned about the result of a cricket match as he was about anything else. He was moreover, the Chairman of the

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 6).

MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS' BILL

In Defence Of Homoeopathy

(By Dr. S. R. Pathak, M. B., B. S.)

The science of medicine is the only science in which one finds different kinds of systems, with the same object in view, viz., healing the sick. Though these are called systems, they are in fact different methods or modes of treating the various diseases. In India there are four systems in which substances which are considered to be medicinal are used. In the other systems like Hydropathy, Electropathy, Naturopathy, etc., natural forces like water, electricity, dieting, light, etc., are utilized to combat the diseases.

The four systems in India in which medicinal substances are used are the Allopathic, the Ayurvedic, the Unani and the Homoeopathic systems. The Ayurvedic system is a very ancient system that originated in India and was marvellously advanced by our Rishis. The Unani and the Allopathic systems are the offshoots of Ayurveda. In a general sense there is not much difference in these systems as regards the actual giving of medicines in diseases. Homoeopathy alone fundamentally differs from these systems in the preparation and administration of its medicines.

Dominance Of Allopathy

Allopathy is an officially recognized system in all the civilized nations of the world and for obvious reasons it has become also the State recognized system in India. The Ayurvedic and the Unani Systems were up to this time considered unscientific, though they were the indigenous systems and millions of people were solely treated according to these, successfully before the encroachment of the Allopathic system; and even in spite of the dominance of the Allopathic system, they have not lost their popularity. Now at the touch of the magic wand of Government these systems are going to be scientific and are going to be recognized as official systems in the Province of Bombay.

The principles of Homoeopathy were known and included in Ayurveda. But Homoeopathy as a system was originated and placed on a sound basis by Dr. Hahnemann in Germany more than a hundred years ago. Side by side with other systems Homoeopathy also has been gaining ground and popularity in India.

Why There Are Different Systems

Now the question arises as to why there should be different modes or ways in the science of medicine alone for achieving the goal. The answer is not very difficult. Other sciences such as Physics, Chemistry, Astronomy, etc., deal with the material world which is governed by fixed laws. On the other hand, medical science has to deal with the human body—a structure of material substance united with 'life,' which is immaterial or elusive. Man has reached the highest stage of development especially in the intellectual and emotional spheres. We are still in the dark about the Chemistry or Physics of life. This unknown factor 'life' dominates the material body. Medical science, therefore, has to deal with the known factors as well as the unknown factor and this unknown quantity frustrates its efforts and theories many a time.

If the Allopathic, Ayurvedic and the Unani systems had been in themselves sufficient to cure the various diseases in various different patients, there would have been no necessity of inventing other methods of treatment. Even an allopathic doctor with the august letters of M.D., M. R. C. P., F. R. C. S., etc., after his name, will have to admit that he leaves 60 per cent. of cases uncured. Of these 60 per cent of cases, more than 50 per cent. of cases are not strictly considered to be incurable. Then, where are these 50 per cent. cases to look for relief? Naturally, men had to find out new ways and methods to give relief to such suffering people. All the other systems like Homoeopathy, Osteopathy, Hydropathy, Naturopathy, Chromopathy and Electropathy, are the outcome of the investigation of thinking men exploring on this line. Each of these systems is beneficial in its own way to suffering humanity. Each of these systems can be considered as a speciality in therapeutics.

Popularity Of Homoeopathy

There are very few people in India who have studied these other systems except Homoeopathy, which is practised by a large number of people. Homoeopathy, in spite of the two indigenous systems and dominance of the official Allopathic system, is steadily becoming better known as well as more and more popular; and this is due entirely to its intrinsic merit. It is encouraged by the people and by the results and not by the Government. The history of Homoeopathy shows that it gained ground not only in Europe but in America also by its sheer merit. The medical bureaucracy tried their best by legal means to crush it ruthlessly in its infancy. But in the teeth of such laws Homoeopathy not only survived, but grew and is still growing.

As has been said before, the science of medicine has to deal with a living organism which has a two-fold aspect—one material, and the other spiritual or vital. In treating a disease Allopathy, Ayurveda and Unani take into consideration only the material aspect. These systems of medicine have nothing to do with the vital factor. Homoeopathy alone takes into consideration the vital side along with the material side. Homoeopathy uses healthy human beings for experiments in finding out the drug effects.

Its Unique Feature

Again, these drugs are given not only in their material form, but also in their potentized and almost immaterial or spiritual form. By the unique method of potentization a drug is lifted from its material form to that of the infinitesimal—immaterial or spiritual form. By experiments with the material as well as immaterial form, the actions of drugs are revealed in their different aspects. The experiments show how the drug affects the individual human being as a whole; and how it affects the mind and

(Continued on Page 15, Col. 2).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

The British Royal visit has been utilised, rather irrelevantly, by the Japanese for gushing and fulsome flattery of Great Britain. The King and Queen have been described in the Press "in honorofic terms usually reserved for the Emperor and Empress of Japan." The Japanese circles are, therefore literally correct in regarding all this as "the highest compliment it is possible to pay." This palpable flattery betrays the motive quite obviously, which is to put Japan right with Great Britain. The change over from hectoring impudence towards Britain to fulsome flattery is significant. Japan in her desperate straits is manoeuvring for the goodwill of Great Britain and her support in pursuing the present aggressive policy towards China. Japan believes that Britain can help her as that country has helped the Fascist Powers of Europe.

CHAMBERLAIN'S ATTITUDE.

The belief, we are afraid, is not quite unjustified. A bribe was hinted at some time ago in the shape of an assurance that British interests in Chinese territory conquered by Japan will be quite safe. That hint is obviously doing its work. An obliging Tory suggested to the British Prime Minister in Parliament that Britain is "sceptical of Japanese good intentions regarding British interests," and that, therefore, the Japanese Prime Minister should be personally informed "that British opinion might be considerably modified, were they to receive satisfactory replies to the representations they had made on various matters of protest." And the Prime Minister expressed his agreement with this view! Here is an instance of a base and treacherous deal being attempted in public and quite openly. It means that, if assurances of British interests being safeguarded are forthcoming, Britain will be quite indifferent to Japanese aggression despite international obligation and League of Nations' declarations sponsored by Britain herself.

A SUDDEN CHANGE

The Czech Government's Minorities Statute provides for the division of the country into four separate provinces and parliaments. Complete autonomy has been granted to each with State finance. Foreign Policy and Defence are reserved to the National Assembly. This is Federation as advocated by the pro-German Cliveden group led by Lord Lothian. But it is doubtful if the Czech Nazis will exactly welcome this constitution based on a perfectly natural division of provinces. It remains to be seen how Herr Henlein and his party react to it. In the meantime what is of the utmost significance is the report that Herr Hitler has suddenly assumed a compromising mood, evidently as a result of Captain Wiedemann's conversations with Lord Halifax. Is there a "realistic" deal in the background?

CANTON MAYOR'S APPEAL

The office of the All-India Congress Committee has received a communication from the Mayor of Canton which deserves the immediate attention by all heads of Corporations and Municipalities in India. Describing how the civilian population of Canton—and for that matter of every important town in China—has been subjected to ruthless bombing by Japan, the Mayor appeals that protests should be made in the name of humanity against Japanese air raids. As the Mayor says: "I feel interest in mankind as a whole. Mayors of all cities in the world should know of the continuous horrors here and join in the strong protests against massacres." We fully and earnestly endorse this appeal and we sincerely hope that all Municipalities in India including the Bombay Corporation will immediately respond to it as a sacred and humanitarian duty. We are glad to note that, in this connection, Calcutta and Gaya have already given the lead.

DISTRESSINGLY AWKWARD

There seems to be really something much more in the sensational advent and exit of the Shami Pir than has been allowed to meet the eye. Otherwise the "Islah," the official organ of the Afghan Government, would not commit itself to unrestrained criticism and complaint. We published its comment yesterday. The paper alleges that the Shami Pir was a kind of Colonel Lawrence—and who does not know the activities of Colonel Lawrence in the Near East—and that he was one of a series of men who had tried to foment trouble in Afghanistan. The object, it alleges, of these persons is that Afghanistan should not make any progress and that any step in that direction should be condemned as reactionary and then the paper bluntly asserts that this is an object "for which British papers are regularly making propaganda." And finally, arising out of these allegations and protests that international obligations were ignored in protecting the Shami Pir and spiriting him away in the safety of an R.A.F. 'plane, there is the defiant note. "But the enemies of Afghanistan should realise that our country cannot easily be annihilated or effaced." All this coming from an official organ of a very friendly Government is most distressing. But it is also uncomfortably significant. Will not the British Government, at least through their subordinate branch in Simla, throw some light on the actual facts?

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Desire is several leaps ahead of possession.

* * * *

No man ever became too shiftless to give advice.

* * * *

If kissing cured indigestion everybody would have dyspepsia.

* * * *

Don't take Time by the forelock until he discards his scythe.

* * * *

If there is nothing in a man he is not on the visiting list of opportunity.

* * * *

A man doesn't necessarily have to wait until he is 40 to become a fool or a physician.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

"There are many Col. Lawrences in the shape of Shami Pir, the traitor, who, in order to attain their avaricious intentions, assume different names and appear surprisingly enough. It will be remembered that some years ago Tor Malang, Puk and Lakki played a similar role like the present Shami Pir, in the frontiers of Afghanistan."

—"Islah," Official organ of the Government of Afghanistan.

* * * *

The Mayor of Canton has appealed to his fellow-Mayors in India to protest against the indiscriminate bombing of civilian populations by the Japanese.

We hope His Worship the Mayor of Bombay will respond to this appeal unless he is too busy cabling the congratulations of Bombay citizens to the latest recipients of British Honours:

President Lebrun of France and some of his Ministers.

* * *

A telegram of congratulations has been sent to Dr. Khare on having "smashed" the "Tammany-Hall" bossdom of the Congress High Command. It also fervently calls upon Dr. Khare to "be a Premier" without reference to the Congress.

The comedy of the telegram is that it is signed by Doctor Ambedkar and two members of that believe-it-or-not curiosity of organisation, the Indian Liberal Federation.

* * * *

By the way, it would be rather interesting to know what reply the embarrassed and overwhelmed Doctor Khare gave to these enthusiasts.

* * * *

KHARE HAS MADE HISTORY.
—Headline.

He has.

And now the Congress has to go through the bother of undoing it

* * *

The U.P. Muslim League has issued a circular that members of the League should not accept offices in Zemindar, Kisan and Labour movement organisations.

The circulariser was going to ban membership really, but he suddenly remembered that he had to include—if only for the sake of appearances—the Zamindar movement organisation.

* * * *

"Legal quibbles," says Mr. A. R. Siddiqui, a Bengal member of the Muslim League Working Committee, "have been the bane of Indian politics."

League circles, it is understood, welcome this observation as a compliment to the Leader.

* * *

"We seem," continues Mr. Siddiqui, "to lose the substance for the shadow and have missed the bus on many a critical occasion in the past....."

As, in short, witness the correspondence between the Leader and Jawaharlal.

* * *

Mr. Siddiqui's view is that the door to further negotiations should not be closed and that a correct lead should come from Wardha.

Even eminent Muslim Leaguers look to Wardha for the correct lead.

* * *

Herr Hitler has returned from Berchtesgaden and gone to Munich.

So there will be peace for some time—unless he decides to go back for the week-end.

* * *

It is suggested from Berlin that "the Reich Government are not so adamant in their demand for satisfaction on behalf of Sudeten Germans as formerly, but would now accept a compromise solution."

Why? What assurances—and promises—has Captain Wiedemann brought from London?

* * *

A TEA-TIME THOUGHT—

"I suppose that the last of the dinosaurs to survive thought it was muddling through quite nicely."

—H. G. WELLS.

* * *

The train was going through one of the longest tunnels in the country. A little girl, who had never been in a train before, couldn't understand what was happening.

As they emerged into daylight, she suddenly burst out: "Is it to-morrow now, mummy?"

Fourth Test Match

England Puts Up Poor Show At Leeds

ALL OUT FOR 223

Australian Bowlers Work Havoc With Leather

England (1st Innings) 223
Australia (1st Innings for 1 wicket) 32

At the close of play, on Friday, in the fourth Test Match, at Leeds, England were all out for 223 and Australia had made 32 for the loss of 1 wicket.

HAMMOND'S VALUABLE 76

Hammond, the English skipper, contributed a valuable 76, at a stage, when it was badly needed.

BOWLING HONOURS

O'Reilly and Fleetwood-Smith shared the bowling honours, the former dismissing 5 English batsmen at the cost of 66 runs, while the latter's bag was 3 for 73.

LONDON, July 22.

The Headingley wicket lived up to its reputation. Before lunch the trickiness of the wicket presented batsmen unexpected difficulties and presumably the overwatered pitch gave bowlers some assistance, even shortuns from McCormick not rising more than stump high. Stroke-making, therefore, called for the greatest skill. Hammond was seen in a spell of glorious batting and was at his best. After lunch his strokes were particularly masterly, cutting and driving in inimitable fashion. He used his feet cleverly to play slowuns.

BRILLIANT FIELDING.

Wright, in brief hectic spell, showed that even the bowling of O'Reilly and Fleetwood-Smith could be punished if the batsmen were courageous enough to have a go. Australians bowled like a winning side. O'Reilly proved the greatest menace and was splendidly supported in fielding, which apart from two early blemishes, was brilliant. Bradman preserved spinners for judicious spells and immediately he found the wicket responsive to spin.

DETAILS OF PLAY

At Leeds, where the fourth Test match began to-day, the weather was fine and dull and the wicket excellent. There were very long queues waiting for admission from 4 a.m. and the ground was almost filled at 10 a.m.

England won the toss and elected to bat.

DISASTROUS START.

The crowd numbered 25,000 at the start.

The batsmen were cautious but made disastrous start Edrich being bowled by O'Reilly for 12 and Hardstaff being run out for 4, when the score was 34.

ENGLAND'S INNINGS.

Barnett and Edrich opened England's innings to the bowling of McCormick and Waite. Keeping very good length Australian bowlers were swinging the ball disconcertingly and there were numerous maiden overs.

Barnett was dropped by O'Reilly at square-leg at 6 and again by Brown at second slip at 11 Edrich was bowled off his pads by O'Reilly with a fast offbreak for 12 (29—1—12). The innings had then lasted for 55 minutes and Barnett was batting with 16 to his credit.

Hardstaff joined Barnett and edged Waite to the boundary, but in the next over, he was run out for 4, Hassett having made a very accurate return from mid-on. (34—2—4).

O'Reilly's figures at this stage, were 11 overs, 8 maidens, 4 runs and 1 wicket. McCormick pegged down the batsmen to defence though Barnett hit him to the off-boundary.

Hammond, who had joined Barnett, sent up 50 of the innings in 100 minutes.

At lunch the score was 62 for 2 wickets, Barnett and Hammond batting with 25 and 14 respectively.

It is learnt during the interval that the boundary which Hammond scored from no ball from McCormick had been registered as 4 no balls.

This was rectified thus Hammond's score being 18.

On resumption after lunch the crowd increased to 30,000.

The Princess Royal was present.

Hammond became aggressive and hit Fleetwood-Smith twice to the boundary and sent a no ball from McCormick in the latters first over for 6. He reached 26 when the play had lasted for 20 minutes after lunch. Just then Barnett mis-timed McCormick and sent up a skier, which Barnett easily accepted at the wicket. Barnett scored 30 (88—3—30).

Hammond and Paynter were batting with 40 and 1 respectively, with the total at 90 for 3 wickets.

HAMMOND BRILLIANT.

Hammond continued to bat in a brilliant form and reached his individual 50 in 100 minutes. He had, then 1 six and 6 fours to his credit.

102 of the innings was hoisted in 160 minutes. The refreshment—break was taken at 142.

HAMMOND OUT FOR 76.

In the first over after this Hammond played outside to a turning ball from O'Reilly and was bowled for 76 (142—4—76).

Hammond played a glorious innings lasting for 140 minutes and hit 1 six and 10 fours. The fourth wicket partnership between Hammond and Paynter helped to add 56 runs in 60 minutes. Paynter had then scored 28 in 85 minutes.

Compton joined Paynter

Just then there was a double change in the bowling, Fleetwood-Smith and O'Reilly both returning after some rest, when the score was 168.

Three runs later Fleetwood-Smith met with success, when Paynter was stumped by Barnett for 28 (171—5—28).

In the next over, Compton was bowled middle-stump by O'Reilly for 14 (171—6—14.)

PLAY AFTER TEA.

Price, playing forward, edged the ball in O'Reilly's first over after tea and was caught by McCabe for 0 (172—7—0.)

This brought Verity and Wright together. Playing a plucky game Wright, scored 10 in one over off O'Reilly and sending Fleetwood-Smith to the on boundary sent up 200 of the innings when it had lasted for 280 minutes, 13 runs later he was out to a catch at mid-off by Fingleton off Fleetwood-Smith for 22 (213—8—22.) Wright took 25 minutes for his 22. Fingleton claimed another victim when off the same bowler he held Farnes for 2 (215—9—2.)

Bowes, who joined Verity, was clean bowled by O'Reilly for 3.

Verity remained not out with 25 out of a total of 223. The innings lasted for 5 hours.

AUSTRALIAN INNINGS.

The Australians batted for 45 minutes before the stumps were drawn.

Fingleton and Brown opened for Australia to the bowling of Farnes and Bowes. Farness was hostile and almost bowled Fingleton. Brown was also uncomfortable against the bowling. Wright relieved Bowes at 28 and met with an instant success when Brown mis-timed a long-hop on his first ball and was clean bowled for 22 (28—1—22). Fingleton and Barnett, were batting with 9 and 1 respectively, with the total at 32 for 1 wicket at the close of play on Friday.

SCORES.

ENGLAND (1ST INNINGS.)

Barnett, c Barnett, b McCormick	30
Edrich, b O'Reilly	12
Hardstaff, (run out)	4
Hamond, b O'Reilly	76
Paynter, (st.) Barnett, b Fleetwood-Smith	28
Compton, b O'Reilly	14
Price, c McCabe, b O'Reilly	0
Verity, (not out)	25
Wright, c Fingleton, b Fleetwood-Smith	22
Farnes, c Fingleton, b Fleetwood-Smith	2
Bowes, b O'Reilly	3
Extras	7
Total	223

FALL OF WICKETS.

1/29; 2/34; 3/88; 4/142; 5/171; 6/171; 7/172; 8/213; 9/215 and 10/223.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McCormick	20	6	45	1
Waite	18	7	31	0
O'Reilly	34.1	17	66	5
Fleetwood-Smith	25	7	73	3
McCabe	1	1	0	0

AUSTRALIA (1ST INNINGS.)

Fingleton, (Batting)	9
Brown, b Wright	22
Barnett, (Batting)	1
Total (for 1 wkt.)	32

Hitler's Movements

MUNICH, July 21.

Herr Hitler motored from Berchstesgaden to Munich in the afternoon and had tea at the House of German Art

Capt. Wiedemann arrived in Munich by air from Berlin at the same time.—Reuter.

STRENGTH OF "ENTENTE CORDIALE"

PARIS, July 22.

The King and Queen left Paris this morning on the conclusion of a triumphant three day visit, which demonstrated tremendous strength of "Entente Cordiale." They went by train to Villers-Brentneu near Amiens, where the King early in the afternoon will unveil the Australian war memorial overlooking the Somme battlefield.

After the ceremony Their Majesties will entrain for Calais where they will board the yacht "enchantress" for Dover at 17/30 (B.S.T.) They are due in London at 21/15 hours.

HORE-BELISHA AT AMIENS.

Mr. Hore-Belisha, accompanied by Viscount Gorth and their respective military assistants, arrived at Amiens by air to attend the unveiling. They will lunch with Gen. Gamelin, the French Chief of Staff for National Defence, whereafter informal conversations be held. Subsequently Mr. Hore-Belisha and Viscount, Gorth will go to Paris until Sunday evening. Mr. Hore-Belisha's visit is described as private.—Reuter.

KING UNVEILS ANZAC MEMORIAL

WILLERSBRETTONEUX, July 22.

The King, performing the final act in France before leaving for London, unveiled the Anzac Memorial for the 70,000 Australians killed in Great War. Four guards of trumpeters sounded a fanfare as the huge Australian flag covering the central tower fluttered to the ground.

Then His Majesty, escorted by the Australian officers with drawn swords, inspected a Guard of Honour by Autralian ex-servicemen, many of whom are living in France, working as gardeners in war cemeteries.—Reuter.

THEIR MAJESTIES LEAVE FOR LONDON

PARIS, July 22.

"Please give the Princesses a kiss from France"—These were the last words President Lebrun addressed to the Queen as Their Majesties left Villers-Bretonneux 'en route' to London.

Before leaving France, the King sent a message to President Lebrun expressing on behalf of Queen and himself heartiest thanks.

Their Majesties sailed from Calais at 5-30 p.m. in the "Enchantress".—Reuter.

JUDGMENT IN NUFFIELD CASE

Thornton Gets 7 Years' Penal Servitude

LONDON: July 22.

Thornton was found guilty of all the four counts and sentenced to seven years' penal servitude on the charge of possessing pistols and ammunition with intent to endanger life.

On the other three charges of inciting Major Ramsden to conspire to kidnap Lord Nuffield, to assault and falsely imprison him, to compel Lord Nuffield to execute a letter of credit with intent to defraud, Thornton was sentenced to two years' imprisonment on each charge, the sentences running concurrently.—Reuter.

JAWAHAR TO ADDRESS AMERICAN DELEGATES

PARIS: July 22.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this afternoon talks at the American Delegates' Conference in connection with the supply of medical goods to Republican Spain.

Mr. Krishna Menon, who accompanied Pandit Nehru to Spain, told "Reuter" that the valuable information gained during their visit would be forwarded to India to be used in connection with the supply of Indian medical aid to China.

Pandit Nehru was unable to see Dr. Wellington Koo to-day, but he will probably see him on Monday. He visited the Soviet Embassy to make arrangements to visit the U. S. S. R., which he expects to make in September.—Reuter.

"THREE MUSKETEERS" THANKED

Punjab Premier On Agricultural Money-lenders' Bills Passage

SIMLA, July 22.

The strenuous session of Punjab Legislative Assembly which commenced on June 20 last came to close to-day with the passage of the Agricultural Money-lenders' Bill.

Other measures passed in this session include the Punjab Land Alienation Amendment Bill, Registration of Money-lenders' Bill and Restitution of Mortgaged Lands Bill.

Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, the Premier, while replying to the debate on the third reading of the Agricultural and Money-lenders' Bill to-day paid compliments to the "Three Musketeers", Sir G. C. Narang, Mr. Mukundalal Puri and Munshi Harilal (Congress), who had opposed the measures but whose criticisms and amendments resulted in the improvement of the Bills.—United Press.

Protest Against Punjab "Black Bills"

GURDASPUR, July 22.

At a largely attended conference of the non-agriculturists held here, resolutions strongly protesting against the 'Black Bills' and requesting the Governor of the Punjab and the Viceroy to refuse assent to the Bills were passed.—United Press.

KARACHI.—Mr. Rewashanker M. Pancholi, of the Empire Talkie Distributors, returned to Karachi by the K.L.M. air liner after an extensive tour of the United States of America, England and the Continent.

Japanese Threat To Soviet

MOSCOW, July 22.

A threat by Japan to use force unless the Soviet troops are withdrawn from Changkufeng hill on the Soviet-Manchukuo border is reported to have been made by the Japanese Ambassador, Shigemitsu, when he called on M. Litvinoff.

The latter insisted that the disputed region was Soviet territory, and cited the map attached to the treaty of Changchun, 1869, in support of it.—Reuter.

POPE IN CONFLICT WITH FASCISTS

CASTEL GANDOLFO July 22

"Exaggerated nationalism' and racialism were denounced as "unchristian and inhuman by the Pope addressing Roman Catholic teachers.

As the Fascist Party had just adopted a policy of racialism the Pope thus comes into conflict with Signor Mussolini.—Reuter.

SPANISH REFUGEES KILLED

VALENCIA, July 22.

Thirty-three refugees, women children and old people, who were being evacuated from a village near the Frontiline were killed in an air-raid on the Teruel-Sagunto Road. Seventy-five Nationalist war 'planes participated but a single bomb caused the casualties.—Reuter.

75 Congressmen Arrested

President, Vice-President And Jt. Secretary Of Delhi Provincial Congress Committee Among Arrested: Sequel To Hartal Against Repressive Policy

NEW DELHI, July 22.

Thirty-eight Congress workers, including Shrimati Durga Vohra, President of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee, Maulana Imdad Sabri, Joint Secretary, D.P.C.C., and Shrimati Parvati Devi, Vice-President, Delhi and Provincial Congress Committee, were arrested this morning in Subzimandi while persuading some shopkeepers to close their shops in connection with a local hartal announced for to-day by the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee to protest against the alleged repressive policy of the local Government.

The City is observing almost complete hartal in the chief market centres and the bazaars except for Nabi Karim where the hartal is partial.

Tonga and thela drivers have also joined in the hartal and the Birla Mill and the Delhi Cloth Mills could not start work this morning on account of the absence of workers.

At Subzemandi some shopkeepers opened their shops this morning and when the Congress workers approached them and persuaded them to close their shops, they refused to do so. At that time the police arrived at the spot and arrested Congress workers without any disturbance.—A.P.

ANOTHER VERSION

75 Arrested So Far

NEW DELHI, July 22.

According to Congress version, about 75 were arrested so far while they were engaged in requesting shopkeepers to suspend business. The Deputy Superintendent of Police informed the "United Press" that the number of arrest so far is 58.

It appears the local Congress committees have decided to offer 'satyagraha' as long the police persist in arresting peaceful picketers.—United Press.

SUMMARY TRIALS IN IMPROVISED COURT

NEW DELHI, July 22.

All the persons arrested this morning in connection with the 'hartal' are being summarily tried in batches of four at an improvised court set up in Sabzimandi police premises.

Mr. K. L. Kapur, First Class Magistrate, convicted the first batch under Section 7 of the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act and sentenced them to pay a fine of Rs. 25/- each in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

The accused, who pleaded not guilty, refused to pay fine and courted imprisonment.

No further arrests have so far been made.—United Press.

ANOTHER BATCH SENTENCED

NEW DELHI, July 22.

Mr. K. L. Kapur, first class magistrate, tried summarily another batch of 29 persons arrested this morning and sentenced them, under Section 7, Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act, to pay fines ranging from Rs. 10 to Rs. 22, in default simple imprisonment ranging from two weeks to one month. All accused have been placed in the "C" class, pending the decision of individual cases on merits.

The magistrate took a lenient view in the case of Shrimati Durgavati Vora whose marriage has been fixed for next week with Mr. Jogesh Chandra Chatterjee, ex-Kakori case prisoner. She has been sentenced to one week's simple imprisonment.

ALLEGATION AGAINST POLICE

Shrimati Parvati Devi, one of the seven women vounteers convicted, alleged, in the course of her statement, that while being arrested she had been roughly handled by a police officer, who caught her by the shoulder.—United Press.

Shops Closed In Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 22.

In connection with the 'hartal' to-day, shops in Chandni Chowk, Kharibaoli, Sadar Bazar and other business centres remained closed. A large number of Muslim shops were also closed for the day. Several local mills and factories including the Delhi Cloth Mill and the Birla Cotton Mills were closed.—United Press

SERMON OF LIBERTY FROM EVERY PULPIT

LYALLPUR, July 21.

"Let one sermon and one sermon alone—the sermon of liberty—be preached from the pulpits of every mosque and mandir."

Thus observed Dr. S. D. Kitchlew, at a public meeting at Toba Teksing held under the auspices of the local Congress Committee.

Continuing Dr. Kitchlew made an earnest appeal for Hindu-Muslim unity and said that unless they were all united, not only would they themselves remain in bondage but would be indirectly responsible for keeping many other countries in the grips of British Imperialism.

Dr. Kitchlew also quoted the Holy Quoran to tell his co-religionists that to remain a subject nation was un-Islamic and a crime too.—United Press.

Jaipur Military Enter Sikar

CITY PREPARES TO WELCOME MAHARAJA

Rao Raja Expresses "Relief And Satisfaction"

SIKAR, July 22.

Following yesterday's deliberations and opening of the Surajpole Gate, police and military entered Sikar to-day and occupied the Gate and Garh.

The Rajputs are understood to have locked their arms in a room. They have been allowed to carry their swords on their person.

Preparations are afoot to accord the Maharaja of Jaipur a welcome when he visits Sikar. The people appear to be calm and shops are partially opened, and it is expected normal conditions will return after the Maharaja's arrival. It is understood that State authorities have lifted the ban on the entry of foodstuffs and other materials into the city.

Mr. Young has left for Jaipur this morning.

Relief For Rao Raja

On learning that the City gates have been opened and also on hearing of the Maharaja's visit to Sikar the Rao Raja of Sikar is understood to have telegraphed to the Public Committee of Sikar that he was delighted and advising them to accord a royal reception to the Maharaja.

Interviewed, the Rao Raja expressed great relief and satisfaction at the return to normal conditions.—A. P.

Jaipur Ruler For Rao Raja's City

AJMER, July 22.

On hearing the news that the city gates have been opened and learning about His Highness the Maharaja of Jaipur's proposed visit to Sikar, the Rao Raja is understood to have sent a telegram to the Public Committee to-day that he was delighted and advising them to accord a right royal reception to His Highness the Maharaja.

The Rao Raja has also elegraphed to the Rao Rani asking her to advise the Sikar subjects to give His Highness a royal reception.

Interviewed, the Rao Raja expressed much relief and satisfaction at the opening of gates and the return of normal conditions.—A.P.

JAWAHAR ON CHOICE BEFORE BRITAIN

(Continued from Page 1)

ing with Congress attitude towards international affairs, Congress attitude towards Socialists and Congress attitude towards Federation on the invitation of Editors of three journals here.

He also finished his correspondence which included writing to various people thanking them for their unfailing courtesy and kindness during his stay here.

At the station he was garlanded on behalf of India League. Pundit Nehru presented to his secretary a parcel of "teel-gool"—sweets recently received from India—which she enthusiastically shared with a large gathering of Nehru's friends and admirers. When railway porter received them he said "Blimey, the're better than chewing gum."

I understand Nehru will very soon go to Munich as he is particularly interested in visiting the world famous Deutsch Museum.

I understand Sir Zafrullah Khan will soon be meeting the Egyptian Government officials who are at present in London to discuss Indo-Egyptian trade relations.

JAWAHAR IN PARIS

To Meet Chinese And Soviet Ambassadors

PARIS, July 22.

Pandit Nehru who is expected to stay here for three or four days arrived this morning for the weekend International Conference on the bombing of open towns.

Pandit Nehru is seeing a number of friends in the morning and is expected to see the Chinese and Soviet Ambassadors in the afternoon.—Reuter.

LONDON, July 21.

Pandit Nehru left for Paris to-night, accompanied by his daughter Miss Indira. Those present at the station included Miss Agatha Harrison. A bouquet of flowers was presented to Pandit Nehru by the India League.

Pandit Nehru said he was returning to London in September.—Reuter.

U. S. DEMANDS COMPENSATION

WASHINGTON, July 22.

Mr. Cordell Hull has sent a Note to Mexico stressing the United States demand for adequate and prompt compensation for agrarian properties owned by Americans, which, were seized by the Mexican Government. Declaring the seizure unlawful confiscation, the Note proposes that the Governments submit the question to arbitration. It is estimated that a million acres of American-owned land in Mexico have been seized in recent years.—Reuter.

FEATURES OF DELHI HARTAL

Big Procession And Public Meeting

NEW DELHI, July 22.

A big procession of 10,000 people, taken from the Clock Tower was one of the features of the hartal being observed in the city. The procession after passing through the main thoroughfares terminated at Queen's Garden, where a big meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Nooruddin Behari, President of the Delhi District Congress Committee. It was addressed by several prominent speakers who criticised the repressive policy of the local Government.

The meeting then adopted a resolution protesting against the suppression of Civil liberties and the "despotic rule of the Chief Commissioner."

The meeting further urged the introduction of full responsible Government for Delhi.—United Press.

INDIAN ARTISTE WEDS HUNGARIAN PHYSICIAN

(From Our Correspondent.)

BUDAPEST: July 22.

Miss Amrita Shergill, the talented Indian artiste from Simla married here Victor, the Hungarian physician.

PRUDENT LADIES

In England and France always keep handy a bottle of Dr. Patterson's Pills of British manufacture to END DELAY directly they get suspicious. These famous pills in France known as REGELATEUR POUR LE DAMES, succeed where quinine and ergot fail. Sold in three strengths in originally sealed bottles at Rs. 2-4, Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 5 per bottle of 72. The last strength is for obstinate cases. BRIJMOHAN & CO., Sir P. Mehta, Rd., BOMBAY I. 'Phone: 30230. Literature Free.

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No Peace As Long As Imperialism Lasts

JAWAHAR'S CALL FOR UNITED FRONT AGAINST REACTION

Myth Of Empire Masquerading As Commonwealth Of Nations Exposed

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, July 15. (By Air Mail)

Following is the text of the speech which Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru delivered to-night at Friends House, Euston Road; as chairman of the Conference on Peace and Empire which was attended by over 300 delegates representing progressive, democratic and liberal organisations and over 600 visitors. The Conference was also addressed by Sir Stafford Cripps. Both the speakers were cheered frequently for the sentiments they expressed

JAWAHARLAL'S ADDRESS

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru said:—

On the invitation of the India League and the London Federation of Peace Councils, we are meeting here in conference to consider the problems of Peace and Empire. Peace and Empire—it is a curious combination of words and ideas which have little in common with each other, and which are indeed fundamentally opposed to each other. And yet it was a happy idea which conceived this conference and named it so, for the essence of the problem of Peace to-day is the problem of Empire. So long as Empire and the imperialist idea endure, there can be no true or lasting peace. We may have periods when open war between States does not take place, but even then there is no peace, and conflict continues as well as preparation for war. There is conflict between imperialist States and between the dominating Power and the subject people, and between classes. For the very basis of the imperialist State is coercion of subject peoples and their exploitation. Inevitably this is resented and attempts are made to overthrow this domination. On this basis no peace can be founded.

Forget Petty Differences.

Delegates from many organisations have gathered here and they may represent varying views. But I take it that they all agree that peace is necessary in this distracted world and that this peace must be established on an enduring and just basis. I imagine that they are also in agreement on this that imperialism is the enemy of peace and must, therefore, be swept away. I would suggest that we should keep these two fundamental propositions before us and not be diverted into arguments on minor points or debate side-issues, which though sometimes important, cannot be allowed to distract attention from the main issue. We have to face an extraordinarily difficult and complex situation when the embattled legions of Fascist reaction threaten the world and are often encouraged and supported by other imperialist Governments. The reactionary forces of the world gather together and consolidate themselves, and in order to face them and check them we must also forget our petty differences and hold together.

Gleam of Hope.

Indeed, out of the horror that we have gone through and are witnessing to-day, the brightest gleam of hope comes to us from this sinking of petty differences among the progressive forces of the world and the building up of united fronts to resist reaction and fascist and imperialist aggression. National unity has been achieved in this way and an international solidarity grows up. China has shown us the way to build up this national unity and the united people of China are fighting heroically against the invader who has brought death to hundreds of thousands and terrible destruction to that ancient land. In Spain a unity among all progressive forces has resisted, in a way little short of miraculous, the foreign invader and the reactionary. All over the world people have watched these struggles with anxious sympathy and have been drawn closer to each other and we see the united front of the world rising up before our eyes. Even the people of India, with all their own problems, have been drawn by sympathy and fellow-feeling to these comrades struggling for freedom in other countries, and new bonds of comradeship and solidarity are being forced between them.

Root Of Problem

In this hour of crisis and peril no one can afford to think in terms of superficial remedies. We must go to the root of the problem if we are to find a solution. If we desire to resist effectively the Fascist menace, we must equally oppose Imperialism, or else we fail. The foreign policy of Britain is an example of this pitiful failure, for thinking in terms of Imperialism it cannot resist Fascist aggression or ally itself to the progressive forces of the world. And in so failing, it is even helping in the disruption of its own Empire which it seeks to preserve. We have here a significant example of the basic kinship of Imperialism with Fascism.

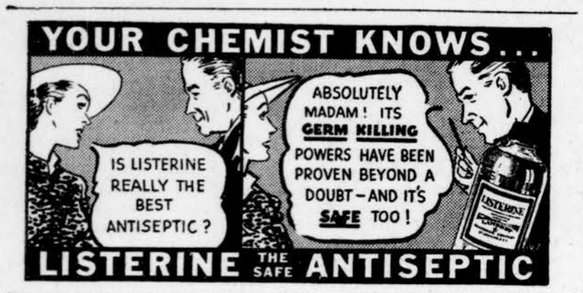
We may not, therefore, separate the two and seek to fight one while preserving the other. Nor can we think in terms of an Empire masquerading in terms of a Commonwealth of Nations. A real Commonwealth of Nations, which we must all desire and work for, will not be the child of an Empire. It must seek other parents, and it cannot be an embattled group fighting or preparing to fight other semi-imperialist groups. Such a Commonwealth must be based on a world order and on peace and freedom for all peoples. For the sake of such an order each nation should be prepared to shed, in common with others, some of the attributes of sovereignty. On this basis we can build up collective security and establish peace.

Classic Example—India

Our problem therefore is to work for the independence of all subject peoples, not to make them narrow-minded nationalist units, but free partners in this larger order. India, classic example of imperialism, must be free and independent, and so also all other subject peoples in Asia and Africa and elsewhere. We cannot approve of the Mandatory System for this has been a guise to work Imperialism and to delay freedom.

We must remember that these are not idealistic visions for a distant future. The problem is before us to-day and insistently demands solution. The peril envelops us. A significant example reminds us of the dangers of delay. In Spain there was delay in dealing with the Moors in Spanish Morocco and the forces of reaction misled them and exploited them to their own advantage. So also delay elsewhere may have disastrous consequences when the crisis ripens or war comes. The subject peoples are no longer docile and capable of being used to

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 5).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A SHORT STORY

VALUABLE MAN

BY STANLEY CORDELL.

The door marked "Private" opened and a girl appeared. "Come in, please, Mr. Jeffrey," she said.

Tully dropped the magazine he had been reading onto the reception room table, rose, buttoned the coat of his double-breasted suit, straightened his tie and stepped past the girl.

"My Gunner," said the girl, "has an appointment this morning. He asked our Mr. Jacobs to talk to you."

A sort of rage possessed Tully. So, he was being put off again? He wasn't important enough to see Mr. Gunner! By glory, thought Tully, this was the end! The very end! He was sick and tired of being knocked around like an old shoe.

Two weeks ago Tully had landed in New York with a letter of introduction to August Gunner, from his uncle. The latter stated that Tully was an excellent advertising copy writer, a young man with original ideas, unlimited energies; a young man who would prove a valuable asset to Mr. Gunner's firm.

Tully had quit a 50 dols. a week job in Boston to take advantage of this opportunity. He believed he could make more money in New York; could get ahead faster. He had explained over the phone to Mr. Gunner's secretary who he was, and said he'd like to call and present his letter of introduction.

Mr. Gunner, the secretary said, was out of town. Could he call later? Tully could. He did. He called three times within the next fortnight. He had been willing to believe at first that Mr. Gunner wasn't passing the buck. Now he knew how wrong he'd been.

A rage seized Tully, and a determination. He thought: "To hell with Gunner and his job! I'm going back to Boston. But first I'm going in there and tell that yes-man what I figure I'm worth. Maybe it'll give him an idea I'm important, too."

The yes-man was a typically, efficient yes-man, small, bespectacled and used to handling unpleasant duties for Mr. Gunner.

"Sit down, sit down, Jeffrey," he said. "We understand you have a letter. You're seeking employment. Mr. Gunner is very sorry to have to advise that at the moment there's nothing. Not a thing. The industry is practically at a standstill."

"Good," said Tully. "I decided not to take the job anyway. I decided you can't pay what I'm worth."

"Really?" said Mr. Jacobs, arching his brow. "And that is?"

"Two hundred and seventy-five dollars a week!" said Tully. He rose. 'Good day, Mr. Jacobs. Give my uncle's regards to Mr. Gunner."

Mr. Jacobs sat at his desk with pursed lips and stared thoughtfully at the door that Tully had not slammed, but closed with a determined firmness. Presently he got up and invaded the private office of portly Mr. Gunner.

Briefly Mr. Jacobs outlined what was in his mind.

"Asking 275 dols. eh? Said he didn't want our job? Probably offered a better job by Irwin and Company. Called here to pay the respects of his uncle. Humm. Treated him rather shoddy, didn't we, Jacobs? Must be a good man. We need good men. Get hold of him, Jacobs."

Mr. Jacobs tried Tully's hotel. There was a wait, then the clerk told him Mr. Jeffrey didn't wish to talk to any representative of Gunner, Inc. Jacobs pursed his lips. He had gone so far, he would have to go all the way. He got his hat and went out. At the hotel he knocked on the door of Tully's room. No one answered.

Mr. Jacobs went back to the office. Three times that afternoon he called Tully's hotel, but without success. He reported to Mr. Gunner. Mr. Gunner grew thoughtful.

"Jacobs, this youngster is probably the very man we've been looking for. Young, fresh viewpoint, new ideas. If he's worth 275 dols. to Irwin or any one else, he's worth 300 dols. to us. I'll handle it myself."

When Mr. Gunner decided to handle anything he went to town. This tenaciousness was responsible for the success of his present firm. Never give up when you think you have something good, was his motto. Thus it was that Tully, returning home late from the theatre, found a middle-aged portly, important looking man parked before his door.

"I'm August Gunner," the portly man said. "My man Jacobs—"

"Told you I said you couldn't pay what I'm worth." Tully finished. "He was right. You can't. Good night, Mr. Gunner."

Uninvited, Mr. Gunner followed Tully inside the room. "I think," he said, "that your uncle rather expected you to go to work for us when you came to New York."

"Correct," said Tully. "So what?"

"Your uncle is one of my dearest friends. We'll pay you dols. 300 a week." Tully stared. A sneer curved his lips. Mr. Gunner, he thought, was kidding."

"Three twenty-five and a good chance for more within six months," said Mr. Gunner. "Remember," he added, "your uncle will be disappointed to find you working for a competitive firm."

Suddenly Tully realized that Mr. Gunner wasn't kidding. He swallowed, but managed to keep his voice under control. "All right," he said. "I'll take it. For the sake of my uncle."

Outside in the corridor, Mr. Gunner mopped his forehead. What a break! The kid was probably worth twice that much. And this uncle of his. He'd have to remind Jacobs to find out the old boy's name, first thing in the morning.

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JUNGLE LOVE... Tura finds acquaintance turning to romance beneath the lazy tropical sky.

JUNGLE EARTHQUAKE... Tura and Bob flee as the earth crumbles in mighty upheaval.

Adolph Zukor presents
Dorothy Lamour · Ray Milland
IN
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LYNNE OVERMAN · DOROTHY HOWE
J. CARROL NAISH · Directed by George Archainbaud
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Based on a Story by Gerald Geraghty and Kurt Siodmak

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MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Might Make Mutt Another Rip Van Winkle

By BUD FISHER

JEFF, I'M GONNA TAKE A LITTLE SNOOZE! IF THE BOSS COMES AROUND WAKE ME!
SO! ASLEEP ON THE JOB, EH!
Z-Z Z-Z
BOSS
WELL, SLEEP ON, MY SLEEPING BEAUTY, SLEEP ON! WHILE YOU'RE ASLEEP YOU'VE GOT A JOB BUT---
-WHEN YOU WAKE UP YOU'LL BE OUT OF WORK!
IF I CAN ONLY KEEP HIM ASLEEP TILL SATURDAY SO'S HE'LL GET A FULL WEEK'S PAY--
GAS
ETHER

Sir Nowroji B. Saklatvala Dead

(Continued from Page 20).

a hobby. In his new residence at Poona, can be witnessed his newly acquired interest in that occupation.

Being an early riser by habit, Sir Nowroji used to take his bath early in the morning, read the daily newspapers and then he was seen strolling about his garden. Among indoor sports, he liked Bridge most and used to enjoy it often with his friends and relatives.

He was connected for many years with the Committee of the Millowners' Association and was its chairman in 1917.

During the war, he was associated with many committees and rendered particularly meritorious service as Honorary adviser to the Munitions Board during 1919-1921. He went as Employers' Delegate in 1921 to the International Labour Conference at Geneva.

As Legislator

A member of the Bombay Legislative Council in 1921, he represented the Millowners in the Legislative Assembly in 1922. He was a chairman of about twenty-five of the largest companies and Corporations, including the Tata Iron and Steel Company, the Tata Hydro Electric Agencies, the Imperial Bank of India, the Associated Cement Companies, Ltd. He was also on the Board of the Bombay Port Trust.

One of the latest achievements of Sir Nowroji in the industrial field was the floatation, in co-operation with other business men, of the Investment Corporation of India, Limited, of which he was the Chairman. The object of the undertaking is to float new companies and promote new industries.

COMMERCIAL AVIATION.

The development of commercial aviation in this country owes a great deal to this great industrialist. It was under his supervision that several air services were inaugurated in the course of the last few years.

As Chairman of the Sir Dorabji Tata Trust, he was associated with many charitable enterprises amongst which the Cancer Institute which is now in the course of construction, may be specially mentioned.

It may be quite truly be stated that Bombay's first infirmary for the poor owes its inception to the King Edward Memorial Fund on which he was the most prominent and indefatigable member.

He was created a C.I.E. in 1923, knighted in 1933. He was connected with Governor Hospital Fund of which he was the chairman. As head of the House of Tatas he did a great deal to maintain and enhance the prestige and influence of the firm. His advice was often sought in respect of many important undertakings. He was an outstanding figure and India is poorer by his loss.

As a mark of respect to the memory of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala the offices of the Tata Sons, Ltd., and of joint stock companies and other agencies remained closed on Friday and will remain closed on Saturday (to-day) also.

Extensive foreign travel, keen observation coupled with an insatiable thirst for knowledge upon all those post-war problems that have arisen to baffle or dismay the Tory have merely served to extend the many human sympathies of the subject. With youth and its rapidly changing attitude to Life's many problems he has profound sympathy that arises from unwearying study.

In a changing world Sir Nowroji surveyed with a calm, born of experience and knowledge, the many mutations of mundane things. Typical of Sir Nowroji, as a shareholder remarked, was his observation in a shareholder's meeting of New India Life Insurance Company of which he was the chairman, when his attention was drawn to its agency bungling in Africa: "Gentlemen, we live and learn". He would never try to slur over human weaknesses nor try to wriggle out of the errors to which human flesh is heir.

Sir Nowroji leaves his aged father, Mr. Bapooji Saklatvala, a widow, Lady Saklatvala, the daughter of Mr. Hormusji S. Batliwala and a large circle of friends.

Uthamna Ceremony

The Uthamna ceremony will take place at his residence 72, Warden Road, Bombay, to-day (Saturday), at 3-40 p.m.

As a mark of respect to his memory the offices of Messrs. Tata Sons, Limited and of all joint stock companies under their agency were closed on Friday. They will remain closed to-day (Saturday) also. The Central Office of the Imperial Bank of India, in Bombay, the Bombay Stock Exchange, the Indian Stock Exchange, the Millowners' Association, Bombay, the Indian Merchants' Chamber, the offices of the Associated Cement Companies, the Premier Construction Company, Limited and allied concerns and the Century Spinning Mill and the Bombay Shareholders' Association, Indian Insurance Companies' Association, Cricket Club of India, Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Indian Globe Insurance Company, Scindia Steam Navigation Company remained closed for the day.

17 Years Back

The following reference to Sir Nowroji appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle", dated July 12, 1920, under the caption "The House of Tatas —Its Future and India's Prosperity"—"written by a friend of the family."

"The last but not the least—the hope of the future—is our keen sportsman, Mr. N. B. Saklatvala. Though he has long given up the flannels he is in every vein of his, a true, honest, straight-forward able sportsman. He is a young man of very great promise. very strongly national in feeling and the conduct of life, he is the one man whom every one likes and loves and is prepared to do his utmost for him. Of very cool and collected temper he is never ruffled. I have known him for years past and I can say that in him we must look forward for the future of the House. I remember the time when a group of bearded young men went on a walking tour from Navsari to Surat. No one could have then realised for a moment that this uncouth youth was to guide the industrial life of the country. The only fault with him is that he is too good for the rough and tumble sort of men he comes across. His goodness is taken advantage of not by Indians but by foreigners who flock to get favours from him. A gentleman to the very bone, full of great experience and knowledge of industrial life, he will, as time goes on, be a second Jamshedji. If the traditions of the House are to be maintained they will be maintained by him and by him alone. The pity is that in the sporting discharge of his duties, he has several times shown a weakness of decision, a halting wavering mind is his bane. But this may be explained from the fact that he was not placed till lately where he can give his individuality a full play. He will, we are sure, get rid of it, now that he is more independent than before."

C. B. MEHTA'S TRIBUTE TO SAKLATVALA

Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta writes:

The news of the sudden passing away of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, in France, has shocked the Bombay Industrial and Commercial community.

After the death of Sir Dorabji Tata, he had taken over the burden of the House of Tata, the largest industrial concern in India. During the period, he not only maintained high traditions of Tatas, but raised its prestige and honour.

He was kind, courteous, noble and liberal. No one whoever approached him for help went away disappointed.

His life was such that the rich and the poor, old and the young, the great and the humble, all who knew him, loved and honoured him. The loss of such a personality will be widely lamented all over India.

INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OFFICES CLOSED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Owing to the sad demise of Sir Naoroji Saklatwalla, Kt., C.I.E., the office of the Indian Insurance Companies' Association is closed to-day as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased.

Served Country Through Devotion To Duty

Sir Chunilal V. Mehta says:

"The sudden passing away of Sir Nowroji B. Saklatvala has come as a very great shock to his friends and to the commercial and other interests of Bombay and elsewhere. It will be impossible to fill his office in the many concerns of which he was the chairman or a director or otherwise interested. By his absolute straightforwardness and his capacity for fixing upon the essentials, he had come to command the admiration and respect of the many who were interested in his widespread concerns.

After the late Mr. R. D. Tata who similarly died in Europe, Sir Nowroji became the practical head of the great House of Tatas. Mr. R. D. Tata died at a critical juncture. Sir Nowroji, by dint of steady perseverance and wide outlook, brought the concerns to a state of prosperity which is the pride of Indian commerce and which leaves no anxiety to those who will follow him in his office.

"I have known Sir Nowroji both in the college and on the cricket field, and later on, in business, and I have not come across a finer man or a more noble character. He wished to be in harness in the end of his day, and he often used to tell me that he wished to serve his country through devotion to commerce and industry. In this, he worthily upheld the traditions of the great late Mr. Jamshedji Tata.

Leader Of Outstanding Eminence Gone

When interviewed by our representative, Sir Homi P. Mody said:

"Sir Nowroji's death is a national and personal loss. The commercial and industrial life of India has lost a leader of outstanding eminence."

UTHAMANA CEREMONY THIS AFTERNOON

The Uthamana Ceremony for Sir Nowroji Saklatvala will be performed at his residence at Warden Road, at 3-45 p.m. this afternoon (Saturday.)

SIR CHIMANLAL'S TRIBUTE TO SAKLATVALA.

Interviewed by the "Chronicle" representative, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad felt extremely sorry to learn of the death of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, who occupied a prominent place in the industrial life of not only of Bombay but of India. Chief man of Tata concerns for many years, Sir Nowroji made himself affable by his simple nature. He was also accessible to all. Concluding he said that Sir Nowroji had a very patriotic spirit for the advancement of the country's interests in all directions.

Sir Rahimtoola's Tributes

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy said:

"I deeply deplore the death of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala not only as the head of the premier House of Tatas but also as one of the most respectable and conscientious of Indian industrialists. Sir Nowroji' was a keen student of Indian industrialism and was passionately devoted to the cause of the development of Indian industries. He commanded the confidence, a trust and respect of all and it is a great tragedy that while Indian industries have before them opening out of a new era of development and prosperity the hand of Death should have snatched him away from us.

"Sir Nowroji was always courteous, kindly and sympathetic and in the various spheres of his activities, he evinced a fairness of spirit and a judicious outlook and above all honesty of purpose."

CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA CLOSED

Saklatvala's Services To Club Recalled

The Cricket Club of India remained closed on Friday as a mark of respect for the memory of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, K.B.E., C.I.E.

Sir Nowroji Saklatvala was Chairman of the Local Committee of the Cricket Club of India in succession to Lord Brabourne and by the death of the President the Maharajadhiraj of Patiala, acted as Chairman of the Central Committee.

He was in a great measure responsible by his personal and untiring efforts in tiding over the financial difficulties of the Club. The assured success of the proposed debenture scheme of the Club can only be attributed to his extreme popularity and dynamic personality. He did not live to see the result of his own endeavours in making the Cricket Club of India a sound and efficient organisation.

It will be recalled that Sir Nowroji Saklatvala was responsible for the magnificent donation by the Trustees of Tata Memorial Fund towards the cost of the Main Club House.

Indian Merchants' Chamber's Condolence

The Secretary Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, writes:

"At the meeting of the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, to meet the Chief Commissioner of Railways and the Financial Commissioner of Railways, on Friday, Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji, President, while referring to the death of Sir Nowroji B. Saklatvala, observed as follows:—

'Before proceeding with the regular business of the meeting, it distresses me very much to inform you of the very sad and regrettable death of our friend, Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, leader of the Tata House and one of the most eminent of Indian businessmen and industrialists. He was a man of great breadth of vision and imagination and he had done his level best to keep up the best tradition of the late Jamshedji Tata and Sir Dorab Tata in his conduct and administration of the affairs of so many concerns connected with pre-eminent House of Tatas. His generosity and catholic spirit of charity were well-known. Indeed, the commercial community in general, and this Chamber in particular, have lost in him a great man and a genuine friend, whose advice was always available and those purse strings were always ready to be loosened for any deserving cause. May his Soul rest in peace.'

After the meeting, the Office of the Chamber was closed as a mark of respect to the memory of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala.

SHAREHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION CLOSED

BOMBAY, Friday.

The office of the Bombay Shareholders' Association was closed on 22nd July 1938 as a mark of respect to the memory of Sir N. B. Saklatvala, Chairman of Messrs. Tata Sons Ltd.

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Dorothy Lamour In Two Shows In The City

Irene Dunne and Douglas Fairbanks Jr. in "Joy Of Living" at Regal.

IRENE DUNNE IN "JOY OF LIVING"

Douglas Fairbanks Jr. With Her At Regal

A distinctly "different" type of musical dramas is heralded in "Joy of Living", a new musical comedy with Irene Dunne and Douglas Fairbank, Jr., and with new Jerone Kern melodies woven into the sprightly plot.

The story deals with a stormy romance between Miss Dunne, a popular musical comedy star whose huge income is lavished on her selfish family and Fairbanks, a self-confident young man, who was disinherited by his rich relatives to become a sort of sea vagabond and who preaches a doctrine of attaining happiness by doing what you want to do.

Believing her duty lies in letting her parents and her sister have their own way, and in working to the limit of her endurance in order to satisfy their rapacious demands, Miss Dunne quarrels violently with Fairbanks when he urges her to throw her family overboard and learn to enjoy herself. And his unconventional efforts to convince her make for delightful complications in the story and lead to its gripping climax when she at last sees her relatives in their true light.

Woven into this ingenious and intensely human story are some of the year's Catchiest Tunes, with the lyrics by Dorothy and Herbert Fields set to music by Jerome Kern, who wrote the melodies Miss Dunne sang in "Roberts" and "Show Boat."

A spectacular Tyrolean dance routine, and settings that range from a trap steamer and a cheap amusement park to a luxurious metropolitan home, add to the colour of "Joy of Living."

Alice Brady as Miss Dunne's hyprocritical mother heads the featured cast, which includes Guy Kibbee, Jean Dixon, Eric Blore, Lucille Ball and Warren Hymer. Tay Garnett Directed his own production for RKO Radio.

BUTLER RETURNED TO PARLIAMENT!

Meet Him And His Baroness At Metro

Debonair William Powell and lovely Annabella!

He's the perfect butler and she's the perfect lady.

There's perfectly sensational, co-starred together in "The Baroness and the Butler," Darryl F. Zanuck's newest 20th Century-Fox hit production which opened on Friday at Metro.

It's Bill Powell at his best, and lovely Annabella . . . in her first American-made picture . . . the most glamorously exciting personality ever to grace the screen.

"The Baroness and the Butler" provides a gay situation within a few seconds of the opening of the picture and carries the light tempo through the entire story.

Powell is so proper (even as a butler) and yet he outrages the Count's family and friends by a surprising breach of conduct.

Just as they are awaiting the results of the election in which the Count has taken an active part, the butler shuts off the radio. The Countess (Helen Westley) is incensed!

The wireless is turned on again—just in time for all concerned to learn that Powell has been elected to Parliament by the political party which opposes the Count. Annabella, as the baroness, is nonplussed at this situation.

The chief worry of the Count (Henry Stephenson), however, is that he may lose a good outler. Some hilarious situations arise as the two political opponents go to Parliament together—to say nothing of the situation between the Baroness (Annabella) and her former servant.

The supporting cast of "The Baroness and the Butler" also features Joseph Schildkraut, J. Edward Bromberg, Nigel Bruce and Lynn Barl.

The picture is a perfect entertainment to every intelligent person.

SOUTH SEA DRAMA AT PATHE

Ray Milland And Oscar Homolka In 'Ebb Tide'

Directorial genius turned a "boner" into an advantage in a scene from "Ebb Tide," the new technicolor film which opens today at the Pathe. The picture, which is taken from a story by Robert Louis Stevenson and Lloyd Osbourne, is set in a tropical scene in the South Seas.

For an important scene Oscar Homolka, Ray Milland and Barry Fitzgerald were talking under a palm tree. The scene was going perfectly, the actors were doing their parts just as Director James Hogan wanted them done, when one of the big arc lights began to overheat and crack. The noise sounded as if some raucous tropical bird had perched in the tree over the actors' heads and began a sour serenade.

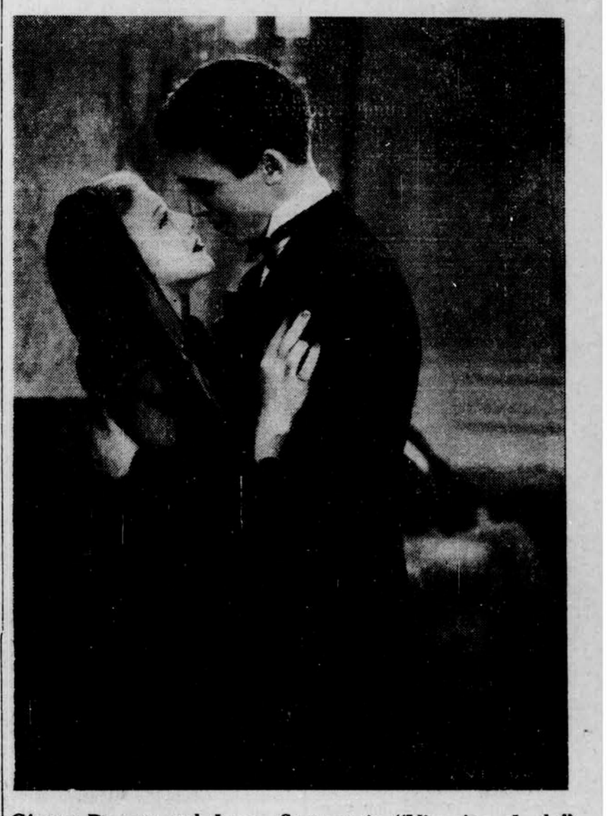
The actors expected Hogan to stop the scene and wait for the light to cool, but Hogan had no idea of spoiling a perfect "take." When the scene was finished he called for a parrot, placed the bird in the tree, and shot a brief silent section of film. When the parrot was inserted for an instant in the scene, he not only accounted for the noise, but also increased the effectiveness of the shot.

It was the first time in history that a parrot had doubled for an arc light!

Stars of European and American stage and screen fame have the important character roles in the Robert Louis Stevenson and Lloyd Osbourne great sea adventure of the South Seas, "Ebb Tide."

Made in Technicolor, this paramount sea saga introduces for the first time to the American screen the famed Viennese actor, Oscar Homolka, who has the role of Captain Thorbecke of the "Golden State." Barry Fitzgerald, noted star of the Abbey Players of Dublin, is also featured, together with the Ray Milland, Frances Farmer and Lloyd Nolan.

OTHER CINEMA NEWS
On Page 11



Ginger Rogers and James Stewart in "Vivacious Lady" At Capitol.

"Sins Of Children" At Eros Theatre

Eric Linden And Cecilia Parker Excellently Teamed

As romantic young lovers, Eric Linden and Cecilia Parker, the stellar team, heading the cast of "Sins of Children" the Grand National picture which opened at the Eros on Friday last night, proved themselves to be quite in a class by themselves among screen favourites of to-day.

Their brilliant and sympathetic performances fascinated and delighted the somewhat discriminating audience from the start to the finish of the picture.

Be that as it may, it is sufficient to testify that the audience last night found "Sins of Children" satisfying and completely entertaining. As to the story it is a simple romantic drama of two youngsters, a boy and a girl, whose love for each other prompts them to defy social conventions and the objections of their parents, between whom there has developed a bitter feud, and run off and elope.

How they are made the innocent victims of their parents' selfish antagonism, how the boy faces a long jail term, under a technical interpretation of the State's strict kidnapping law, and how the unfortunate youthful pair are supported and strengthened during the hour of their darkest despair by the spiritual comfort and sympathy of a sort of "miracle man," whose simple faith and high example in the end saves the lad and regenerates the others, forms a tender, human story, which must be seen to be fully appreciated.

Eric Linden, of course, plays the part of the boy, Tom Carver, the victim of his millionaire father's greed, and Cecilia Parker, exquisitely blonde and youthful, has the role of Ruth Brewster, the girl who loves him.

They are supported by an ex-

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 2).

"Her Jungle Loves" At New Empire

Dorothy Lamour And Ray Milland In Their Great Film

Dorothy Lamour and Ray Milland are seen together in "Her Jungle Love", the new Technicolour film of the Paramount Pictures at the New Empire.

Ray Milland whose most recent success was in the colour film 'Ebb Tide' being shown at the Pathe from to-day scores a sensational hit as the young Indo-Malayan transport pilot forced down on a jungle isle uninhabited except for the beautiful Miss Lamour, a white "goddess" in the eyes of the surrounding superstition ridden natives. Lynne Overman, the rubber-faced comedian, who plays the part of Milland's partner on the trans-Pacific flight shares the comedy honours with Jiggs, an unusually talented monkey

Milland undertakes to teach the lovely Miss Lamour, who has never before seen a white man, the rudiments of civilization, and only realizes the complications he has let himself in for when he tries to make her understand the meaning of the English word "kiss." It is from that point on that he realizes that what had started as a purely impersonal thing has blossomed into a one-sided romance on the part of Miss Lamour.

Set amid scenes of rare beauty in full natural colour, the entire action of the picture, with the exception of one or two flash backs takes place on the exotic jungle isle where Milland first discovered Tura, as Miss Lamour is called in the picture. She sings a new song, "Lovelight in the Starlight," which in the opinion of this reviewer is destined to be even more popular than the "Moonlight and Shadows" of "The Jungle Princess."

The thrilling climax of the picture is an earthquake that destroys an underground temple, where Miss Lamour, Milland and Overman are bing held captive by the power-mad ruler of the natives, J. Carrol Naish, a mad Eurasian who has been using Miss Lamour as his puppet "goddess" to maintain his hold over the islanders.

The picture is charmingly done, the colour is magnificent in its brilliance, and Miss Lamour and Milland seem destined to score another tremendous hit with "Her Jungle Love."

Ray Milland and Dorothy Lamour in "Her Jungle Love" at the New Empire.

"JURY'S EVIDENCE" AT EXCELSIOR

A Play For Criminal Lawyers And Detectives

Margaret Lockwood is regarded as the biggest film "find" among English actresses. Still in her teens she makes a success in every role she takes. Her latest triumph is in "Jury's Evidence", the legal drama made by British Lion at Bercousfield which is being shown at the Excelsior Theatre from to-day.

Starring with her is Hartley Power, the dynamic screen personality who appeared in "Evergreen". The story deals with the reconstruction by a murder jury at the Old Bailey of the crime in the case that they are attending. The foreman of the jury, despite the damping circumstantial evidence offered, feels convinced of the prisoner's innocence.

Why he was right and how a husband is cleared of guilt of the murder of his young wife, offers a thrilling climax rarely met on the screen to-day.

Detectives and criminal lawyers who think they are particularly clever in their profession must not miss this picture.

William Powell and Annabella in "Baroness And Butler" at Metro.

(1) A scene from "Tom Sawyer" coming to New Empire. (2) Eric Linden and Cecelia Parker in "Sins Of Children" at Eros. (3) Margaret Lockwood and Hartley Power in "Jury's Evidence" at Excelsior. (4) Ray Milland and Frances Farmer at Pathe.

FRANK CAPRA WEEK AT BROADWAY

Best Selection Of Fine Pictures

The Management of The Broadway, Kingsway, Khodadad Circle, Dadar, are fast building up a reputation for sound enterprise and an intelligent study of public taste in screen entertainment. They revive picked masterpieces, and, what is more, confer a boon on the serious student of film art by the way they arrange the pictures for the programmes.

Recently, The Broadway declared a "Shirley Temple Week," and serially released the best pictures of the juvenile genius. This week beginning Saturday 23rd July, The Broadway shows a series of masterpieces of that great producer genius, Frank Capra.

From light gay comedy to stupendous spectacle, Capra has produced a wide range of films with every known type of appeal; and, in each of these, he has infused that breath of entertainment genius which places his productions beyond the pale of comparison.

The Broadway has chosen five choice masterpieces, beginning with "It Happened One Night." This colossal comedy starring Claudette Colbert and Clark Gable, will be shown on Saturday 23rd and Sunday 24th July. It will be followed by a daily change: "Lady For A Day", starring Warren William, Glenda Farrel and Jean Parker; "Forbidden" featuring Barbara Stanwyck with Adolphe Menjou; and that gigantic screen product, "Lost Horizon" with Ronald Colman and Jane Wyatt.

For the last two days of the week, Thursday 28th and Friday 29th is reserved the Frank Capra masterpiece that has made screen history. The picture is none other than "Mr. Deeds Goes to Town", whose theme, treatment and even the title has inspired legion of picture throughout Hollywood and even in England. The picture, of course, stars the world's greatest favourite, Gary Cooper and Jean Arthur.

The Broadway has made it a Frank Capra Week for you. It is worth your while to make it a Broadway Week yourself and your family.

"KNIGHT WITHOUT ARMOUR"

British Journalist In Russian Revolution At Wellington

This week at the Wellington Talkies, Marlene Dietrich and Robert Donat are co-starred in Alexander Korda's "Knight Without Armour," the most thrilling romantic adventure story of the year.

The story was adopted by Frances Marion, the Hollywood writer, from the famous James Hilton novel. Laid in Russia during the exciting time of the revolution, it provides the stars finest acting opportunities of their careers.

Donat plays the part of a young English journalist in pre-war St. Petersburg who is under threat of arrest. He appeals to the British Secret Service which commissions him to take the identity of Peter Ouranov and investigate revolutionary activities.

Trouble breaks out and Fotheringill is appointed by the Bolsheviks to guard the beautiful Countess Alexandra. The pair agree to escape together. Madly in love, they encounter incredible dangers. Suspense reaches a climax as they barely escape the firing squad and finally, in each other's arms, reach the haven of a foreign border.

"SINS OF CHILDREN" AT EROS THEATRE

(Continued from page 10)

ceptionally able cast. Harry Beresford, the "grand old man" of the screen, for one, who portrays the character of Davidson, the "miracle man," gives one of the finest and most convincing characterizations of his notable career. Henry Kolker, as Tom's father, and Charles Richman and Olive Tell as the parents of Ruth Brewster, all register splendidly.

"VIVACIOUS LADY" AT CAPITOL

Ginger Rogers For One More Week

Teamed romantically for the first time, Ginger and James Stewart are currently co-starred in the highly romantic screen comedy, "Vivacious Lady" Miss Rogers, the top-ranking blonde of the screen to-day, returns to the gay, effervescent type of comedy, which popularized her in the series of musical films in which she co-starred with Fred Astaire virtually an unknown two years ago, James Stewart has soared to a high place in film popularity as a result of his last three hits, "Seventh Heaven", "The Last Gangster" and "Navy Blue and Gold."

In "Vivacious Lady" Stewart essays the role of a repressed botany professor who encounters Ginger Rogers, featured entertainer at a night-club falls madly in love with her and brings her back to his degnified home town as his secret bride. The efforts of the couple to keep the boy's family in ignorance of the marriage from the basis for the most of the hilarious action. George Stevens directed this RKO Radio production and the supporting cast includes such players as James Elison, Charles Coburn, Beulah Bondi, Frances Mercer and Phyllis Kennedy.

This picture has been brought over to Capitol Theatre,for the continuous run of the picture from Saturday. It was shown last week at the Regal.

"Things To Come" At Broadway

H. G. Wells' amazing forecast of the future, "Things To Come", will be shown at The Broadway, Kingsway, Khodadad Circle, Dadar, on Sunday Morning at 10-30 A. M.

According to Mr. Wells, the life of the 21st Century will be lived underground almost entirely. The cities will be built in the sides of mountains, lighted by artificial sunlight and ventilated by conditioned air. The houses will be glass but windowless, furnishing and clothing will reach a high point of beauty and simplicity, the two-hour day will be a fact and humans will be propelled to the moon from a giant space gun.

"LES MISERABLES" FOR SECOND WEEK

Great French Novel Of Victor Hugo At Pathe

The second as also the last epoch of that magnificent French production, "Les Miserables," based upon Victor Hugo's world famous story that has touched and thrilled the hearts of millions of readers throughout the world, will be shown at The Palace this week. For sheer artistry of acting direction and photography, this mighty picture rightfully takes its place among the greatest screen achievements of all time.

It has a big French cast headed by the popular French screen hero Harry Baur. The story is a strong and ruthless condemnation of the system of law and justice that was prevalent in France long ago. It shows how a good-hearted person, Jean Valjean, is persecuted and hounded by the iron hand of law all throughout his life, simply because he committed a trifling offence in order to save himself from starvation.

EXTRA MORNING SHOW

During the extra morning show on Sunday, 24th July The Palace will exhibit "David Copperfield" Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's monumental Picturization of Charles Dickens' immortal story. It has a big cast of great screen favourites including Freddie Bartholomew.

SIMLA, July 22.—Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central), General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Sabha, has submitted a memorandum suggesting ways and means of solving the forest problems of the Kisans to the Government of Madras at their request.—United Press.

NO PEACE AS LONG AS IMPERIALISM LASTS

(Continued from Page 8).

suit the purposes of Imperialist Powers. Why should a subject people give its men and resources to strengthen the very Imperialism which dominates it? So India has declared repeatedly that it will be no party to an imperialist war. Its own free people must decide the issues of war and peace.

Imperialism As Arbiter

In Palestine to-day we see a horrible struggle going on and the very imperialism which created this problem posing as an arbiter. We shall not have peace there through Imperialism and if any rely on it to protect them, they take the wrong side and weaken themselves. Every decent person sympathises with the Jews in their terrible misfortune and wishes them well. They have rights in Palestine which must be recognised and protected. But we must recognise that Palestine is essentially an Arab country and the present struggle is a struggle for independence against the Imperialism that dominates. This is the basic factor and when this is acknowledged, peace will come soon enough through the joint efforts of the Arabs and Jews who must realise that only through their peaceful co-operation can the country be free and can progress.

I have not gone into the details of Fascist aggression or Imperialist exploitation in various parts of the world. We know them well enough and we shall probably hear more about them in the course of this conference. But we must be clear about the fundamental issue that we seek for peace and peace can only come with freedom and with the elimination of Fascism and Imperialism. For that we must labour if we earnestly desire peace in this world which is sinking rapidly to inhuman depths and utter degradation of spirit which must, unless checked, lead to the end of civilization itself.

Meanwhile the burden of this struggle is falling on our heroic comrades in Spain and China and to them we must send our heartfelt greetings and help.

SIR NOWROJI SAKLATWALA

(Continued from page 6)

Central Committee of the Cricket Club of India. He had himself played cricket for the Parsees as far back as the days of the Triangular. He was President of the Bombay branch of the Olympic Association and of the Parsee Gymkhana.

He liked to sit back in some half hour he got away from his work, and watch a good tennis match or a piece of bright cricket, and those who did well at games had always a good and appreciative word from him. More than any other person of his generation he read the sports column as thoroughly as he read the leaders. With his tin of 555 without which he was seldom to be seen, he would watch quietly from a back chair in one corner of the tent and then disappear when he thought he should go back and finish a few papers at the office. Somehow he blended work and play in an admirable manner.

He was fond of cards and racing and his garden. It is difficult to know to which he would give preference. He would supervise the clipping of the garden lawn with the same thoroughness as he would his hand at bridge before bidding a slam. And with horses, he liked to stand leaning on the paddock rails before he made his little bet. He had his usual box in the Members' Stand, and his glasses would dangle on a little black ribbon that hung round his neck, and he would follow the race in absolute quiet carefully watching the race from start to finish.

A Young Mind.

He had a very young mind. That is why he knew many young men of my generation as well as he did those of his own. He would always have a host of youngsters following him at the race course, watching to see what was his bet, for he was a sort of mascot for the youngsters, who believed that he always spotted winners. And he never minded young people. He felt thoroughly at home in their company. He would go to the youngest to exchange opinions without feeling at all embarrassed about it. He was always sympathetic to new ideas, and always listened to the other man's point of view.

Nowroji was in his way typical of a country squire. He liked the good things of life for their own sake and not for show or ostentation. He liked to pick his food and his wine, even as he picked his clothes. His taste was choice, but never loud. There was something very dignified about him. He had the hallmark of the gentleman stamped on him.

He would spend his Sundays at home, reading English papers and watching the waves lash against that strip of beach on which he recently built his new house. He found peace and quiet more after his heart than the bustle of the city. He liked to rest there before returning to the office on the Monday and start his work once more.

That is the man whose death we mourn. My sympathy is as much with his widow as it is with his aged father, to whom fate has dealt a severe blow by the loss of a great son. I hope that they shall have the courage to bear the irreparable loss that has been inflicted on them. It is for them that I feel most deeply.

LADY MOOKERJEE DEAD

CALCUTTA, July 22.

Lady Mookerjee, widow of the late Sir R. N. Mookerjee, senior partner of Messrs Martin and Company, died at 6-20 this morning at her husband's house in Calcutta.

She was suffering for about four months from liver complaints and during the last few days complications had set in.—A.P.

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Rub this powerful ointment on throat and cover with warm flannel.
Works like a poultice, while its vapours which you inhale soothe the irritated membranes.
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Prof. SEKHAR Ellore

Walk-out In Travancore Legislature

Diwan's Charge Against State Congress

Heated Debate Between Police Commissioner And Popular Members On Adjournment Motion

(From A Correspondent)

TRIVANDRUM (By Mail).

The incidents which attended the public meetings at Nedunganda, Neyyatinkara and Cherthala came in for severe condemnation at the hands of the popular representatives in the Travancore Legislative Assembly last week when the House debated the adjournment motion of Mr. T. M. Varghese. The motion alleged that the police incited rowdyism openly and in an illegal manner. The matter was, therefore, of urgent public importance.

Commending the motion to the acceptance of the House, Mr. Varghese said: "The President of the Neyyatinkara Municipality and other respectable citizens of the place had issued a notice that a public meeting would be held there under the auspices of the State Congress. Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai was to have presided over the meeting. We reached Neyyatinkara at about 4 p.m. on the day the meeting was to be held. A large crowd was awaiting our arrival.

"While Mr. G. Raman Pillai was delivering his welcome address, some one from the audience asked him a question. The speaker replied to the question.

"When the second speaker began his speech another man asked something about Responsible Government. This question was also answered.

MEETING BANNED

"At this stage the District Superintendent of Police, Trivandrum, approached the President and read out the District Magistrate's order banning the meeting. Some Lathi Police, were also present with the D. S. P. The reason adduced for the ban was likelihood of breach of peace. The President, however, dispersed the meeting and the people retired peacefully. Mr. Thanu Pillai had issued a statement detailing the incidents that took place at the meeting. These statements were published in the Press. I shall read out some important portions from the statement."

The Diwan President: Will the member take the responsibility for what is stated in the Press statement?

Mr. T. M. Varghese: I am responsible for whatever statements I make in this House.

Diwan President: The member can read out only if he takes responsibility for Press statements.

"POLICE RESPONSIBLE"

Mr. Varghese: I do not wish to attach undue importance to what is stated in the Press. These statements were published as soon as the incidents took place. Responsible citizens who were the conveners of the meeting had issued a statement. It has not been contradicted. That statement contains grave charges. If those charges were untrue the authorities ought to have taken legal action against those who made them. If, however, they were true, then action ought to have been taken against those whom the charges were levelled. I was present at the meeting and I can state with certainty that such things did happen there. Thousands of people who had gathered there, dispersed under the belief that the police were behind all that had happened.

"Let me next turn to what happened at Nedunganda. The convener of the meeting here was Mr. Vettoor Narayanan Vaidyan. He is a member of the Board of the S. N. D. P. Yogam. This Yogam was founded by Sri Narayana Guru Swami, of revered memory. He was the religious leader of the Ezhavas, untouchables, and is held in high esteem and respect by all classes and castes of people. It is at his invitation that we went there. When we reached the place, he was arrested on a charge of theft and removed to the police station three miles away at Varkala. As we proceeded to the platform at the place of the meeting there was a huge crowd present.

ROWDYISM AT MEETING

"When Mr. Thanu Pillai stood up to speak, a man who seemed to be drunk got on the platform and created trouble. In a gathering of about 5,000 people, only two were in the opposition. One of them was the peon in a management (aided) school. When Mr. Thanu Pillai asked for police help, a rowdy came to the platform with the knowledge of the policemen. He pulled at the clothes of Mr. Thanu Pillai and pushed him. But before Mr. Pillai could fall, he was held by those nearby.

At Cherthala there was a meeting of the Ezhava Youth League. When the resolution about Responsible Government came up, some Christian rowdies rushed in. The police followed and assaulted and chased away those present. The result was that one man was removed to the hospital. I am inviting the attention of this House to what happened at these three meetings.

WHY VICTIMISE STATE CONGRESS

'I cannot understand the reasons behind such treatment of the State Congress or its members. The State Congress is not an unlawful organisation. Several members of this Assembly are in it. Its members are not lawbreakers. As a citizen and as a member of this House, I declare that the time has come to put down such acts of rowdyism. I do not believe that Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, as a good administrator and Diwan, will permit these things to happen. Yet it is impossible to believe that such things could happen without the backing of the police.

"Responsible Government may or may not be won. The State Congress was banned even before it started any work. When the period of ban was over, we found rowdyism let loose on its meetings. Is it proper that such state of affairs should be allowed to continue?

"It is true that the State Congress has demanded the withdrawal of Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer as Diwan. But how can that amount to want of loyalty? The question is not whether Responsible Government will be got or not. It must come here as in other States. The State Congress does not say that it should come through them. The State Congress exists only for the people."

EYE-WITNESS' STORY

Mr. P. Nanu, who followed stated that he was eye-witness to all that happened there. Mr. Varghese's statements were true to the very letter. "But he has omitted to mention one thing. When Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai and party got into the canoe (country boat) some people hurled missles at them. (The missles used were the hard outer covering of cocoanuts). This was done in the presence of two police inspectors."

Mr. N. Narayana Kurup supported the motion. He said there was general discontent and disquietude throughout the State. It was difficult to understand why special police are posted at public meetings.

POLICE STORY

At this stage Mr M. Ramchandra Rao, Police Commissioner, intervened. He said: "It is only a week since I took charge of this office. I have made inquiries about these incidents. On the material collected during the inquiries, I shall address this House.

"There are two sides to every question. I have examined both. The State Congress Party have had their say. If a tenth of what they have said were true, I must hang my head in shame. Not only that, this land will not deserve to be called "Dharma Raj". Amazing statements have been made by State Congress members. An organisation based on the ideals of the Congress or the world-respected Mahatma Gandhi must accept non-violence as its creed. Mahatma Gandhi's ideal is Ahimsa or non-resistance. The world follows that creed and that policy. But our Congressmen carry on propaganda outside the State to the effect that the Finances of the State are heading towards bankruptcy and that the Government is bad. As one who has been in the Accounts Department and till recently the Financial Secretary of the State and as author of this year's budget, I can state what exactly the financial position of the State is. It is not only strong, but also prosperous. These Congressmen went to Madras and said that the Congress demanded the withdrawal of Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer who was appointed by the Maharaja as Diwan. Is this the objective of the Congress?

DIWAN INTERVENES.

Diwan President: The member need not reply to what has been said about C. P. Ramaswami Iyer. There were provocative references from the other side. But as C.P. Ramaswami Iyer and I happen to be the same person, it was difficult for me to interfere. Sir C.P. Ramaswami Iyer also knows how to answer to those provocative charges. That will happen in another place and in different form. I was in a helpless position. Therefore that does not mean that you should also follow that course."

Police Commissioner: State Congress members wear only the form of the Congress. They have not accepted its ideals.

Mr. Pattom: Sir, can a member point to another's form?

The President: If form is symbolic, then it can be pointed to.

"SUBVERSIVE" CONGRESS.

Police Commissioner: It is clear from the decisions of the State Congress that it seeks to overthrow the Government. The attempt to overthrow the Government of His Highness is disloyal and subversive. State Congress people are such.

The real cause of this is the widespread unemployment among the educated classes. How can there be any remedy for this growing unemployment among men and women? Even if Lord Christ were to come to life again, he cannot distribute crumbs of office and satisfy all.

CHARGE AGAINST POLICE DENIED.

"There are two parties in the country. Was there any disturbance when a procession was taken out and a meeting held at the Thampanur Maidan, in this capital? If the police were party to the disturbance, were there not better conveniences here? The Reserve Police etc. are, of course here? If they had any idea of creating trouble, could they not have done so many things here? Did any thing happen? Then, why talk of the meeting in Neyyatinkara? Therefore, it is clear that these charges are not based on well-founded facts. The statement that someone pulled at the clothes of somebody at Nedunganda with the backing of the police is unbelievably silly. To issue statements to the Press has become a fashion with people now-a-days.

"Two District Magistrates banned State Congress meetings. That was done as they were convinced that there would be breach of peace in the meetings. How can one believe that in a meeting of hundreds of people one person could get up and pull at the clothes of the speaker and the police helped him? One could understand the charge if there was a lathi charge. Imagine how silly are the statements made."

M. G. Mathew: Is the use of the word "silly" parliamentary?

Diwan President: I was thinking about it. I will look into it and give my ruling later.

After the Police Commissioner had concluded, Mr. T. C. Keshava Pillai said that those who donned Mahatma Gandhi's colours should abide by his ideals. If somebody pulled at one's clothes, or even if one was victim of violent assault, he had no business to complain. Such people should silently carry on their work. The member demanded that the Police Commissioner should withdraw the statements he made in the face of popular representatives. He was also of the opinion that nothing should be said by any one to discredit the Maharaja's Government.

Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai then rose to speak. He said: "Much has been said about the State Congress here. The Police Commissioner who is responsible for Law and Order in the State, has also said many things. I am the President of the State Congress and its Party Leader in this House. The Government has recognised this Party. I, therefore, cannot understand the Police Commissioner's object in referring to it as the "so-called State Congress."

Diwan President: "So-called" only means "called so."

Mr. Pattom: If that is so, I may also address the Police Commissioner as "so-called Police Commissioner"?

Diwan President: Yes.

PATTOM'S ATTACK.

Mr. Pattom: Then, I may even address the Government as "so-called Government of Travancore"?

"Be that as it may, I must protest against that statement that what is said by popular representatives in the House cannot be believed. When I say that I was molested in the presence of the police, is that unbelievable? I was wondering what I should do in this regrettable situation. As an official, he says, he cannot trust me. In this unfortunate situation this Police Commissioner cannot realise the position of a non-official. The Commissioner had stated that if a tenth of what we have said here were true, he will hang his head down in shame. All that we have said is true. I say this as a citizen who works sincerely for the State. The Commissioner has said that I am untrustworthy. Then let my constituency repudiate me. Let me be dismissed and unseated from here. Let the public decide whether our statements are silly or whether the Commissioner is silly. When we look at the constitution of this House, there is nothing surprising if the decision of the House goes on one side or the other.

Diwan President: The Constitution of the Assembly cannot be discussed. You must withdraw your statement.

Mr. Pattom: I withdraw.

CONGRESS LEADER'S CHALLENGE.

Proceeding he said: "The Commissioner stated that we seek to overthrow the Government I challenge the Commissioner to prove his charge. I am bound to help the Government of the State by all legitimate and constitutional ways. We only demand that there should be Responsible Government under the aegis of the Maharaja. That is not disloyal. I am the President of the State Congress and a member of this House. I want to know if the State Congress is disloyal and subversive. I have also the desire to co-operate with the Government. Therefore, it is necessary that the charge against the State Congress should be stated openly and without equivocation.

The Commissioner says that the State Congress is a disloyal and subversive organisation. I am not one of those who work to overthrow the Government. It was the duty of the Commissioner to prove his charge with facts. The Commissioner must clearly point out which activities of the State Congress are subversive and disloyal. I still await a reply from the Government on this question.

"The Commissioner lectured about 'Ahimsa.' May I ask if he and his Police force will be imbued with this good quality? Our creed is, of course, non-violence. It is because of this that unfortunate developments were averted at Chengannur, Neyyantinkara, Nedunganda and other places. It is strange that the Commissioner forgets that fact.

AT MADRAS.

"The Commissioner says that we had gone to Madras. It is true. But under what conditions? All meetings of the State Congress were banned. It was impossible to call public meetings. If we thought of propaganda through the Press, there was no freedom for the

(Continued on Page 14, Col. 5).

MADE A NEW MAN OF ME IN FIFTEEN DAYS
VITALITY LOW, STRENGTH AND VIGOUR FADING DAILY...
June 1st
Totally discouraged about my health. Knew I was growing steadily weaker, and nothing seemed to help. Heard Waterbury's Compound contains many strengthening ingredients that help rebuild the system, and bought a bottle . . .
June 15th
Did not know any tonic could help so much in such a short time. Actually feel like a new man; look and act years younger. Best of all, am gaining steadily every day. Waterbury's has certainly restored my strength.
(Signed Mr. A. R. L.)
WATERBURY'S COMPOUND
Sold in the Blue and Red Wrappers—the Red as a General and Branchial Tonic

The Old Inn Sign is a British Institution

Old English Inn Signs No. 14

CAT AND FIDDLE

This name is supposed to be a corruption of the French "Le chat fidèle," a Frenchman having called his house by that name in memory of a favourite cat. The suggestion that it comes from "Caton le Fidèle" (a Governor of Calais) seems somewhat far-fetched.

The game of 'cat' (trap ball) and a fiddle (for dancing) provided for the amusement of customers is another explanation of the name.

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LAGER BEER

IS A PURELY BRITISH PRODUCT

Cutler Palmer

LONDON BOMBAY CALCUTTA MADRAS LAHORE COLOMBO

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DELAY is DANGEROUS

End it with NOVUM

After years of research Dr. Lessuor of Paris, has discovered an infallible remedy for menstrul delays. Makes your course run smooth. Keeps your period regular. An ideal remedy for natural birth-control. IF NOVUM is taken 4 days before "Time" or within 8 days after, family limitation is assured. Absolutely harmless. Recommended by Doctors and Nurses all round the world. Informative literature and open formula on request. Price per bottle of 21 Capsules. Rs. 12-8-0. SUPER CONCENTRATED NOVUM for immediate results in very obstinate cases of menstrual delays, often acts in a few minutes. Price per bottle of 90 Pills. Rs. 21. (Postage and Packing Free.)

WARNING SHOULD NOT BE USED IN PREGNANCY OTHERWISE ABORTION WILL OCCUR

AT ALL CHEMISTS OR DIRECT FROM

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KEAY HOUSE, OPP. LLOYDS BANK, HORNBY RD. FORT, BOMBAY.

FOR PERMANENT STRENGTH DRINK...

Try **Phosferine Tonic Wine** in lemonade—the most refreshing, bracing, delicious drink for a blazing hot day!

If you want to build up your stamina, restore lost energy and banish that "too tired" feeling, take a wineglassful of **Phosferine Tonic Wine** two or three times a day! If you feel the weather, there's nothing like this rich, healthful Wine to brace you up! If you seek a general tonic, **Phosferine Tonic Wine** is the pick-me-up you need!

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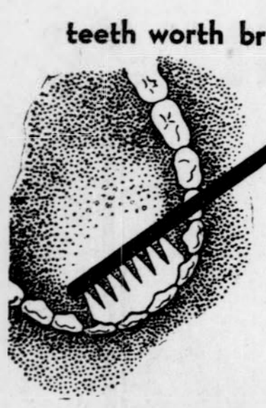
THE BEST THE WORLD PRODUCES

Local Agents, SPENCER & CO. LTD., Madras and throughout India

teeth worth brushing



are worth brushing *well*

You have only one set of teeth—guard them from the menace of acid-forming food particles that ordinary brushing fails to remove! Protect them with Tek, the brush with the patented Short Head, specially designed by dentists to reach every nook and corner of the mouth. Stout Tek bristles clean out crannies a bigger brush would miss completely. Get Tek to-day. It's tooth insurance.

Let your dentist explain Tek's advantages—how the Short Head permits beneficial "up and down" brushing—how Tek bristles outlast all others.

Beware of brushes claiming a "small head". This is not the same as the Tek Short Head. Tek is the only genuine short-headed brush in the world.

Tek

(or TEK JUNIOR FOR CHILDREN)

Sterilized, in sealed container — 6 colours

Also:—Johnson's Baby Powder, Baby Soap and Baby Cream. Johnson's Prickly Heat Soap and Powder, Zo Adhesive Plaster, Band-Aid, Modess Sanitary Towels, Ortho-Gynol and Johnson's Belladonna Plasters.

Guaranteed Products of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain) Limited, Slough

Two Burnt To Death

Two Others Lying In Precarious Condition

BANGALORE, July 22.

According to news to hand, four men who were engaged in clearing the steel plant at Bhadravati Iron Works (about hundred miles from Bangalore) were severely burnt due, it is stated, to petrol catching fire.

One man collapsed on the spot, while another died a few hours later. Two others are in a precarious condition. It is gathered that the petrol was set ablaze as a result of someone lighting a match.

Investigations are proceeding.—A.P.

INDIA'S RELIGIOUS TOLERANCE

Pandit Nehru Extols Keshub Chander Sen

LONDON, (By Mail.)

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was an hour late when he attended the meeting to celebrate the centenary of the birth of Keshub Chander Sen at Caxton Hall here This was the first time that he had been late for an appointment during his present stay in England—a real feat considering the heavy programme which he is fulfilling.

It was a remarkable thing, said Pandit Nehru, that in the history of India going over thousands of years there was very little religious discord. India had to a large degree the spirit of toleration and foreign observers were apt to forget this.

He pointed out that in the first century of the Christian era large numbers of Christians wended their way to India long before Christianity had made its appearance in Europe. Those Christians were still in India, in the South. There was also a flourishing community of Nestorian Christians in India—and Nestorian Christians were to all intents and purposes unknown in other parts of the world to-day.

The Jews went to India about 1,800 years ago and they too were still there. The people of all these different religions came to India and they were absorbed. Later the Parsees came and they too became Indians.

When the Aryans made their appearance there was, of course, conflict as between conquered and conqueror, but there were no religious conflicts and the Aryans adapted themselves very largely to the prevailing conditions in India. Because of that they flourished.

Then Buddhism came. Buddhism was in essence a popular revolt against certain social conditions practised by a decadent Hinduism. In turn Buddhism became absorbed as a separate religion, but before it did so, it had greatly influenced the older faith by which it was absorbed.

India, said Pandit Nehru, had, indeed, displayed an extraordinary capacity to absorb.

RIGHTS OF INDIAN WOMEN.

In contrast to this he instanced what had happened in Europe, where there were religious wars and wars of extermination, and he drew the conclusion that India was an astoundingly unified country culturally and had been so over thousands of years.

Lord Samuel, who described Keshub Chander Sen as a great pioneer, said that it was only right that there should be in London an echo of the celebrations being held in India.

Sir Abdul Qadir said that what Chander Sen appealed to him as a Mussalman in the teachings of Keshub Chander Sen was that a real attempt had been made to grasp all that was good from all religions. In this one could, perhaps, find the solution to many of the problems of our own times.

Keshub Chander Sen had made a great contribution to the peace of this world in that he had the breadth of vision to pay respect to all leaders of religion. To Keshub Chander Sen all humanity was alike.

Sir Abdul Cadir also recalled that Keshub Chander Sen was one of the first to fight for the rights of Indian women and the results of his teachings were seen to-day in the growing influx of Indian women who yearly graced the London scene and who were taking the lead in social and political matters more and more as the days passed in India.

Miss Eleanour Rathbone, M.P., for the combined English Universities, said that there were links between India and Great Britain other than those of imperial power and statute law. India and Great Britain were bound together by common memory, experience and spiritual ideals.

There was one respect in which Keshub Chandar would find an improvement in this country and his own. The emancipatian of women, Miss Rathbone said, was almost complete here and it had made very great strides in India. The movement that Keshub had founded had done much to secure that advance.—Reuter.

BUSES IN BELGAUM TO LIE IDLE?

Owners Complain Against New Tax Imposed By Sangli State

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, July 21.

About 175 motor buses which ply in Belgaum District are likely to be idle in a week if the bus owners' just demands are not conceded.

The cause of the trouble is that the Sangli State has abolished all tolls in their State from April, 1938, and has introduced a Motor Vehicles Tax similar to the Bombay Motor Vehicles Tax Act and is demanding Rs. 300 per year from every bus-owner who ply his bus on Poona-Bangalore Road on which the Sangli State has got jurisdiction for about seven miles in one place and about two miles in another portion of the same road.

Mr. B. M. Gogate, Pleader, Belgaum and Secretary of Belgaum District Motor Owners' Co-operative Association

The motor-owners are unable to pay tax in British India and also in the State. It is to be noted that the Poona-Bangalore Road is maintained and repaired by the Bombay P.W.D. and yet the Sangli State wants to tax the motor-owners only because the buses on Poona-Bangalore Road have to pass through a distance of seven miles over which Sangli State has got jurisdiction. It is reliably understood that if Sangli State succeeds in levying the tax other States will follow suit.

In this connection Mr. B. M. Gogate, Secretary of the Belgaum Dist. Motor Owners' Co-operative Association, Pleader, from Belgaum, saw Mr. K. M. Munshi on Wednesday and placed before him the grievances of the motor bus-owners. Mr. Munshi gave a patient hearing and promised to look into the matter.

SEND-OFF TO RLY. WORKERS' LEADERS

Meeting Coming Off On Saturday

The General Secretary of the B.B. and C.I. Railway Workers' Union writes:—

A meeting of the workers of the B.B. and C.I. Railway will be held on Saturday, the 23rd July, at 6-30 p. m. at Dhuru Hall, Dadar under the presidentship of Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, the President of the B.B. and C.I. Railwaymen's Union, for the purpose of paying tribute to Mr. Jaikaransingh and five other members of the staff of the Traffic Department, who have recently retired from service.

Prominent working class leaders have been invited to attend and address the same. Sjt. S. Rajnarayansingh, a proficient vocal musician of the U.P. and Madhosingh, a pakhwaj and tabla expert, have kindly consented to give musical performance.

Originally a devout Arya Samajist, Mr. Jaikaransingh, under the impact of trade unionists became a Marxist. In the struggle of the militant section of the B.B and C.I. Railway Employees' Union against the moderates, he remained a firm supporter of the former, and is one of the founders and pillars of the militant union.

Boycott Japanese Goods

Appeal To Indian Muslims

LUCKNOW, (By Mail).

An appeal to Indian Muslims to boycott Japanese goods to hasten economic bankruptcy of Japan was made by Djelaleddin Wanzmshan, Leader of the Chinese Muslim Near East Goodwill Mission, at tea given by Nawab Sir Muhammad Ahmed Said Khan of Chhatari to meet the delegation at Claudette.

The leader of the delegation addressed the gathering in Turkish and was interpreted in English by his companion Mr. Yusuf. At the outset he thanked Muslims and non-Muslims of India for their sympathy with the Chinese and for the great deal they had done for them. They had travelled all the countries in the Near East and their aim was to establish contacts with Muslim and non-Muslims in the Near East.

Since the Republican revolution, added the leader, Muslims were moving hand in hand with non-Muslims. They had achieved considerable improvement all-round and it was unfortunate that when they were proceeding on their way their progress was checked by the Japanese who invaded them without any reason. It was known to every body, he added, that Japan's aim was ultimately to take the whole of Asia and consequently with "Asia Policy" she declared war without any rhyme and reason unless it was due to jealousy. Since 1928 Central Government had grown stronger and was firmly proceeding on the path of progress. Every man and woman in China to-day was determined to sacrifice every thing and even to die in the cause of the country.

Mr. Djelaleddin explained that before the war broke out Communists and Nationalists differed but since the war the two political rivals are gathered under the National flag. The Japanese had a deep intention of dividing the Chinese and for this reason had started world wide propaganda to the effect that Muslims were badly treated in China.

The leader of the delegation explained that every Chinese is optimistic about the ultimate victory of the Chinese because of the three-fold policy followed at present—scorching earth policy, the prolongation of war policy and the nation-wide resistance policy. According to the first policy all the soldiers were instructed to destroy every structure and all the defences before giving up a city. They set fire to the city and even threw mud into the wells. In the second case the Chinese soldiers did not shoot unless they actually saw the enemy. They contrived however to induce the enemy to spend more ammunition. He informed the gathering that the Japanese had not conquered so much as they boasted of. These policies, he was convinced, would bring Japan into total bankruptcy. Japan was going to lose the war economically. She has been refused cotton by India. She was unable to stage the 1940 Olympiad (peace games) for want of money. On the other hand the speaker claimed the Chinese would win economically, politically and military. Due to their paper currency policy they had accumulated silver and gold bars. They had at present 8 million people under military training.

Concluding Djelaleddin said that China was fighting for justice, peace and integrity. If China wins Muslims win. If China gets strong Muslims get strong. He said that another object of the mission is to call sympathies of Muslims of the world for China. They only wanted moral help. He requested them to boycott Japanese goods. He heartily thanked the Congress for sending an ambulance and holding meetings in sympathy.

Mr. Ibrahim Matienying alleged that Japanese did not recognize Islam as a religion though they had done immense propaganda in the form of constructing a mosque at Tokio.

Conversations with the members of the mission disclosed that the Chinese were receiving Soviet help, that there was no communal feeling in China and that Indian Muslims were thinking of sending a mission to China to study the situation.—A P.

Labour Leader Released

CALCUTTA, July 21.

Mr. Niharendu Duttmojumdar, M. L. A., and labour leader who was convicted by the District Magistrate of Tipperah under the Terrorist Outrages Act in connection with the organisation of Kisan Sabhas in Tipperah District was released to-day from Midnapur Central Jail after the expiry of his sentence of three months rigorous imprisonment.—United Prses.

The HEALER Everybody Needs

—Zam-Buk For Skin Troubles and Injuries.

IF you've a bad cut, bruise, sprain or insect bite—if you suffer from itchy pimples, rashes or skin sores of any kind, you can always depend upon Zam-Buk to put you right again. This famous antiseptic ointment, which is made from purest herbs, possesses wonderful pain-soothing and quick curative powers. Smeared over injured or diseased skin it soon penetrates through the tiny pores, searching out and overcoming all poisonous germs. Zam-Buk subdues inflammation and soreness and heals without a scar. For eczema, ulcers, bad legs, festering sores, open wounds and serious skin disorders Zam-Buk is a recognised cure. Get a box to-day.

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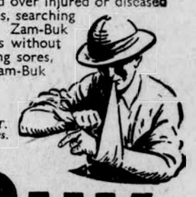
GUARANTEED FREE FROM ANIMAL FAT. Price One Rupee or Rs. 2-4 at all medicine dealers.



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Normo-Gastrine

The wonderful new remedy relieves Indigestion, Flatulence, Distention and Heartburn in less than 20 minutes. Absolutely safe. Recommended by the leading physicians.

Partake of your favourite dishes, paratas, chappatis, purees, luchees, etc., without fear of unpleasant after effects.

Of all pharmacies, dispensaries and dealers.

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SOOTHE your NERVES -benefit your HEALTH!

The moment you light up a Passing Show strained nerves are soothed and refreshed. Their smooth-smoking fine quality Virginia Tobacco acts as a splendid tonic which quickly benefits your health.

Golden in colour Golden in quality

PASSING SHOW

2½ ANNAS for 10

PLAIN OR CORK-TIPPED

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WELLINGTON
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 10 p.m.

Together—the excitement of adventure in his heart combined with the love in hers.....

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Your favourite star of the "Count of Monte Cristo" fame in a yet greater role, with the glamorous

MARLENE DIETRICH

IN

"KNIGHT WITHOUT ARMOUR"

PLANS OPEN — 'Phone 22666.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOW AT 10 a.m.

LAUREL & HARDY

IN

"WAY OUT WEST"

From SATURDAY Next:

Ascetic vs. Woman!

Austerity vs. Charm!

Heroes vs. Cupid!

THE MIGHTY BATTLE BEGINS:

Gorakh Aya

RANJIT MOVIETONE'S GIANT PRODUCTION

Directed by: CHATURBHUJ DOSHI

Starring:

★ RAJKUMARI (Chandra of "Devadas"),

★ MAZHAR,

T. KAPOOR, KALYANI, SARLA, RAM APTE, CHATTERJEE.

From SATURDAY, July 30:

WEST END

FRANK CAPRA WEEK

BEGINS FROM TO-DAY at THE BROADWAY Kingsway Dadar.

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CLAUDETTE COLBERT CLARK GABLE in

"IT HAPPENED ONE NIGHT"

TO-MORROW MORNING AT 10-30 A.M.

H. G. WELLS' Amazing forecast for the Future

"THINGS TO COME"

SEE what the world will be like 100 years from now!

The EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY At 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

BRITISH LION PICTURE

HARTLEY POWER MARGARET LOCKWOOD in

Jury's Evidence

A Beaconsfield Production

DIRECTED BY RALPH INCE

with NORA SWINBURNE EVE GRAY TRACY HOLMES

The Elopement, and After ——?

The Jailor's wife ran away with the Doc.

What follows, is the thrilling sequence of events breezily told in Minerva Movietone's.

'Jailor'

Starring

SOHRAB MODI (Director.)

★ LEELA CHITNIS, ★ SHEELA, ★ SADIQ ALI etc.,

A Story that will Sink in Your Soul!

2ND WEEK

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 P.M.

Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-30 P.M.

KRISHNA

Talkies Dubash Theatre

—AND STILL THEY COME!

PREMIERE CROWDS.

Now in the 12TH WEEK

PRABHAT'S

"Gopal Krishna"

(HINDI)

—Such Popularity must be Deserved!

"GOPAL KRISHNA"

Starring

★ SHANTA APTE
★ RAM MARATHEY
★ PARASHRAM

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 P.M.

Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-30 P.M.

CENTRAL

Cinema Girgaum.

12th WEEK and Still the Favourite

"KUNKU"

Time as Usual

PLAZA—Dadar

Give Up 'Forward' Policy

Reply To Apologists Of Indian Frontier Bombing

Mr. Arthur Osburn writes in the "Manchester Guardian."

Air Commodore Chamier has recently tried to justify in your columns the bombing of Indian villages whose inhabitants are suspected of having sheltered bad characters or political agitators, or have refused to pay taxes levied without their consent, or in some way offended a Government they distruct and dislike, as much as the Irish did recent English Governments. Commodore Chamier optimistically assumes that when these villages are destroyed no one, innocent or guilty, young or old, will be killed or injured. Even so, who will suffer most from the wholesale destruction of all stores of food, of all shelter, and of the crops and herds? Obviously it must be the sick and helpless, the very old, and the young children. As for any really bad characters in the village (often propertyless young bachelors), they will be among the first to clear out and the first also to venture back into the ruins to do a little plundering on their own account. The bad will escape, the more innocent will be the most punished. How much authority will the headman and the elders of the village retain with the more unruly of the youngsters after they themselves have been humiliated and rendered destitute?

It is assumed that there will be "caves" or "mountains" obligingly convenient to which presumably all but the very old or the very sick will be able to flee for safety. The women in the village, including those in an advanced state of pregnancy are to make the rough journey over mountain tracks through desert country intensely hot by day and bitterly cold at night, or they may escape to some neighbouring village, miles distant, which has not been destroyed. How many of the sick and old must remain to take their chance of destruction rather than face the hardships of this sudden exodus?

Quite recently English villagers drove out Government auctioneers who were only endeavouring to recover tithe imposed by a Government which they had themselves helped to elect, but no die-hard has yet suggested that the Royal Air Force should have been sent at twenty-four hours' notice to blow these villages and the crops to smithereens. Yet it would be far easier to remove the old and feeble in England than in North-west India.

Photographs taken of these bombed villages are, it is known sought for by Italian and German agents in Afghanistan. Will they not appear as proof of British brutality and hypocrisy? Why should we go out of our way to give apparent justification to Mussolini's jeers and taunts? What object is here in spending money urgently needed in half-starved and undereducated India upon those continuous attempts to extend our already vast Indian Empire north-west and north-east until we can make contact with the frontiers of Russia? The farther we push west or north of Peshawar or Abbottabad the more barren and unprofitable becomes the country and the greater the expenses in maintaining our hold. A frontier on the western bank of the Indus guarded by barbed-wire and blockhouses would obviate these costly expeditions and these pretexts for bombing and other indiscriminate punishments and reprisals.

SMUGGLING OF SUGAR IN INDORE

Only Licensed Dealers To Handle Commodity Hereafter

INDORE, July 22.

According to a notification just issued, the Holkar Government has tightened the Customs regulations in respect of sugar.

A locality in Indore town, named Siyaganj, is the biggest Customs free market in Central India. No duty of any kind is charged on goods imported to this market so that the dealers develop all India business by exporting goods on wholesale basis to other parts of India making Indore as the main distributing centre of Central India.

About 70,000 maunds of sugar are exported from Indore to other parts of the country. Lately organised bands of smugglers have grown up who smuggle sugar from this market to non-free areas of Indore town. Special police are appointed to prevent this smuggling but without success.

A new arrangement has now been made by which only licensed dealers will be allowed to import sugar into Siyaganj customs-free. This sugar will be deposited in a licensed warehouse and from there it will be sold either to those who show a duty-paid pass for the quantity demanded, or it will be re-exported to other parts of the country.

The licensee will have to keep an account of his stock and the quantities sold. This will stop smuggling and is expected to yield about Rs. 50,000 more in customs revenue to the Holkar Government.—A. P.

Globe Talkies

SANDHURST ROAD

Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 P.M.

Fri. Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-45 P.M.

MASCOT SERIAL in 26 Reels 1st Instalment 12 Reels.

"The Vanishing Legion"

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HAREY CAREY
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"Trader Horn" Fame
also
FRANKIE DARRO
WILLIAM DESMOND
HORSE REX.
DON'T MISS.

JUDGMENT IN "ALL-INDIA COUNTERFEIT CONSPIRACY CASE"

One Accused Gets Three Years' Jail: Two Others Acquitted

The Sessions Judge at Dhulia delivered judgment on the 15th instant in the case known as "The All-India Counterfeit Conspiracy." Dinkarrao Lalji from Navapur and Lalji Madhu and Baburao Lalji from Nandarbar were the accused. Some incriminating articles for counterfeiting coins were found in the house of Dinkerrao Lalji, and Lalji Madhu and Baburao Lalji were suspected of aiding Dinkerrao Lalji.

Dinkerrao Lalji was represented by Mr. Koparkar, the Asst. Government Pleader, Dhulia, and Lalji Madhu and Baburao Lalji were represented by Mr. Janardhan B. Desai, Advocate from Bulsar.

Dinkerrao Lalji was convicted under Section 232 and 235 of Indian Penal Code and sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for three years for each of the offences, the sentences to run concurrently. Lalji Madhu and Baburao were acquitted.

Dr. Gilder On Ahmedabad's Enthusiasm For Prohibition

AHMEDABAD, July 21.

Before leaving Ahmedabad, interviewed by the Associated Press, Dr. Gilder expressed deep gratification at what he saw during his visit to Ahmedabad in connection with the introduction of prohibition. The intensive propaganda of the prohibition Department in the past six weeks under the direction of Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, the prohibition Commissioner, had indeed borne very good fruit. The wonderful enthusiasm displayed by the mass of people was the best possible augury of the success of prohibition in Ahmedabad. This enthusiasm had to be maintained and harnessed to constructive activity for which the prohibition department had well thought out a long range programme.

PLEA FOR CO-OPERATION

"I am certain", he said, "that Congress, Labour Association and other institutions of the city and the people in general will give their whole hearted co-operation in this great work so that prohibition may be made truly effective in this city. I leave this place with the firm faith that the success of prohibition in the city will exceed all expectations and every time I come back here, my satisfaction will grow."—A. P.

WALK-OUT IN TRAVANCORE LEGISLATURE

(Continued from Page 12).

Press. It is a fact known to all. In the circumstances we went to Madras on February 17. We met several prominent persons there.

Mr. Sivathanu Pillai: Are all these relevant here?

Mr. Pattom: That question ought to have been put to the Police Commissioner.

WHAT IS GOVERNMENT.

Continuing Mr. Pattom said: "We had to carry on some propaganda for the State Congress. The proprietor of a Press here refused to print even letter-heads as the words "State Congress" appeared in them. This is the situation here. If Government policies are wrong, we will criticise. I have never thought that a special officer or officers are the Government.

The Commissioner says that there are two parties in the State. Is it that one party consists of drunken rowdies, who are habitual criminals? No one else creates disturbances at public meetings."

DIWAN'S STATEMENT.

After Mr. Kainikara Padmanabha Pillai had spoken, the Diwan President made a statement to the following effect:—

"Before putting the motion to the vote of the House. I think it my duty and right to make certain observations. I do not propose to say much at this juncture. To say that Government was directly or indirectly responsible for disturbances at public meetings is a grave charge to make against the Government. I need not condemn in particular such propaganda outside the State. Accusations unheard of for a long time in India and absolutely improbable in this State have been spread in the name of the people of the State, its Government and its financial position. It is not my purpose to deal with these at present. Two things have to be cleared: and it is my duty to do so. In those acts I leave out individuals. No civilised Government will consider legitimate and constitutional activities for progress as disloyal or subversive. Such activities should not leave out of account fundamental principles that govern the administration of an Indian State. No agitation for Responsible Government, if it is carried on in a constitutional manner, is disloyal. But if attempts are made to cut at the root of those fundamental principles, they are disloyal. As a man and as the head of the Government I declare with a full sense of responsibility that, looking to the State Congress, it is engaged in disloyal and subversive activities. It is wrong to say that the Government is suppressing agitation for Responsible Government. I repudiate that charge with all the vehemence at my command. I also repudiate the charge that Government is in any way responsible for disturbances at public meetings."

WALK-OUT.

Immediately after this statement from the Diwan President, Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai, Leader of the State Congress Party, declared: "We refute and and repudiate the statement of the Diwan that the State Congress is a disloyal and subversive body. As a demonstration of our resentment we are walking out of the House." Immediately all members of the State Congress left the Hall.

The Diwan President put the motion to vote and it was declared carried by 47 votes. Three remained neutral. As the Opposition had walked out, it was not possible to record the number for the motion.

The large crowds, which had gathered near the Town Hall, cheered the State Congress members as they came out of the Assembly after the walk-out.

Through Running Suspended

CHITTAGONG, July 21.

The Divisional Transportation Superintendant of Assam Bengal Railway wires:—

Owing to breaches between Doom Doomiagaon and Mairabari on Senchoa Mairabari branch of the Assam Bengal Railway through running has been suspended beyond Doom Doomiagaon.

Probable duration of the block is three weeks.

Speaking at a meeting of the Empire Parliamentary Association in Westminster Hall to-day, the Prime Minister stressed the value of the countries of British Commonwealth showing united front in foreign policy.

120 MINUTES: 120 LAUGHS:

REAL LAUGH—A—MINUTE FILM!

BEDEKAR PRODUCTIONS'

"LAKSHMICHE KHEL"

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The Singular Adventures of an Unemployed Man!

A NEW VISION OF THE WORLD! A NEW ATTITUDE OF LIFE & WORK!

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2nd WEEK Majestic

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 P.M.

Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-30 P.M. Cinema Girgaum

Aeronautics on Indian Screen!

Film Corporation Presents

ASHA

A drama of Thrills-Romance-Suspense-

Featuring: Kamlesh Kumari, Vijay Kumar, Dev Bala, Kapoor, Kamran, B.A., Tulsi Lahiri, Puran Chowdhury, etc.

Her Wedding Tolled Her Death-Knell

That was her self-imposed Penalty for her Revolt against Society

Why?

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AGA KHAN'S BIG TEA BILL

LONDON (By Mail).

Aga Khan drank tea costing £30 a pound when he visited the India Tea Pavilion at the Empire Exhibition, Glasgow.

The tea, a gold-tipped, flowery, "broken orange" Pekoe, was infused in an old Tibetan teapot used by a former Dalai Lama.

A white garland was placed around the Aga Khan's neck when he arrived in Glasgow.

During his tour of the Exhibition he placed a stone on the cairn in the garden of the Peace Pavilion, on behalf of the people of India.

In the afternoon he made one of his rare appearances as a speaker at a meeting in the Exhibition concert hall.

NEWS IN BRIEF

JULLUNDUR, July 22.—Bhai Dhian Singh of village Jandiala in Jullundur has been interned in his village on his release from the Lahore Central Jail after serving 20 years' rigorous imprisonment.—United Press.

Colonial Secretary, Malcolm MacDonald at West Africa Dinner Club last night referred to importance of consultation from time to time between Government officials serving in dependencies and others with West African interests as means of coming nearer to achievement of great objects which they shared in common.—B. O. W.

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MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS' BILL

(Continued from page 6.)

the different organs; and they reveal the individual peculiar characteristics of a drug which distinguishes it from the other drugs of the same or different nature. The therapeutic field of each drug in Homoeopathy is amazing. A single drug can be given in a variety of symptom-groups named differently, provided that individual peculiar characteristics as revealed by its testing on healthy human beings are similar to the symptom-groups in question.

In Allopathy, on the other hand, drug effects are tested on lower animals such as dogs, guinea-pigs, mice, monkeys, etc., in the first place and then they are given to sick persons. The whole of this procedure is questionable. However healthy these lower animals may be, they cannot be compared with the healthy human beings of either sex constitutionally and temperamentally. Moreover, the sick person is extremely sensitive and, therefore, the action and reaction of a drug on such sensitive person cannot be ascertained definitely, as it can be done in the case of healthy human beings who are less sensitive or not at all.

The result of this ambiguous method is that the field of action of a single drug is extremely limited, as every allopathic doctor knows; and that is the reason why an allopathic doctor gives several remedies in a mixture, hoping that some may hit the target. Sometimes they hit; but many a time they fall. Failure causes confusion; and the more the confusion the greater the drugging; and thus a vicious circle is set up and the patient is then condemned to chronic suffering. On account of this polypharmacy an allopathic doctor does not definitely understand which drug has acted exactly in which way or if there has been any reaction of the primary action.

No Ambiguity In Homoeopathy

The prescription of a homoeopathic remedy is straight business. A homoeopath has to follow certain definite rules in the selection of his remedy. There is no guess-work. When the remedy is selected, it has to be given singly and in the proper strength. The single remedy does not create any confusion. A homoeopath knows about the action as well as the reaction of his remedy, as everything has been revealed to him in his study of that particular drug. A consideration given to the vital side of the sick person in treating diseases is an added advantage to Homoeopathy. Treating a patient as a whole rather than the disease only is the keynote of the success of Homoeopathy.

It may be asked why, if such is the case, a majority of allopathic doctors dislike and condemn this system as unscientific and as quackery. The answer is simple. It has been the custom of allopathic officialdom to condemn without proper enquiry any new discovery in the method of treatment in the beginning. Take, for example, the instance of Dr. Jenner, the inventor of the inoculation of calf-lymph for the prevention of small-pox. He was condemned and stigmatized as a quack by his allopathic brethren and his new method was considered as unorthodox and hence unscientific. Such has been the fate of every discovery.

Homoeopathy is not a discovery, but a 'reformation'. It tries to change the whole conception of disease and the relation of drugs to the diseased conditions. In fact, it gives a tremendous shock to the very foundation of the tradition of orthodox medicine, which is conservative in nature. As far as possible a follower of orthodox medicine will try to follow the beaten track, however tedious and dangerous it may be. Tradition is mightier than revelation of scientific facts. Reformation had always caused bitter controversy. There is no wonder, therefore, that an allopath trained in the traditional system should dislike and condemn Homoeopathy as quackery.

It is true that in India many of the so-called Homoeopaths are ill-trained and the degrees of some are bogus. But, it is not their fault. There are hardly any schools or colleges fully equipped for giving scientific homoeopathic education. Government is indifferent to homoeopathic education, with the result that unauthorized degrees are not uncommon

Differential Treatment Is Unfair

The Bombay Government is now going to give recognition to the indigenous systems of medicine. Let them do so. But, why should it ban the practice of Homoeopathy? A homoeopath, however badly trained he might be, will do less harm to the patient than what is done by indiscriminate drugging by a qualified allopath. Homoeopathy is not a fad. All the allopathic doctors who consciously studied it, including those who wanted to expose it as a fad, became its staunch adherents. Eminent doctors in Europe have openly declared its virtues, though the majority of the medical bureaucracy is biased against it.

There should be no bias in scientific research. "A physician's high and only mission is to restore the sick to the health" and this should be the aim of every right-minded physician. Why should he not take the help of other methods of treatment when his own treatment miserably fails? There should be no commercialism and high-handedness in a matter which concerns the well-being of the general public. It is high time now that the physicians of these different pathies should co-operate. In this way all of them will achieve the greatest good of the greatest number of people

It has been said that there is no difference between Allopathy and Homoeopathy except in therapeutics. But, this exception itself is what really matters and the spirit of Homoeopathy is in this exception. It has also been said that an allopath may study Homoeopathy and practise it and that it is a sheer waste of money to start a new homoeopathic college. Well, if an allopath can study and practise Homoeopathy, why should he not study Ayurveda and Unani and practise them? Why should there be separate schools for teaching Ayurveda and the Unani? Why is Government going to give help to these schools and recognise them separately?

Is it not also sheer waste of money? If Government wants to save the money, let it appoint an Ayurvedic Vaidya and Unani Hakim in each of the existing medical schools and colleges to give post-graduate instruction. Why should there be one rule for Ayurveda and Unani and another for Homoeopathy? It is the duty of Government to treat all alike If Government is not going to encourage Homoeopathy, atleast let it not discourage it.

BRITAIN AND "FASCIST BULLIES"

Government Accused

LONDON, (BY Mail)

Criticism of the "ill-concealed support given by the British Government to the Fascist bullies in Italy and Germany" was voiced by Mr. Alex Gossip of London, at the annual conference of the General Federation of Trade Unions in Glasgow.

"This National Government is the worst Government the country has ever had," he said. "Some time ago it influenced the Bank of England to lend millions of pounds to Germany, knowing perfectly well that the money was going to be used for rearmament purposes. Not content with that, it now asks the workers to help to rearm this country against the threat of armed Germany. The whole thing is sheer hypocrisy.

Looking at it from the capitalist and imperialist point of view, I think everyone will agree that a very dangerous situation is developing at the present time in regard to Gibraltar. But the Government is prepared to face that. It hates the Republican Government of Spain and it is so anxious to have Fascism supreme in Spain that it is prepared even to risk its Imperialist interests."

Adding that it was for the workers to thwart the Government, Mr. Gossip said that he had not slightest doubt in his own mind that the Government was anxious to introduce Fascism in some shape or form in this country.

A resolution pledging the delegates to resist the Government's "attempts to support the aggressor countries in their fight against democracy in Spain, Austria, and other countries," was unanimously adopted.

"A Teacher's Dismissal"

Mr. N. V. Sohoni writes to correct the summary of his letter published in our columns on July 11, in that he was not dismissed from the Robert Money High School, but his services were terminated with by the authorities.

LONDON, July 21.—The Egyptian Prime Minister, who was accompanied by the Egyptian Ambassador in London had conversation with Mr. Chamberlain at the House of Commons this afternoon. On Saturday the Egyptian Prime Minister will meet the Foreign Secretary, Lord Halifax. —Reuter.

Return Of Confiscated Lands

(Continued from page 20)

Working Committee. It is considered likely that the Congress Working Committee will send for the old and new Ministers and call for an explanation. Dr. N. B. Khare will be asked to resign, and it is doubtful whether he will comply with the directions of the Congress Working Committee. The next course will be the calling of an urgent meeting of the Congress Legislative Party, where a no-confidence motion in Dr. Khare will be passed and a new leader elected. The possibilities, according to informed circles, are that in spite of this vote of the Congress Party, Dr. Khare will not tender his resignation as Prime Minister and wait for the vote of confidence by the Legislature.

REPLY TO MUSLIM LEAGUE.

The C. P. tangle is expected to take at least two full days of the time of the Congress Working Committee. After that the Working Committee is expected to discuss the reply that is to be sent by the Congress President to the President of the Muslim League in connection with the Hindu-Muslim Unity negotiations that have been in progress for a long time. The wording of the reply is not expected to take a long time, as by now every member of the Committee is aware of what is to be done consistent with Congress policy.

The recent controversy over the Federation question is bound to come up for discussion. Babu Subhas Chandra Bose will ask the Committee to discuss and decide, whether Mr. Satyamurthi was within his rights as a Congressman to word his statement about Federation as he had done.

STATEMENT ON FEDERATION.

In view of the discussion that has been going on over the Federal Scheme, both in India and in England, the Congress Working Committee is expected to issue a short statement to the Press clarifying the position and drawing the attention of the public to the Haripura resolution about Congress attitude towards Federation. It is also likely that the Committee will come to a private decision that no individual member of the Working Committee shall interpret the Congress resolution in his own way. The only authoritative statement about Congress attitude towards Federation would be the one coming from the Congress Working Committee.

MADRAS AFFAIRS

The Working Committee is also expected to consider the position in the Madras Presidency 'vis a vis' the Congress Ministry. All has not been smooth sailing in Madras. The agitation that has been raging is being utilised by interested parties to direct an attack against the Congress Ministry. Some disgruntled Congressmen and those who are known opponents of Congress have taken shelter under the agitation against the introduction of Hindi in Madras schools. The other agitation is the one in favour of separation of the Andhra Province. Leading Congressmen, even a member of the Congress Working Committee, and some of the members of the Congress Ministry, are stated to be favouring this agitation. The Prime Minister, Sjt. C. Rajagopalachariar, met with anti-Ministry and pro-Separation demonstrations during his recent tour in Andhra. The Working Committee will have to take immediate steps and tender the necessary advice if the present agitation is not to assume wider dimensions.

CONFISCATED LANDS

It is nearly a year since the Bombay Legislature at the suggestion of the Party in power passed the resolution approving of the policy of the Congress Government to repurchase the confiscated lands and return them to the original owners. And yet all the lands have not been bought because some of the owners are not amenable to reason and demand exhorbitant prices, for lands which they bought almost for a song. The Congress Government contemplates bringing forward legislation enabling Government to buy these lands at reasonable price. It would appear that there are certain difficulties in the way and with a view effectively to tackle this problem, to which the greatest importance is attached by the Congress Ministry, the Working Committee might consider the question and tender the necessary advice.

SIND MINISTRY

The attitude of the Congress Party in Sind towards the present Ministry is also expected to be discussed by the Working Committee. Till now the Congress Party was supporting the Ministry. But the recent developments, which led to the Ministry giving in to the Governor, has led to a change in attitude by the Congress towards the Ministry. There are rumours that a new Ministry would be formed and that it would take the shape of a Congress Coalition Ministry. The matter would be considered by the Committee and Mr. J. B. Kirpalani, the General Secretary of the Congress who will be on the spot is expected to acquaint the Congress Cabinet with the recent developments.

Weight Of Dead Body

To The Editor of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—Will you or any of your scientifically-minded readers be kind enough to let me know, either through the columns of this paper or by direct correspondence, whether it is a fact that physical body weighs more when dead than when alive and that weight increases during the first few hours after the cessation of life, and if so what are the scientific and biological reasons for it, such as the absence of levitation, change of polarity, the formation of new products owing to disintegration of the body, etc. As the information is required for some research work, the undersigned will be highly obliged if the readers give statistics and the source of their knowledge regarding this.—Yours, etc.,

BOHUDANA C. V. GANESH.
15, Mahavir Buildings,
Matunga, Bombay 19.

ANDHRAS V. TAMILIANS

TINNEVELY, July 21.

The demand for a separate Tamil Nad Province, which will give scope for the development of Tamil culture and civilisation was made by the Working Committee of the Tamil Nad Provincial Congress Committee at their meeting held here to-day. Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, M. L. A. (Central) president of the Committee presided.

The following is the text of the resolution adopted by the Committee:

"This Committee while supporting whole heartedly the desire of the Andhras for a separate province and also expressing the eagerness of the Tamilians for a separate Tamil province, which will give scope for the development of Tamil culture and civilisation, deeply deplores the mentality exhibited by certain Andhra leaders and citizens, who while agitating for an Andhra province have commenced a campaign of vilification and hatred against Tamilians and the Premier of Madras."—United Press.

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CALCUTTA POLICE INSPECTOR NEARLY LOSES HIS JOB THROUGH *NIGHT STARVATION*

INSPECTOR! THIS IS THE FOURTH TIME YOU'VE LET THE GANG SLIP THROUGH YOUR FINGERS! YOU'LL LOSE YOUR JOB IF YOU DON'T WAKE UP!
I—I'M DOING MY BEST, SIR
(THINKS) I WISH I KNEW WHERE SUCCESSFUL MEN GET THEIR VITALITY FROM. I'VE GOT NO 'GO' LEFT IN ME AT ALL THESE DAYS. I EVEN WAKE TIRED. AND MY NERVES ARE ALL ON EDGE. I'D BETTER SEE A DOCTOR.
AT THE DOCTOR'S
I'M SO TIRED, EVEN WHEN I WAKE UP. I CAN'T DO MY WORK PROPERLY, DOCTOR.
YOUR TROUBLE IS NIGHT STARVATION. THAT MEANS YOU ARE NOT REPLACING USED-UP ENERGY DURING SLEEP THAT'S WHY YOU HAVE NO VITALITY. I RECOMMEND HORLICKS. TAKE A CUPFUL EVERY NIGHT.
AND SO EVERY NIGHT THE INSPECTOR HAD A CUP OF DELICIOUS HORLICKS MIXED FOR HIM.
TWO MONTHS LATER
CONGRATULATIONS INSPECTOR! THIS LAST ARREST OF YOURS CLEANS UP THE WHOLE GANG! YOU'RE A SMART MAN THESE DAYS!
(THINKS) IT'S EASY TO DO MY JOB NOW I'VE GOT MY VITALITY BACK WITH HORLICKS!
Special Reduced Offer!
Horlicks tastes best when made in the Horlicks Mixer. Just send the disc from the top of any Horlicks pack with As. 8 (for the large Mixer) or As. 4 (for the small Mixer) to P. O. Box 2229, Calcutta.
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GUARD AGAINST "NIGHT STARVATION"
(Savarni Kamjori)

take **HORLICKS**

— then you will sleep soundly, wake refreshed, and have extra energy all day

Light On "Suicide Pact"

Fired Fatal Shot At His Sweetheart

16-Year-old "Model Pupil" Stands Trial For Murder

I LOVE YOU BOTH, BUT I LOVE HIM MORE, SAYS GIRL

NEW YORK (By Mail).

Donald Carroll, 16-year-old High School boy who shot his sweetheart with his father's army pistol as she lay on a bed in his home, is standing trial for murder.

The girl, a pretty eighteen year old stenographer named Charlotte Mathiesen, was about to become a mother. She and Carroll wanted to marry but there was not enough money. Instead they made a suicide pact.

Carroll bought a black tie for the occasion, and for Charlotte he bought a spray of artificial lilies of the valley.

Together they drew up a note, in Carroll's handwriting except for the second signature, reading as follows:—

"Peace bury us together. Please collect Charlotte's salary and my saving account and pay off 1. Charlottee's department store bill. 2. Charlottee's dentist bill" Signed Don F. Carroll Charlotte Matthisesen Carroll."

At the bottom of the paper was a further note in the girl's handwriting. It read:
Dear Mother and Daddy.

I love you both and I am sorry for this. But I love him more. Signed Charlotte.

After writing the notes the boy and girl lay on the bed for almost an hour, discussing what they should do with the loaded revolver under the pillow. Miss Mathiesen tried without success to make Carroll promise that he would spare himself after shooting her. Carroll then got up and fired the fatal shot.

Carroll was unable to tell the police what happened after this. The police believe that he had intended to carry out the suicide pact, but that his nerve failed before he could turn the gun on himself. Five minutes after his sweetheart died Carroll called the police.

Carroll is the son of a retired Lieutenant in the U. S. Army. He is a short, slight boy, old for his age, with sensitive features and long wavy blonde hair. At High School he was considered a model pupil. Lately Carrol had been taking an ardent interest in politics.—Reuter.

BOMBAY-KARACHI TELEGRAPH SERVICE BREAK-DOWN

The Chief Superintendent, Central Telegraph Office, Bombay has issued the following:—

Owing to general breakdown Karachi-Bombay and Karachi-Agra wires between Doronaro-Bamnar, telegrams to Karachi are subject to serious delay.—A. P.

ONE OF THE LARGEST RESTAURANTS AND BARS OF AHMEDABAD, WHICH WAS CLOSED FROM THURSDAY.

ONE OF MANY LIQUOR SHOPS OF AHMEDABAD WHICH CLOSED THEIR DOORS ON WEDNESDAY.

A PROHIBITION EXCISE STATION OF AHMEDABAD.

All Outlying Places Flooded

Dysentery Breaks Out In Several Villages Affected By Brahmaputra Floods

JORHAT: (By Mail).

The River Brahmaputra is in spate for the fifth time in the course of the last three weeks and this time the level of the water has exceeded all records and the last few outlying places left uninundated are now flooded.

The P.W.D. road from Kamalsbari to North Lakhimpur has been breached near Daria, about four miles from the Kamalbari Station and direct traffic and communication from North Lakhimpur to Jorhat is completely cut off.

Dysentery in several villages has broken out in epidemic form. In Marugaon, about four miles from the Ingigaon dispensary, fifteen persons are reported to have succumbed and several others are lying seriously ill.

In Bhogpur, in the interior several deaths are reported and a local board doctor has been sent to the district. In the two Maulzas of Kamalbari and Salmora, about eighty per cent of the people have been rendered homeless and large numbers of cattle have been washed away.

Local and Shillong authorities have been asked to take immediate action for relief measures.—A.P.

The Colonial Office announces that the Palestine Partition Commission, which has been taking evidence in Palestine, is expected to arrive back in London during the second week of August and to resume its sittings for taking evidence in this country on August 15.

INCOME-TAX BILL

Merchants' Chamber Sub-Committee Discussion

The Income-tax Sub-Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber had a meeting with Mr. J. F. Sheehy, Member, Central Board of Revenue, on Thursday, July 21, at 12 noon, when they discussed various provisions of the Income-tax Bill, such as distinction between domicile and otherwise; aggregation of incomes of husband and wife for tax purposes; proposal to treat bonus shares as dividends; reopening of accounts for incomes escaping assessment; slab system; compulsory submission of returns; powers of Income-tax Inspectors, etc.

They also discussed certain administrative questions. Khan Bahadur J. B. Vacha, the Commissioner of Income-tax, was also present at the meeting.

BENARES:—Pandit Malaviyaji who arrived here from Allahabad after his stay in the hills has much improved in health.

CHIEF JUSTICE WALKS OUT FROM COURT!

Argument between Mr. D. N Pritt K. C., M.P., and Sir Kenneth Beatty, Chief Justice in Gibraltar, during the hearing of the Stancroft ship case in mail week ended in the judge walking from the court.

Mr. Pritt had declared that statements made by Sir Kenneth were "a grave sin against British justice."

When he was told to desist, Mr. Pritt retorted that he would be prostituting an honourable profession if he said one word less than he had.

Thereupon the judge rose and walked out.

Sir Kenneth, on the application of the Spanish Government, had set aside the writ of summons for the arrest of part of the Stancroft's cargo (nine aeroplane engines and other alleged war material) which the authorities claimed to be contraband under the clause of the Merchant Shipping Act applicable to Spain.

Announcing his decision, Sir Kenneth said the Court had no jurisdiction to entertain an action against property belonging to a foreign sovereign State. He made no order for the return of the goods.

Mr. Pritt thereupon asked for costs and the delivery of the goods. "You have said in effect 'I have no right to your goods. You have no right to them either." Mr. Pritt said.

Long legal arguments followed. Sir Kenneth told Mr. Pritt "You are no worse off than before."

Mr. Pritt: This Court does not exist to tell me I am no worse off. The Court exists to do justice to prevent injustice. I submit that this is a very grave departure.

Continuing, Mr. Pritt said: "You have rightly dismissed the action. I ask you, for the honour of British court, to give me my goods."

Then came this declaration by the judge:

"I have no sympathy with the applicants (the Spanish Government). Their action in Barcelona in stowing a prohibited cargo on the Stancroft has been embarrassing the British Government considerably and endangering the safety of other British ships."

The shipping company should bear the costs (he went on) because this company's intervention in the Spanish war was probably responsible for the recent bombings of British merchantmen when on their lawful occasions.

Mr. Pritt jumped up: "This is unjust. On behalf of my clients, with whom your Lordship says he has no sympathy—a fact which your Lordship made painfully clear and not only judicially obvious—I must protest against statements prejudicial about them which you have made without warrant or evidence or justification.

"With reference to the statement about the shipping company, who are not my clients. I feel also compelled to say that your Lordship's unwarranted statements against them are a grave sin against British justice and the honour of the Court...."

The judge then rose and walked out.—B.U.P. and Exchange.

(The Stancroft, owned by the Stanhope Steamship Company, of London, was ordered on May 13 by the cruiser 'Devonshire' to proceed to Gibraltar following a report by the Non-Intervention officer on board that she was carrying war materials. Last week the Stancroft's skipper, Captain Stanley Scott, was acquitted on a charge of carrying goods on board his ship contrary to the Merchant Shipping (Carriage of Munitions to Spain) Act.)—"News Chronicle."

HOTELS THAT REFUSE INDIAN GUESTS

The Imperial Aspect

LONDON, (By Mail)

Edward Thompson writes in "Manchester Guardian":—

I write about a matter which has been mentioned in your columns and is troubling me a good deal lately—the refusal of some hotels in Great Britain to admit Indians. To put it as its lowest level, the Imperial, it seems poor policy to insult fellow-citizens whom we may presently be asking to send their sons and brothers to die in our wars. So we may expect support from others than those of the political "Left" in any effort to stop this long-standing scandal.

Could not a list be compiled of hotels that refuse to admit Indians? If a list of clear and proved cases were made we could end this business.

People who know good brandy always ask for CASTILLON —they have done it for over a century in every part of the world. The reason is simple enough it's the choicest brandy that ever came out of cognac.
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Mother! Here's the Friend you often need

The way children knock themselves about, you're simply lost without a reliable antiseptic healer in the house. Keep a tin of Cuticura Ointment by you and you are ready for accidents.

For quick, clean healing, for drawing out soreness and inflammation, use Cuticura Ointment. Apply it to cuts, grazes, scratches and pimples and you need never fear gathering or septic poisoning. To prevent blistering and to cool the fiery pain of scalds and burns Cuticura Ointment is unsurpassed. As a remedy for serious skin troubles the healing power of Cuticura Ointment is magical. It arrests the tormenting itch the moment it touches the skin. Chronic eruptions, that have resisted treatment for years, quickly fade and vanish before the quick action of Cuticura Ointment.

Sample of Cuticura Ointment, Soap and Talcum sent on receipt of 3 annas. Address: **Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay.**

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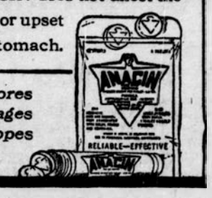

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Gilt-Edged Market Steady

GOLD AND SILVER FIRM

Sharp Rise In Shares

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 22.

MONEY

Monetary situation was unchanged during the week under report, call funds being placeable at 1/2 per cent. The statement of the Reserve Bank of India made up to July 15, 1938, reveals an increase of Rs. 199.91 lacs in 'Banks Deposits' and Rs. 9.49 lacs in 'Government Deposits'. Balances held abroad are further down by Rs. 31.42 lacs. The statement of the Imperial Bank of India made up to the same date shows a decrease in 'Loans and Advances' of Rs. 80.68 lacs and a rise of Rs. 99.46 in 'Deposits'. Total applications for three months' Government Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2.47 crores of which Rs. 1-1/2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Re. 0-12-11 per cent. per annum compared with Re. 0-14-0 per cent. last week. Maturities amounted to Rs. 2 crores. Fixed deposit rates were 1 per cent. for three months and 1 1/4 per cent. for six months.

GILT-EDGED

Gilt-edged were dull during the week, but the undertone of the market was steady. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock improved fractionally from £94-1/2 to £94-5/8, while 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper was steady around Rs. 99.3, after improving to Rs. 99-5 mid-week. Among the redeemable securities, long and medium dated scrips were in good demand; 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan was done at Rs. 100-6, 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan at Rs. 102-11, while 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan changed hands at Rs 106-6; 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan kept almost unchanged at Rs. 112-14, 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan at Rs. 98-4, whilst 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan closed a trifle lower at Rs. 119-6. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (Tax free) loan closed at Rs. 118-2, 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 108-10 and 3 per cent. 1941 bonds at Rs. 103-5. 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan was virtually pegged around Rs. 103-7. 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan at Rs. 106-13, while 5-1/2 per cent. 1938-40 loan closed at Rs. 100-15.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was steady during the week, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 5-7/8d. and buyers 1s. 5-29/32d. Some showing of export bills in outside markets and business in connection with export of gold coins was responsible for a firmer market at the close, sellers of T. T. quoting 1s. 5-57/64d. and buyers 1s. 5-59/64d.

Among the foreign exchange in London, the dollar depreciated to 493.31 cents on denial of stabilisation rumours from official quarters earlier in the week, but later improved to 491.40 cents on continental demand, closing at 491.65 cents. The premium on three months' forward dollars narrowed from 0.67 cents to 0.63 cents. The sterling/Franc rate moved narrowly between frs. 178.12 and frs. 178.34, while the discount on three months' forward francs narrowed consistently from the opening level of frs. 2.75 to frs. 2.50 at the close. The guilder fluctuated between 8.96-3/16 and 8.94-15/16 for spot, while the premium on three months' forward position remained almost unchanged around 1.75 cents, but narrowed and closed at 1.68 cents. The belga steadied up from 29.13 to 29.07-3/4 at the end and the Italian lira from 93.75 to 93.40. Among the Far Eastern Exchanges, the Shanghai dollar and the yen were stationary at 8-7/8d. and 1s. 2d. respectively all through.

GOLD

Gold ruled very steady in sympathy with the London price of the metal, the quotation for spot improving from Rs. 35-7-6 to Rs. 35-11-9, closing slightly lower at Rs. 35-11-6. Spot gold in London improved from 141s. 2d. to 141s. 6d., closing at 141s. 5-1/2d. Fairly large business in connection with export of gold and gold coins was done during the week. The price of sovereigns, both for spot and forward, improved from Rs. 22-12-6 to Rs. 23-0-6 on firmer gold. August settlement gold was quoted at three pies over spot and September at six pies over spot. Stocks of gold are estimated at about 1,00,000 tolas, while the daily arrivals from upcountry average some 10,000 tolas. The offtake is unchanged at 1,500 tolas a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 97,960 in gold bullion and coins, while last week Rs. 63.40 lakhs worth of sovereigns were shipped to London per s.s. "Maloja." The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 35-11-9 and Rs. 35-7-6 for spot, Rs. 35-12 and Rs. 35-7-6 for August settlement and Rs. 35-12-3 and Rs. 35-8 for September settlement.

SILVER.

The local silver market was very firm on firmer advices from London, where the quotation was successively marked up. The quotation for spot, after opening at Rs. 50-8, gradually improved to Rs. 51-9-6, but closed lower at Rs. 51-3 on buyers being satisfied. In London, the quotation for spot silver improved from 19-5/16d. to 19-9/16d. on Wednesday, closing at 19-1/2d., while the discount on two months' forward delivery declined from 1/4d. at the opening to 1/8 at the close. Locally spot silver commanded a premium of one anna six pies over August settlement and two annas six pies over September. Stocks of silver are estimated at 2,750 bars, while offtake is some 45 bars a day. 128 bars of silver were imported during the week, whilst silver coins worth Rs. 35,974 were also imported. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 51-9-6 and Rs. 50-4 for spot, Rs. 51-7-6 and Rs. 50-4 for August settlement and Rs. 51-6-6 and Rs. 50-2 for September settlement.

SHARES.

The local stock market presented a very cheerful appearance during the period under review and inspite of profit-taking sales, quotations were successively marked up on an increased turnover. More settled political conditions in Europe which have contributed to the recent recovery in foreign markets also influenced the local market. Better prospects of industrial peace in the country were also responsible for the optimistic sentiment.

Tata Iron and Steel Defds. and Ordys. once again led the market and after opening at Rs. 1125 cum-div., Tata Defds. advanced and closed at Rs. 1190 ex-div. Ordys. likewise opened at Rs. 249 and steadily improved and closed at Rs. 254-8. Cotton mill shares evidenced sympathetic buying with the steel scrips; Bombay Dyeings recorded a spectacular gain of wellnigh 60 points from Rs. 838 to Rs. 899; Centuries were marked consistently up from Rs. 258-8 to Rs. 286-8, while Central Indias gained from Rs. 233 to Rs. 254 at the end; Colaba Lands found good support at hardening rates, the quotation gradually mounting up from Rs. 153-8 to close at Rs. 161, while Gokaks, after opening at Rs. 156, touched Rs. 160 mid-week, closing somewhat easier again at Rs. 156; Kohinoors were marked up from Rs. 270 to Rs. 291 at the finish and New Greats from Rs. 225 to Rs. 234. The Hydro-electric group was subject to some liquidation and operators were inclined to give preference to the quick moving speculative counters as against utility shares; Andhra Valleys, after improving from Rs. 1475 to Rs. 1510 mid-week, relapsed and closed at Rs. 1465, whilst Bombay Trams weakened from Rs. 120 to Rs. 116-8 at the close. Tata Hydros likewise fell down from Rs. 162-8 to Rs. 155, closing somewhat better at Rs. 157 and Powers declined from Rs. 1427 to Rs. 1365, but improved slightly to Rs. 1380 at the finish. Bank and Railway were unchanged and neglected. Bank of Indias ruled fairly steady around Rs. 142-12 and Central Bank around Rs. 31, while Imperial Banks F.P. which were quoted at Rs. 1585 cum-div. were offered at Rs. 1550 ex-div and Partly Paids declined from Rs. 388-12 cum-div to Rs. 382-8 ex-div. Reserve Banks were well maintained at Rs. 116-12. Ahmed. Prantij Rlys. were marked up from Rs. 970 to Rs. 990, closing at Rs. 985, while Tapti Valleys ranged between Rs. 745 and Rs. 732-8. In the miscellaneous group, Bombay Burmas were steady, the quotation improving from Rs. 522 to Rs. 543, while Belapurs moved between Rs. 166 and Rs. 160. Associated Cements gained from Rs. 107 to Rs. 113, closing at Rs. 112, while Scindia Steams ruled steady at Rs. 20-6.

CALCUTTA.

The week saw a revival of activity in the Calcutta stock exchange, jute shares particularly ruling firm throughout. Most of the popular scrips recorded substantial gains on an increased turnover.

MODEST DEMAND FOR RUBBER

Heavy Speculation In U. S. A.

Messrs. Symington and Wilson have issued the following weekly rubber market report.

Since our last Report the Market has been somewhat irregular. On Thursday there was a sharp upward movement and in the course of the day values were a 1/4d. per lb. better all round than the best of those ruling on Wednesday. The close on Thursday, however, was irregular and prices slipped back again. On Friday the Market was definitely easier and although steady on Monday prices again fell on Tuesday. At the lowest point prices were 7/16d. to 1/2d. below the best of those ruling on Thursday. On Tuesday afternoon the tone became steadier and values recovered about 1/8d. from the lowest point touched. This morning following a smart overnight rise in the Market in New York which in turn was caused by a substantial improvement on Wall Street, the Market here opened firm at an advance of about 1/4d. per lb. over the prices ruling yesterday evening.

The highest price at which business has been done in Standard Sheet on the Spot was 7 9/16d. done on Thursday and the lowest 7 1/16d. at which business was reported on Tuesday. The buyers' price of Standard Sheet on the Spot at the time of writing is 7 3/8d. per lb. and on the week prices show an advance of 1/8d. to 3/16d. per lb.

There has again been only a modest demand from manufacturers but Germany has been in the Market most of this week and Rubber afloat with the Hamburg option has been commanding a premium of 1/16d. per lb. over the price of newly landed Spot Rubber in store in London or Liverpool.

We think the slight setback in the early days of this week can be attributed almost entirely to liquidation in New York where there has apparently been some rather heavy speculation. Everything in America appears to be entirely under the influence of Wall Street where a somewhat reactionary trend set in on Friday. Apparently the weak element in the New York Rubber Market has now been cleared out, leaving the Market all the healthier.

There is without doubt a speculative account in London but it is of moderate dimensions and in our opinion most of those who are now holding Rubber are people of substantial means who have formed the definite opinion that Rubber is bound to appreciate in value within the next few months. They are not likely to be shaken out by any temporary setbacks such as that we have just experienced.

AMERICAN BUSINESS

The future of the Market must of course depend very largely on the hope for improvement in American business conditions generally and the increased spending power of the American public. We mentioned in our Report last week that there were already signs of improvement in retail trade. The importance of this from the point of view of the Rubber Market lies of course in the fact that one of the first things which the American is going to reach out for when he feels he had a little money to spend is a new car.

"The Times" as a regular feature publishes each Monday morning a very able article on American business conditions with of course particular reference to the Stock Exchange. On Monday of this week, after referring to the change of mood of the nation (from extreme pessimism to mild optimism) the writer refers to the still cautious buying of Steel which is attributed largely to a change in the pricing system, and goes on to say:—

"Industrial purchasing agents are showing caution, too, about other commodities, particularly those sensitive to speculation, and generally are not buying ahead more than two or three months supplies of most of them, and a still smaller supply of cotton, copper and rubber."

This extract confirms the opinion we have expressed already, namely that a large body of small and medium sized Rubber manufacturers in the U.S.A. are still buying only from hand to mouth and have no important stocks. There is a very big reserve of buying power here when the motor and tyre trades improve. Estimates now in circulation put the consumption of Rubber in America for the July/September quarter at 105,000 tons. As the April/June total is likely to come out at only about 87,000 tons this would mean a very substantial improvement.

DUTCH EAST INDIES SHIPMENTS.

The figures of exports from the Dutch East Indies in June came through by cable on Thursday of last week. Shipments of Estate Rubber are put at 12,870 metric tons, equal 12,688 long tons and those of Native Rubber at 11,941 metric tons, equal to 11,764 long tons. Total shipments thus amount to 24,452 long tons against a permissible exportable amount of 27,000 tons, a shortage of 2,548 tons. According to figures given in the I.R.R.C. Bulletin the Dutch East Indies were already behind their permissible exportable amount at the end of May to the extent of 19,125 tons, so that the accumulated shortage on the first six months of the year now amounts to 21,673 tons.

This shortage is certain to be made up before the end of the year but it is likely to be well spread over the entire six months so that it would only mean an addition to the permissible exportable amount for that period of about 3,600 tons per month. This is unlikely to have any serious effect on prices.

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ANNUAL REPORT OF BOMBAY MILL OWNERS' ASSOCIATION

Growing Supply Of Clothing Requirements

The Annual Report of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, for the year 1937, which has just been published, is, as usual, a voluminous document containing 450 pages of printed foolscap matter. For the sake of convenience, the Report has been divided into a number of sections, dealing with various aspects of the work of the Association on behalf of the Indian Cotton Mill Industry. Beginning with a 'resume' of the proceedings of the last Annual General Meeting held in March this year, and the Foreword which gives a "bird's-eye-view" of the present position and future prospects of the Indian Cotton Mill Industry, the Report goes on to summarise the main activities of the Association during the year under review. Perhaps the most interesting and valuable part of the publication is the Section devoted to 'Statistics'. Figures showing the progress made by the Indian Cotton Mill Industry, its growing capacity to supply the clothing requirements of the country, and the position India occupies amongst the leading cotton manufacturing countries of the world have all been set out in a number of compact and easily intelligible tables. In particular, the Mill Statement appended to the publication gives an up-to-date list of Cotton Mills in India, both working and in course of erection, and shows at a glance the progress made by the industry in important centres in which it is chiefly located over a period of years. The publication affords ample evidence of a year's useful work well done, and should prove a valuable book of reference on all matters connected with the Cotton Textile Industry of this country. The Report is priced at Rs. 12-8-0 per copy (exclusive of postage). Copies can be had from the Secretary Millowners' Association, Bombay.

Prospects Of American Cotton Crop

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., make the following observations:—

The Bureau Acreage Report was slightly larger than expected. The indicated acreage in cultivation was 26,904,000 acres of 78 per cent of last year's acreage. The reduction in acreage this season amounts to 22 per cent. This is the smallest acreage on record since 1900. The important question facing the trade at this juncture is the yield per acre. Calculating on the basis of the ten year average, the crop could be 10,500,000 bales; or, on the five year average it would show a yield of 11,375,000 bales. On the other hand, there is also the possibility that the yield might even reach a much higher figures, namely based on last year's record yield per acre, it could be 14,500,000 bales. Summing up the yield possibilities, they point to a minimum of 10,500,000 bales or maximum of 14,500,000 bales, a rather wide range, depending upon boll-weevil damage and other vicissitudes of the weather.

No legislation, however thorough, can control the yield per acre. The average yield per acre has never been the same in any year from 1866 to 1937. The smallest average yield per acre in 1866, was 121.5 lbs., the largest in 1937, with a record of 266.9 lbs. per acre.

In our judgment, considering the present price level of about 9 p.c. a crop of under 11,500,000 bales would be bullish, whereas a crop of over 12,000,000 bales would be regarded as bearish. This analysis is based upon world consumption which at present is running at about 11,500,000 bales. A new crop which would add to the carryover would depress prices under present day conditions.

Finally, we call to your attention that an acreage of approximately 27,000,000 has been cultivated only on six previous occasions since the year 1900 with the following results.

Year	Acreage	Production bales.
1901	27,050,000	9,508,000
1902	27,561,000	10,630,000
1903	27,762,000	9,851,000
1905	27,753,000	10,576,000
1934	27,860,000	9,636,000
1935	27,889,000	10.638,000

TATA STEEL PRODUCTS

Increase In Prices Of G. C. Sheets

Bombay, July 22.

The Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. have increased the prices in the case of galvaniser corrugated sheets 24g by Rs. 10 per ton. The latest quotation is Rs. 235.

Deliveries are as follows:—

Merchant Mill Plate Mill and Bar Mill (16") October 1938.

Bar Mill (10") and heavy structural November 1938.

Black Galvanised sheets Dec. 1938.

All orders are subject to acceptance by the Calcutta office.

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON FIVE POINTS DOWN

Wheat Strong On Active Support

CROSS RATE RULES STEADY

BOMBAY, July 22.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton showed better tendency during the early period on unfavourable crop reports and trade buying but the reaction followed on liquidation and foreign selling.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

The market showed considerable activity on buying support influenced by North American cables and reported sales of Australian cargoes.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Unfavourable crop reports induced buying and the price displayed moderate advance.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1938

New York, July 22.

Previous closing	8.78
To-day's opening	8.82
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	8.73
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1938

Liverpool, July 22.

Previous closing	4.87
To-day's opening	4.90
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	4.90
Difference	+.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 155-0
April May 1939	Rs. 169/8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 22.

The New York cotton displayed better tendency on unfavourable crop reports but soon after the advance was lost on liquidation and foreign selling.

The trading in October commenced at 8.82 i.e. four points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and trade buying but thereafter reacted on increased hedging and liquidation with the rate easing to 8.78.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, July 22.

In the local market Broach April/May opened at Rs. 170-14. The price improved to Rs. 171-12 on higher New York advices. The market, however, closed finally at Rs. 170-2, when New York October position was three points lower.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 22.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (8.64/8.63) 8.82/8.82
December (8.73/8.71) 8.91/8.90
January (mutilated) 8.94/8.93

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 22.

American July (4.78) 4.86
American October (4.82) 4.90
Egyptian July (6.91) 7.05
Egyptian November (6.76) 6.85

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 22.

There were no tea sales to-day.

JUTE

First marks C.I.F Continent New Crop July August (£19 7/16 sellers) £19 1/2 value
Dunlop August (£21 3/4) £21 3/4
Lightning August (£20 1/2) £20 1/2

RUBBER

Spot (7 9/16 buyers 7 9/16 buyers
Forward October December (7 11/16 paid and buyers) 7 11/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay July August (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 9/1 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£11 11/16 sellers) £11 11/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£11 sellers) £11 sellers

METALS

Tin (£193 3/4 buyers £194 sellers. Quiet) £194 buyers £194 1/4 sellers. Steady.
Lead (£14 1/2 buyers £14 9/16 sellers Easier) £14 5/8 buyers £14 11/16 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£44 1/2 to £45 1/2) £45 to £46
Iron (112) 11?

WOOL SALES

Greasy Inferior to Superior.
Lower (0-8) 0-8
Higher (1-6) 1-3
Scoured Inferior to Superior
Lower (1-0 3/4) 1-2
Higher (2-0 3/4) 2-2

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, July 22.

Previous closing	4.91 3/4
To-day's opening	4.92
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.91 13/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 22.

Previous closing	4.91.65
To-day's opening	4.91.68
To-day's closing	4.91.96

FRANC RATE

London, July 22.

Previous closing	178.19
To-day's opening	178.18
To-day's closing	178.16

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 22.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.91.68 and then fell to 4.91.62 on scattered selling but eventually rallied to 4.92 on good support.

Franc opened at 178.18 and then improved slightly to 178.16 on some buying.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32) 1-5 29/32
Paris on Bombay (13.290) 13.286
New York on Bombay (36.73) 36.72
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 1/4) 0.91 1/4
London on Milan (93.50) 93.45
London on Shanghai (0-8 7/8 nominal) 0-8 7/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-1-5 1/2) £7-1-5 1/2
Silver (19 1/2d) 19 1/2d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, July 22.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night "Market quiet and featureless."

LONDON SILVER

London, July 22.

Spot	(19 1/2d) 19 1/2d.
Forward	(19 3/8d) 19 3/8d

LONDON GOLD

London, July 22.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-1-5 1/2) £7-1-5 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, July 22.

SILVER

Silver ready	51	0	0
Silver Shravan	50	14	0
Silver Bhadarva	50	13	0

GOLD

Gold ready	35	11	3
Gold Shravan	35	11	6
Gold Bhadarva	35	12	0
Sovereign	23	0	9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, July 22.

Wheat September	4	3	9
Wheat January	4	7	0
Wheat May	3	5	6
Linseed September	7	3	6
Linseed May	5	2	0

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 22.

Liverpool wheat opened firm with July 81 1/2 and Oct 69 1/8. The market was more active on scattered support induced by better North American cables and reports of sales of two Australian cargoes.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 22.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 0.69 1/4. Prices advanced moderately on scattered buying influenced by unfavourable crop cables with the price rising to 0.69 3/4.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, July 22.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £94 5/8

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday July 13	£94 5/8
Thursday July 14	£94 1/2
Friday July 15	£94 1/2
Monday July 18	£94 1/2
Tuesday July 19	£94 1/2
Wednesday July 20	£94 5/8
Thursday July 21	£94 5/8

INDIAN LOANS

Bombay, July 22.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 5/8) £94 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£116) £116
4 per cent Indian 1949-69 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110) £110
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 7/8) £105 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76) £75 7/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 3/4) £103 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£114 3/8) £114 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103) £103
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 5/8) £112 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 22.

London Stock Exchange was quiet in the absence of any fresh buying.

Giltedged securities continued quietly steady. Three and half per cent quoted at £94 5/8 i.e. unchanged from last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (15-1 1/2) 15-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (58-9) 58-9
Hydro Electric (dol 5 3/8) dol 5 1/4
Elec Music Industry (13-9) 13-9
Princhin Johnson (32-6) 32-6
Imperial Chemical (31-9) 31-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£32) £31
Dunlop Rubber (2913) 28-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (38-0) 38-0
Ford Motors (19-3) 18-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£55) £55 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (106-3) 105
Carreas A (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (143-9) 143-9
P and O S N Company Deferred (21-4 1/2) 21-4 1/2
Distillers (98-0) 98-6
Bredford Dye (4-0) 4-3
British Celanese (3-3) 3-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (38-6) 38-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 29-1 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-0) 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (21-1 1/2) 21-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 51 1/2) dol 52 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (42-6) 43-9

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-1 1/2) 18-6
Donaro Tea (36-3) 36-3
Empire of India (26-3) 26-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (29-4 1/2) 29-0
Gule Kelampong (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-6) 30-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (38-9) 37-6
Burma Corporation (11-6) 11-6
Rio Tintos (£14 1/2) £14 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (60-7 1/2) 60-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£9) £9

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/4) £16 3/8
Associated Portland Cement (81-10 1/2) 81-10 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold (103-1 1/2) 103-9
Sun Nigel (£11) £11
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 28-9
Union Corporation (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (27-6) 27-6
Anglo Iranian (101-3) 105
Burma Oil (90) 90
Mexican Eagle (5-4 1/2) 5-4 1/2
Shell Transport (94-4 1/2) 93-9
Royal Dutch (£38 3/4) £38 3/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£42 5/8) £40 1/2
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£14 7/8) £13 7/8
London North Eastern Def (£2 5/8) £2 3/8
Southern Def (£16) £13 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£129 1/4) £129 1/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£75 1/2) £75 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Home Rails Weak: Copper Firmer

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, July 22.

The Stock Exchange was quiet, pending weekend, but the undertone was further improved. Home rails were weak, following the reduction in Southern preferred and ordinary and the postponement of L.N.E.R. payments, until the year's accounts are available. Giltedged securities were quiet. Foreign bonds were irregular and the selective trading everywhere was apparent.

Among commodities, wheat was firm, especially July position, owing to reports of Canadian dryness. Copper was firmer in sympathy with higher American domestic price.

Wall Street opened quietly Irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 22.

U S Common New Stock (unquoted) dol 61
General Motors (dol 41 1/4) dol 41 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35 1/2) dol 36
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, July 22.

Liverpool wheat market closed to-day at July 82 1/2

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, July 22.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind Cotton July	14	6	9
January	15	8	0
Punjab July	13	0	6
January	13	13	6
Desi American July	18	15	6
January	18	14	6
Steady Wheat July	22	0	9
September	22	0	9
October	22	4	0
Quiet Gram July	24	1	9
September	23	10	6
October	23	15	6

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Speculative Issues Steadier

CALCUTTA, July 22.

Jutes ruled steady and fair business took place. Coals remained more or less unchanged. Only a small business was put through in teas. In Miscellaneous the speculative issues were again a shade steadier to-day, while other industrials remained more or less unaltered. Government securities were steady.

Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Three per cent new loan 98/5 three and half per cent G. P. 99/2 four per cent loan 1960/70 112/12 small lot.

Bank:—Reserve Bank 117.

Railway:—Dehri Rohtas 13/14.

Cotton:—Cawnpore Textiles 4/1.

Coals:—Bhalgora 4/8, Burrakur 14/2, Equitable 37/4, Hurrilad I. H. 16/4, Mundulpoor 10/4, Raneegunge 33, Seabpore 1.

Jutes:—Bally 161 small lot, Barnagore 127, Craig annas thirteen, Dalhousie Pref 143, Howrah 45/12, Hukumchand Pref 84, Kamarhatty 450, Lawrence 365, National 21/5, Presidency 3/7. Reliance 61/4, Standard 251 small odd lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corpn. 7/9, Indian Copper 2/9, Rhodesia Copper 1/11 Dalmia Cement Ordy 10, Reliance Firebricks 11/12, Bengal Telephone 18/4, Bengal Telephone Pref 14/8, U. P. Elec. 175 small lot, Hukumchand Steel Defd 2/1, Indian Galvanizing 20/4, Indian Steel and wire products Defd 253 small lots, Indian Iron 29/4, Marshalls 2/4, Steel Corpn. Ordy 6/12, Bogtly Flour 9, Associated Hotel Ordy 2 B. I. Corpn. Ordy 3/6, Dunlop Rubber Ordy 16, Do First Pref 125/8, Indian Cables 12, Indian Wood Products 13/14, Stewart and Co. 1, Walford Transport 1/14, Bengal Paper Ordy 87, Indian Paper Pulp 107, Orient Paper Ordy 5/4 small lot, Titaghur Paper Pref Ordy 4/3, Do a Ordy 15/6 small lot, Humayun Property Defd 1/4, Cawnpore Pref 152/8, New Savan 7/10, Ramghur Cane and Sugar Ordy 7/11, Raza 12/10, Borkhuri 9/10, Hattikhira 19/12, Spaoi 8, Tezpore 8/10, Debentures five per cent 1938/53 Carew and Co. 103/8, five and half per cent 1936/56 Ramghu Cane and Sugar 100/8 small lot.—A. P.

Toria July	36	4	0
September	36	9	0
November	37	1	0
Cottonseed July	16	0	0
September	16	8	0
January	16	11	0

Indian Princes Afraid Of Their Own Subjects!

Bombay Public Protest Against Inroads On Peoples' Civil Liberties

The attitude of the authorities of the Hyderabad State in banning the meeting of Hyderabad Bar Association that was to have been addressed by Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai was condemned at a meeting of the citizens of Bombay held at Hirabaug on Friday night.

Rajabahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal, Presiding over the meeting said that the conditions prevailing in the states were such that people outside could hardly believe that such conditions existed. A meeting such as the one they were holding would be unthinkable in an Indian state.

Recently a meeting that was to have been addressed by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, the leader of the Congress party in the Central Assembly was not allowed to be held. The meeting was of the local Bar Association, whose members were all responsible citizens. If such a thing happened in a big state like Hyderabad, the conditions in smaller states could only be imagined.

PANICKY ATTITUDE.

When Mr. Nariman wanted to go to Hyderabad, the authorities would not permit him, as though he would destroy the State. Now they did not permit Mr. Desai to speak. What was the reason for such a panicky attitude? He thought that this attitude reflected the anxiety of the authorities to hide something.

INDIAN "DICTATORS."

The speaker compared the Indian Princes to dictators. But there was this difference the Hitlers and Mussolinis had the happiness of their own country at heart whereas their counterparts in the princely order of India were afraid of their own subjects.

There was a time when the people of British India looked up with pride to the Indian States. But now they were our shame. The people had waited too long. The time had come when they should raise a united voice of protest.

LIFT THOSE BANS.

Mr. Raghavendra Rao Sarma moved the following resolution:—

This meeting strongly protests against the unwarranted ban against the entry of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya the President of the All-India States' People's Conference, into Hyderabad by the State authorities. It also condemns the policy of repression by which the rights of free speech, free association and such other valuable fundamental rights of citizenship are being seriously threatened in that State, and requests the Government of Hyderabad to withdraw all bans and restrictions on popular liberty at an early date with a view to permit free expression of opinion by the People on the many burning topics of the day.

(b) The meeting particularly condemns the attitude of the State authorities in attacking the Civil Liberties of the People necessitating the abandonment of the State Maharashtra Conference at Latur and the meeting of the Bar Association of Hyderabad to be addressed by Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai.

(c) The meeting urges upon the Government of Hyderabad the paramount necessity of issuing immediately the report of the Constitutional Reforms Committee and framing a constitution for the State in consultation with the leaders of public opinion with a view to meet the legitimate aspirations of the People for a direct share in the affairs of the State.

"IF ALL STATES VANISHED."

Mr. Sarma, who is himself an externee from Hyderabad drew a vivid picture of the conditions in the State which he characterised as darkness and zoolum. It would be better if all the States vanished.

Other resolutions that were adopted at the meeting, sent greetings to the people of Mansa, Vala, Ramdurg, Miraj and Jamkhandi on their success in getting the authorities to accede to their demands, sympathised with the people of Nilgiri State in Orissa who are carrying on a Satyagraha campaign, deplored the action of the Mewar Government in banning the State Prajamandal and externing its secretary; viewed with grave concern the hunger-strike of political prisoners in Alwar; deplored the repressive policy adopted by the states of Travancore, Jodhpur and Dholpur; and demanded the institution of an inquiry into the firing against Kisans in Gohawal State.

Messrs. N. C. N. Acharya, Maneklal Varma, Balvantrai Mehta, Niranjan Sharma and Samaldas Gandhi addressed the meeting on the various resolutions.

Jute Census In Bengal

CALCUTTA, July 22.

The "United Press" understands that the Bengal Government have appointed a representative committee with Mr. P. S. MacDonald as president for taking a jute census of the province and suggesting lines of improvement of jute crop.

It may be noted that the random sample survey undertaken last year by the jute committee yielded valuable results.—United Press.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, July 22.

N Y K s.s. China Maru of 4266 reg tons Capt K Morai arrived from Nagoya via Osaka Kobe Moji Miike Singapore and Colombo with cotton goods and general cargo

F F Campbell s.s. City of Hereford of 3251 reg tons Capt R A Grove arrived from Montreal via American Ports Alexandria Port Said Suez Jeddah Port Sudan Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

Anchor Line s.s. Cilicia of 6577 reg tons Capt F Henderson arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool Gibraltar Marseilles Port Said Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo

L Triestena s.s. Himalaya of 3904 reg tons Capt T Fillippini arrived from Trieste via Italian Ports Port Said Suez Port Sudan Massowa and Karachi with general cargo

SAILED

P and O s.s. Bhutan of 2912 reg tons Capt F McEvan sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China Japan Ports with local and same bottom cargo

B I S N s.s. Sirsa of 3387 reg tons Capt R C Brown sailed for Karachi via Bhavnagar with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 22-7-38.

S S Aagtekerk (LE) for Sydney and Australian Ports via Cochin and Marmagoa

S S Tannenfels (LE) for Europe and American Ports via Aden and Port Sudan

S S Yeifuku Maru (OSK) for China Japan Ports via Penang.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, July 22.

3 Jeypore 3209 Karachi 23-7 M M
5 Kamogawa Maru 4832 Marmagoa 23-7 M B K
6 C/Hongkong 6071 Karachi 25-7 J Finlay
7 Cilicia 6577 Karachi 28-7 Anchor Line
8 Himalaya 3904 Kobe 23-7 L Triestino
9 C/O Hereford 3215 Calcutta 24-7 F F Campbell
13 Ormara 2978 NF NF M M
15 Dumfries 3061 Liverpool 25-7 Grahams T.

VICTORIA DOCK

8 Jalarajan 3148 Bedi Bunder 23-7 Scindia S N
10/11 China Maru 4266 Karachi 24-7 N Y K
14 Bandra 1893 P Gulf 27-7 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

A El Hind 3225 Calcutta 25-7 Scindia S N
M/Varsova 1855 NF NF M M
K Rizwani 3306 NF NF T Morrison
N/C Jalajyoti 2698 Rangoon 26-7 Scindia S N
P/R Bankura 1896 Busra 3-8 M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Chitral 4-8-38 P and O S N
Soudan 12-8-38 P and O S N
Cathay 11-8-37 P and O S N
Carthage 18-8-38 P and O
Strathaird 28-7-38 P and O

FROM OSLO

Nagara 18-7-38 L Edward

FROM LIVERPOOL

Cilicia 22-7-38 Anchor Line
City of Hongkong 19-7-38 K Nixon
Clan Murdoch 29-7-38 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Ehrenfels 23-7-38 L Edwards
Aagtekerk 25-7-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Tungsha 10-8-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 26-7-38 F F Campbell
Steel Ranger 2-8-38 M M

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 15-8-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 1-8-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Verde 26-7-38 L Triestino
Kunishima Maru 10-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Hakozaki Maru 30-7-38 N Y K
Ranpur 5-8-38 P and O S N
Melbourne Maru 23-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Kidderpore 28-7-38 P and O S N
Somali 31-7-38 P and O S N

FROM BASRA

Vita 23-7-38 M M
Varela 30-7-38 M M
Barala 28-7-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 13-8-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 30-7-38 P and O S N

FROM MOULMEIN

Sirsa 17-7-38 M M

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 23-7-38 M M
Takliwa 6-8-38 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Garmula 18-7-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Indora 24-7-38 M M
Jalarashmi 30-7-38 Scindia S N
Jalaputra 26-7-38 Scindia S N

FROM KARACHI

Kybfels 30-7-38 L Edward

FROM CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 26-7-38 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Hakozaki Maru 2-8-38 N Y Kaisya
Naldera 6-8-38 P and O S N
Narkunda 13-8-38 P and O S N
Somali 2-8-38 M M
Maloja 16-7-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 30-7-38 P and O S N
Ranchi 23-7-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Dumfries 25-7-38 Grahams Trading
City of Hongkong 10-8-38 James Finlay
Elysia 23-7-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Kybfels 31-7-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 28-7-38 F F Campbell
City of Hereford 25-7-38 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 26-7-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

China Maru 10-8-38 N Y K
Jeypore 3-8-38 P and O S N
Yeifuku Maru 29-7-38 O S Kaisha
Kunishima Maru 25-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Himalaya 24-7-38 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 1-8-38 L Triestino
Soudan 15-8-38 P and O S N
Chitral 4-8-38 P and O S N
Carthage 18-8-38 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Cathay 11-8-38 P and O S N
Strathaird 28-7-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bankura 3-8-38 M M
Bandra 27-7-38 M M
Vita 28-7-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 3-8-38 M M
Takliwa 17-8-38 M M

FOR RANGOON

Jalajyati 26-7-38 Scindia S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 3-8-38 M M
Elhind 25-7-38 Scindia S N

FOR KARACHI

Ehrenfels 27-7-38 L Edwards
Cilicia 28-7-38 Anchor Line
China Maru 24-7-38 N Y Kaisha
City of Hongkong 25-7-38 J Finlay
Jeypore 21-7-38 P and O S N

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Kamogawa Maru 21-7-38
S S British Judge 21-7-38
S S City of Hongkong 20-7-38
S S Serbino 20-7-38
S S Bhadravati 21-7-38

EXPORTS

Bombay, July 22.

S S Ranchi for London: 80 bales lamb skins with fur Grindlay; 63 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley.

For Jaffa: 10 bales cotton grey yarn R Shantilal.

Alexandretta: 15 bales cotton grey yarn R Shantilal.

For Famgusta: 40 bales cotton grey piece goods A Virji.

For Limassol: 10 bales cotton grey piece goods A Virji.

S S Dumfries for London: 6 tons scrap iron Faiz; 67 bags gr nut kernel K M Nathoo; 1334 bags gr nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy.

For Liverpool: 78 bales cotton waste clean P Dass 200 bales raw cotton A Clayton

For Manchester: 10 bales cotton fly Champaklal.

S S Cilicia for Liverpool: 109 bales raw wool The Anglo Siam Corptn; 103 bales raw wool M Nissim; 29 bales raw wool T Bhavarlal; 164 bales raw wool Vijaysingh; 20 bales raw cotton Cox and Kings (Agents); 2727 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand; 1333 bags gr nut oil cake M Bhuta; 52 dms castor oil A Hargovindas; 78 dms castor oil L Abercrombe; 297 bags gr nut kernels S M Rajgor; 5925 bags linseed The Cotton Agents; 560 bags gr nut oil cake The Cotton Agents.

For Manchester: 52 dms castor oil A Hargovindas.

For Marseilles: 2560 bags gr nut seed The Cotton Agents.

S S City of Hongkong for Ghent: 110 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal.

For Antwerp: 11 bales goat hair G Sachidina; 350 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 1323 bags crushed bones Luckson.

S S Tannenfels for Hamburg: 275 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

For Antwerp: 13 cases butter in tins White.

S S City of Hereford for New York: 140 bags gum D Mavji; 52 bags plantago seed outershell D Mavji; 28 bags flea seed outershell D Mavji; 80 bdls henna leaves S M Rajgor.

For Philadelphia: 169 csks wet salted goat skins D Abraham.

For Norfolk: 25 bales jute rags Champaklal.

IMPORTS

S S Gairsoppa Agent M Mackenzie from Calcutta: 2307 bags rice; 206 bags barbati; 100 bags barbati seeds; 2000 bags cotton seeds; 1053 bags betelnuts; 206 bags chillies; 135 coils yellow rope; 159 cases cigarettes; 107 bags boiler cement; 50 cases wax blanks and twin needles; 14360 pcs fire bricks; 294 cases hessain cloth, 50 bags fire clay; 315 bales gunny bags; 82 bags stick lact; 3996 chests tea; 68 cases medicines; 80 cases toilet soap; 265 dms glyceirne (crude); 375 cases c i pans; 123 coils sisal rope; 675 pcs cut pieces pipes; 4062 brls steel pipes; 48 cts steel pipe fitting; 180 coil manila rope; 1205 bdls c i pipe; 145 cases printed tinned sheets 100 dms red lead dry; 4344 pcs c i fittings; 1532 pcs c i pipes; 159 cases motor car accessories; 80 cases playing cards.

From Madras: 50 bales pand blackwood "vizir"; 1173 pcs scrap metal; 360 bags turmeric

S S Tannenfels Agent L Edwards from Hamburg: 66 cases machinery 40 dms permanganate of potash; 132 dms caustic soda; 145 dms hydrosulphite of sodium; 164 cases sewing machines; 100 pcs of boiler tubes; 462 pkgs tiles; 33 cases padlocks; 51 bdls batteries; 50 cases soap making plant; 2 cases common skints; 264 pcs aspenwood; 110 cases heel tips 40 bags dry colours; 50 bags iron fittings; 100 bags bone glue; 97 pcs earthenware; 50 rings y m wire 37 cases machy parts; 426 coil m s wire rods; 100 bags zinc oxide; 44 cases brass rods; 73 cases iron chains; 108 rolls wire netting; 325 bdls y m sheets.

For Passengers To Iraq

KARACHI, July 21.

The anti-cholera inoculation certificate which was hitherto required only in the case of pilgrims proceeding to the Hedjaz will in future be required for all passengers proceeding to any port in Iraq. The Government of Iraq require such certificates to be countersigned except in cases in which they are given by duly authorised Government Medical Officers.—United Press

JUBBULPORE.—The progress report of the working of the Debt Conciliation Boards of Jubbulpore-Murwara up to the end of January 1938, shows that in all 56 agreements were executed, involving Rs. 45,540, of which the amount agreed upon was Rs. 17,769. The percentage of remission was 6.

Active Wall-Street Buying In New York Cotton Market

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY REPORTS MORE NUMEROUS WEEVILS

Prices Advance 15 Points And Better Feeling

BOMBAY, July 22.

The brightness of the New York Cotton Market was an outstanding feature of American Markets on Thursday, with increased apprehension in evidence as the United States Bureau of Entomology reported that weevils were more numerous in June than in the past two years.

There was active Wall-Street buying and prices advanced 15 points.

The market opened steady but was inactive but their became firmer with offerings light from abroad and domestic sources.

Wall Street buying and covering, local buying and trade fixing were inspired by further heavy rains in most of the Cotton Belt and the strength of stocks contributed to the advance while unfavourable differences checked foreign selling.

Lack of hedges left the market with few contracts. Finally moderate realising appeared but the market was very steady.

Special stress was laid on the existence of Boll-Weevil by us and continuance of wet weather will increase insect pest and there will be serious damage to the growing crop. We still favour purchases.

NEW YORK MARKET

October opened at a decline of one point at 8.63 which was the lowest level for the day and under improved buying prices advanced 22 points and October was quoted 8-85 at noon which was the highest level for the day. Later on there was scattered realising and the market closed at a rise of 14 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 14 points at 8.88c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly firm and closed at a rise of 14 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 14 points at 8.95c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged at 4.78 for October. Favourable weather and dullness of textiles were nullified by the possibility of Weevil scares. Hedging of outside growths met with trade calling. Later on there was local support, short covering and trade buying which disclosed acute shortage of contracts. The market closed at a rise of 10 to 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices gained 4 points at 4.98d.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was very steady. Giza futures closed 14 to 12 points up and Uppers advanced 9 to 8 points.

The Alexandria cotton market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 20 to 12 points for Sakels while Ashmouni futures were irregular at a rise of 4 points to a decline of 2 points

PURCHASES ADVISABLE

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. state:—

The New York market has been helped very considerable during the week by the renewed strength of Wall Street. Without this support we think that prices would have declined as there has been no fresh incentive to encourage buyers. On the contrary the weather and crop reports have been better, although we still hear more about the activities of the boll weevil than we have for several years past.

9 Cents and over is looked upon as a good selling price and 8¼ Cents a safe buying level, and as October is quoted about half way between these two points it is difficult to advise what course to take. In spite of the strength of the Stock market, however, we would prefer to wait in the hope of being able to buy again at a slightly lower level.

The fact that the total carryover of all cottons in the World will be 10 million bales in excess of last year is apt to be lost sight of in the excitement of learning the size of the New American crop, and if private estimates of eleven million bales and under continue to be received we think we shall see a fresh advance again some time between now and the next bureau report.

There has been a steady demand nearly every day in the ready market both from Japanese exporters and also from local Mills. The former have been interested in the cheaper Oomra styles while the latter have been buying staple varieties such as Western, Coompthas and Sind N. T.

Tenders of Broach have now totalled 30,300 bales for the month of which a considerable number have been rejected. As the balance have gone into strong hands the difference between J/August Broach and A/May has continued to narrow. As we have mentioned above we would prefer to wait with a view to buying on a further re-action and consider that if Broach A/May declines to about Rs. 160 purchases would then be advisable.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (12-1 p.m.)	8.85+21

Weather Over U. S. A. Cotton Belt

Eastern: Mostly cloudy. Occasional showers. Thunder showers
Central: Partly cloudy. Scattered showers. Local thunder showers
Western: Mostly cloudy. Showers. Partly cloudy in Texas.

New York October lowest (10 a.m.)	8.63—01
Liverpool October highest	4.88+10
Liverpool October lowest	4.77—01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Our opinion is that a considerable decline is improbable owing to Government intervention. The market is ready to advance on any favourable news owing to the limited offerings of futures and the small 'long' interest.

New York: Weather favourable for beginning of week but since then there has been too much rain and cool temperature which should promote Boll-weevil activity. Trend stock market reflect confidence in business in future which should have salutary effect on cotton price. Advise purchases. Cotton market—yarn market—quiet and dull.

Market improved on speculative and local buying on unwanted rains. Selling mostly hedging or scale.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:

'Wall Street buying. Excessive rain east of Mississippi. Forecast of more rain. Realising well absorbed.'

'Speculative buying on favourable weather, weevil reports, absence of foreign selling.'

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Continuation of present weather would be injurious boll-weevil activity.

Market advanced on speculative buying excessive rains.

Speculative buying less favourable crop accounts over Eastern belt Central belt boll-weevil activity increasing rains beneficial over Western belt.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 21

October	8.78+14
December	8.87+14
January	8.88+14
March	8.93+15
May	8.97+14
July	9.01+14
Middling Spot	8.88+14

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 21

October	8.90+14
December	8.99+15
January	9.01+15
Middling Spot	8.95+14

NEW YORK

New York, July 21

11-00 A.M. RANGES

October	8.74/8.74
December	8.82/8.82
January	8.83/8.83

NOON CALL

October	8.79
December	8.87

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 21

Day's receipts to U S Ports	6,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	6,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 21

July	4.83+10
August	4.84+10
September	4.85+09
October	4.87+09
November	4.89+09
December	4.92+09
January	4.94+09
February	4.96+09
March	4.98+08
April	4.99+08
May	5.01+08
June	5.02+08
July	5.03+08
Middling Spot	4.98+04
	10-12 a.m. quotations
October	4.78
January	4.85

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, July 21

SAKELS—	
July	12.90+20
November	13.32+12
January	13.50+15
ASHMOUNI—	
August	10.23—2
October	10.30+1
GIZA—	
July	12.98+16
November	12.92+3
January	12.85+1

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales
Receipts into Bombay on 20th July	5,742
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-8-1937	2,434,842
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	3,058,926
Decrease	624,084

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 22

Following a rise of 14 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 170/6 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 170. At this level there was improved buying and under short covering prices advanced to Rs. 171 but at this level the rise was checked by realising.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 3 points and later on was reported 6 points up. In the local market prices advanced to Rs. 171/8 and realising depressed prices to Rs. 171/4. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G—			
Broach J/A 1938	156	6	0
Broach A|M 1939	171	0	0
Fine M G—			
Oomra July 1938	145	14	0
Oomra D/J 1939	152	4	0
F G M G—			
Bengal July 1939	125	12	0
Bengal D/J 1939	129	12	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 22.

	Extra	Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—						
Bengal U.P.	...	129	126	123	120	
Punjab	...	129	126	123	120	
Rajputana	...	129	126	123	120	
Oomra No. 3	152	149	146	143	...	
C. P. No. 1	163	160	157	154	...	
C. P. No. 2	157	154	151	148	...	
Broach No.	...	160	158	156	154	
Punjab-Ame.	...	185	182	179	176	
Surat	...	214	211	208	205	
Rajpipla	...	206	203	200	197	
Navsari	...	220	217	214	211	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, July 22.

Bengal Superfine	128/30
Bengal Fine	126/27
Bengal F.G.	123/24
C. P. 1	155/57
C. P. 2	146/48
Arvi	147/49
Amraoti	142/46
Ellichpur	148/49
Berar	146/48
Khandesh	134/39
Jalna/Sailu	136/40
Burwah/Sanavad	145/47
Khandwa	145/47
Harda/Khirkiya	145/48
Mathia	124/29
Malkapur	140/43
Broach	155/60
Punjab 4 F.	175/80
Punjab 289F.	200/210
Sindh N.T.	181/83
Kampala	281/83
Jinja	265/67
Navsari	215/17

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 22.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		53,880	206,030
Central India	268	45,925	337,378
Barsi and Nagar		149,869	174,497
Hyderabad-Gaorani		40,322	101,666
Berar	401	327,318	579,602
Central Provinces		83,328	144,551
Total Oomras	669	700,642	1,513,724
Dholera	1,761	139,745	179,338
N.-W. Provinces		3,112	10,371
Rajputana		16,353	97,128
Sind-Punjab	6	520,752	346,388
Broach	107	263,564	341,910
Coompta and Dharwar	882	65,779	72,549
Westerns-Northerns	102	24,223	39,854
Cocoanada		23	155
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	50	5,215	20,503
American		177,893	20,033
Egyptian, African and Sudan	783	520,730	425,564
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,171	239
Total	4,360	2,439,202	3,067,756

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 14th July.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	62	316,998	458,232
Japan and China	300	665,707	1,444,251
Coast Ports	50	58,681	36,772
Up-country by Rail		349,636	263,474
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		17,606	31,196
Total		412 1,408,628	2,233,925

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, July 22.

Continued rains. Drizzling in Eastern and Central Belts Oklahoma and Texas. Forecast more rain expected.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 21-7-38	7899000	6854000
Receipts Yesterday 21-7-38	6000	5000
Exports to date 21-7-38	5873000	5731000
Stock Ports 15-7-38	2462000	1134000
Stock at Interior Towns 15-7-38	2021000	872000
Stock at Liverpool 15-7-38	1133000	882000
Visible Supply 15-7-38	5758000	3031000
Quantity in sight 15-7-38	13579000	13118000
Quantity out of sight 15-7-38	10702000	13339000

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, July 22.

	To-day	Total
Broach	3,500	33,800
Bengal	Nil	600
Oomra	Nil	2,000

LONDON RUBER

London, July 21

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers	7 5/8

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 22

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1/2d. to £7-1-5 1/2. London Paris exchange rate was 3 points up at 178.19. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.91 3/4. London silver prices declined 1/16d. to 19 1/2d. for Spot while Forward was unchanged at 19 3/8d. India bought and sold. Small business and the market was quiet. Later on the market was very quiet and was inclined to be offered at fixed rates. New York and Montreal prices were unchanged. Shanghai T T on London was quoted at 0-d 7/8. The local market was quiet with scattered selling and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD

Ready	35	10	9
Shravan delivery	35	11	3
Shravan tejimandi	0	3	0
Bhada a delivery	35	11	3
Bhadarva tejimandi	0	5	0

SILVER

Ready	50	13	0
Shravan delivery	50	13	0
Shravan tejimandi	0	10	0
Bhadarva delivery	50	12	0
Bhadarva tejimandi	1	3	0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 21

Spot	19 1/2
Forward	19 3/8

LONDON GOLD

London, July 21

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-1-5 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, July 21

July	42.58
September	42.90
December	42.90

LONDON METALS

London, July 21

Copper	£40 6 3
Lead	£14 12 6
Spelter	£14 3 9
Tin	£194 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, July 22.

London Market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£40/2/6
Standard copper 3 months	£40/7/6
Electrolytic copper	£45/5/0
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 37/8
Copper sheets	Rs. 45/0

Tone:—Steady

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, July 21.

August	£11
September	£11

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 22.

Groundnuts Aug—			
Opening	29	5	0
Highest	29	8	0
Lowest	29	4	0
Closing	29	7	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	31	11	0
Highest	31	12	0
Lowest	31	8	6
Closing	31	11	0
Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	29	4	0
Highest	29	4	0
Lowest	29	4	0
Closing	29	4	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	29	15	0
Highest	29	15	0
Lowest	29	15	0
Closing	29	15	0
Cottonseeds Sept.—			
Opening	19	1	6
Highest	19	4	3
Lowest	19	1	0
Closing	19	3	9
Cottonseeds Jan—			
Opening	19	15	0
Highest	20	2	6
Lowest	19	14	3
Closing	20	1	9

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, July 21.

July	80 1/8d.
October	68 1/4d.
December	66 5/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, July 21.

July	dol 0.69.
September	dol 0.69 7/8.
December	dol 0.71 5/8.

LONDON SUGAR

London, July 21

August	sh 5 3 1/4d

New York Sugar

New York, July 21.

September	1.85
March	1.95.
May	1.98.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, July 22.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-4.
Shipment Sept. Rs. 5-3-6.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-5.
Kesar Rs. 12-13.
Saraya Rs. 12-8.
Java Spot F 5.60.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 22.

Wheat	2,707 cwts.
Linseed	4,959 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	74 cwts.
Gingellyseed	336 cwts.
Poppyseed	18 cwts.
Groundnuts	5,094 cwts.
Castorseed	566 cwts.
Rice	37,020 cwts.
Myrabollams	647 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,914 cwts.
Gram	2,809 cwts.
Joowar	5,142 cwts.
Barley	230 cwts.
Bajree	1,866 cwts.
Indian Sugar	3,378 cwts.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED

Bombay, July 22

The Indian Stock Exchange remained closed to-day in memory of the death of Sir Naorosji Saklatvala.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 22

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 13/16
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying 2 months 1/6
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 274
Bank's buying T T 271 1/2
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,317
Bank's buying T T 1,342
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 3/4
Bank's buying T T 78
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 66 1/4
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 66 1/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 52
SINGAPORE
Bank's selling T T 157 1/2
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 90
CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.91.75 21st instant
Japan London 1/2 1/64 22nd instant
Hongkong London 1/3 22nd instant
Shanghai London 0/8 7/8 22nd instant
Java London 8.94 1/8 22nd instant
London Paris 178.19 21st instant
London Belgium 29.08 3/4 21st instant
London Switzerland 21.48 3/8 21st instant
London Berlin 12.24 5/8 21st instant
London Stockholm 19.39 5/8 21st instant
London New York 4.91.65 21st instant
London Amsterdam 8.95 1/8 21st instant
London Italy 93.46 21st instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Firm.
Gold £7-1-6 20th instant
Gold £7-1-5 1/2 21st instant
Silver London Ready 19 9/16 20th instant
Silver London Ready 19 1/2 21st instant
Silver London Forward 19 3/8 20th instant
Silver London Forward 19 3/8 21st instant
Silver New York Ready 43 20th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 21st instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 20th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 21st instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 20th instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 21st instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 21

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	81 5/8
3 1/2 per cent	94 5/8
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	108
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	116
5 per cent 1942/47	110
3 per cent 1949/52	99 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	75 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	103
4 per cent Funding Loans 1960/90	114 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	44/4 1/2 steady.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 21

Broach J/A 1938 opening 153 1/8 highest 153 1/2 lowest 152 1/2 closing 153 1/2

Broach A/M 1939 opening 168 1/8 highest 168 1/4 lowest 167 closing 168 1/4

Oomra July opening 142 highest 142 lowest 142 closing 142

Oomra D/J opening 149 1/8 highest 149 3/4 lowest 149 1/8 closing 149 3/4

Bengal July opening 120 1/2 highest 120 3/4 lowest 120 1/2 closing 120 3/4

Bengal D/J opening 126 3/4 highest 127 1/4 lowest 126 3/4 closing 127 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (21-8-38) Rs. 7 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 23

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, July 21

GIZA—	
Spot	7.41+9
July	6.93+14
October	6.78+14
November	6.78+14
January 1939	6.96+12
March	7.04+12
May	7.05+12
UPPER—	
Spot	6.14+8
July	5.99+9
October	5.98+9
November	5.98+9
January 1939	5.98+9
March	6.02+9
May	6.05+8

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York: Liverpool: October 125 December 127 January 130 March 133 May 135 at cross rate 4.91 3/4

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1938 156 Liverpool July 1938 4.86 Rs. 55 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1939 170/8 Liverpool May 1939 5.04 Rs. 49 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1939 170/8 New York May 8.97 Rs. 32 1/4 at cross rate 4.9 3/4

Pay in—Aug. 8 Pay out—Aug. 11

Business Remains Closed In Shares

SPECULATIVE ACTIVITY INCREASES

Foreign Advices Continue Encouraging

BOMBAY, July 22.

The Bombay Stock Exchange remained entirely closed as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Sir Nowrosji Saklatwala of Messrs. Tata Sons. Ltd.

Yesterday the Wall Street Market was steady with despondency over utility and entertainment groups being off set by a sharp rally in rails. U.S. Steel shares improved dol. 3/8 and Anaconda Mining Shares gained dol. 3/4.

The general feeling in the local market is moderately bullish and we still favour purchases on all important set-backs.

Foreign Markets seem convinced of the coming industrial recovery and there is more disposition to buy. In U.S.A. the Autumn Election results mostly depend upon business activity and it appears that the Washington administration will make all attempts to improve the economical situation.

A few months back who doubted the recovery are now inclined to take a bullish view of the situation. However speculative activity is increasing and at times overbought markets may witness sharp declines.

In the local market prices have advanced in conformity with foreign markets and speculation is increasing. Business is broadening and particularly Marwari group seems inclined to enter into larger risks.

Business for the next settlement will commence from Tuesday the 26th instant. On Wednesday the 27th instant the market will open after the meeting of the members. The last day for the current settlement is 29th instant.

INDIA BUYS AUSTRALIAN WHEAT

Bombay, July 22.

Yesterday the Liverpool market opened steady following overnight sale of Australian cargoes to Bombay. Reports of in sufficient rains in Canada induced some short covering. Winnipeg was firm but Chicago failed to respond to owing to favourable U.S.A. weather, hedge pressure and absence of demand.

The local market was fairly steady in sympathy with improvement in cotton market. There was scattered covering and quotations were as under:—

Linseed September	7	3	3
Linseed May	5	1	9
Wheat September	4	3	9
Wheat January	4	6	9
Wheat May	3	5	3

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 22

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:

Name of Company	Latest prices £
Assam Bengal Railway Ord Stock	81 0 0
Atlas Elect and Genl Trust Ordinary	0 4 0
Bank of London and S America	5 12 6
British South Africa Co ord	1 7 9
B. B. and C. I. Railway Ordinary Stock	113 0 0
Borneo Ltd 7 1/2 per cent pref	0 15 6
Cables and Wireless (Holding) Ordinary Stk	55 10 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup Ord	1 18 0
Lansil Ltd Ord	0 9 6
Crosse and Blackwell New ord	0 0 9
Foreign Rly Inv Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk	13 10 0
Genl and Comi Invest Trust Defd Stk	77 0 0
Eastern Bank Ltd	6 6 6
Hyderabad Deccan Co Ord	1 6 3
J. Lyons and Co 'A' ord	5 15 0
C. and E. Morton 7 per cent Preference	0 5 9
United Serdang Rub Plantn Ordinary	0 3 6
Salt (Saltaires) Ordinary	0 3 3
United Premier Oil and Cake Ordinary	0 7 6

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 22.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—			
August	104	0	0
October	104	0	0
December	103	0	0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.—			
August	114	0	0
October	115	0	0
December	116	0	0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—			
August	154	0	0
October	155	0	0
December	156	0	0

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, July 21

	This week £
Total bullion	327,400,000
Public deposits	22,500,000
(a) Other deposits	142,000,000
Government securities	109,800,000
(b) Other securities	32,400,000
Notes and coin	40,300,000
Notes in circulation	487,100,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	24.58 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	107,300,000
(b) Other securities include discount and advances	9,300,000
Total deposits	164,500,000
Total securities	142,200,000

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, July 21

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality	6 1/8

LONDON SPELTER

London, July 21

Spelter Hard (Indian brand) fob	£13 1/2 to £15

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 21

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars
Amr Water Works Com	12
Amr Power and Light Com	6
Amr Power and Light Pfd 5 p.c. A	35
Electric Bond Common	10
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	29
Columbia Gas and Elec	8
American Tel and Tel	140
Sun Life of Canada	530
Western Union Telg	32 1/4
New York Central Railway	20 1/2
Southern Pacific Railway	19
Texas Corporation	48
United States Steel	61
Bethelehem Steel	61
Republic Steel	20
Anaconda Copper Mining	36 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	51 1/2
General Motors	41 1/2
Packard Motors	5
General Electric	42 1/2
Boeing Airplane	30
Curtis Wright	6
American Radiator	16
Union Carbide	84 1/4
Consolidated Oil	10 1/2
Socony Oil	15 1/2
Chase Bank	33
National City Bank	27
Amr Tobacco B	83 1/2
National Dairy	15

Turnover 1,75,00,00 shares. Brokers loan down dol 10,000,000. Prevailing opinion and action of market suggest that current advance has real foundation and will be extended subject to frequent reactions. "Second quarter earnings are making a rather better showing than the more gloomy observers had predicted and the "Street" also taking note of the more optimistic frame of mind of corporation officials reflected in quarterly reports to stock holders."

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 21

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£81 5/8
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£94 5/8
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£75 7/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 196.	£103 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£103
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 1/4
Victory Bonds	£112 1/2
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£11 7/8
Hongkong an Shanghai Bank London reg	£88 1/2
National Bank of India	£40
P and O Banking Corporation	£8 1/4

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 21

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton July sellers	£11-13-9
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton July sellers	£12-12-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton July sellers	£13-2-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton July Aug sellers	£11-13-9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton July Aug sellers	£11-5-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 21

T T London on:	
New York	4.91.65
Paris	178.19
Berlin	12.24 5/8
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.93 7/16
Amsterdam	8.95 1/16
Brussels	29.08 3/4
Milan	93.46
Berne	21.48 3/8

LINSEED OIL

London, July 21

Linseed oil London per cwt naked August sellers	23/7 1/2
Linseed oil London per cwt naked Sep Dec sellers	23/6

LONDON PRODUCE

London, July 21

Wheat Rozario Santa fe parcels	Unquoted
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels July sellers	31/7 1/2
Wheat South Australian parcels July sellers	31/3

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Tel No. 27396
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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1938

Unenviable Lot Of Congress Cabinet

Thrashing Of Vital National Issues

C. P. Ministerial Tangle To Receive Most Serious Attention

Reply To Muslim League And Madras And Sind Affairs, To Loom Large In Discussions

(From Our Special Correspondent)

What may easily be called the most momentous meeting of the Congress Working Committee will be held at Wardha to-day. Till two days ago, it was expected that the Federation issue would form the main item for consideration by the Committee. But the recent developments in Central Provinces will eclipse every other issue before it.

Reading between the lines of the news that has filtered out from Nagpur, it can be definitely stated that the entire affair was pre-arranged. The Governor of the Province was not unaware of what was happening and what would be the outcome of the happenings. This is clearly evident from the hurried manner in which resignations were tendered, how they were accepted and the new Ministry formed and approved by the Governor.

The recent happenings in C. P. bring to mind what has been continuously happening in the Central Provinces since the days of the Swaraj Party. The Hon. Mr. Tambe and Mr. Raghavendrarao, both of whom acted as Governors of that Province, were leaders of the Swaraj Party in the Legislature, and slowly went over to the Government side. The late Pandit Motilal Nehru had issued a statement condemning these leaders and said something to the following effect: "If it becomes necessary, the diseased limb has to be amputated".

This is not far from what the members of the Congress High Command have been feeling about the Congress Ministry in C. P. in recent times. Affairs in that province have been causing great anxiety to the members of the High Command. The difference between Congressmen from the two linguistic areas of the Provinces are well-known. When the Party recently met at Pachmarchi under the chairmanship of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, it was given out that the differences had been composed. But the feeling was still persisting among Congressmen that the patch-up would not last long.

DR. KHARE'S SOMERSAULT

What has, however, surprised all Congressmen is that Dr. N. B. Khare should have deliberately precipitated the crisis. Whatever might have been the provocation, it is contended that party discipline required that Dr. Khare should have consulted the Congress Working Committee before taking any action. As a matter of fact, he was advised by members of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee not to precipitate the issue. In spite of this advice Dr. N. B. Khare for reasons known to himself has flouted the orders of the Committee and resigned. He has not only resigned but formed a new Cabinet consisting of members of the Congress party.

HIGH COMMAND'S PREDICAMENT.

The difficulty that the members of the Congress High Cammand are finding is that they cannot be sure of what the Congress Party in C. P. would do, in spite of a particular decision of theirs. It is significant to note that Mahatma Gandhi, who has not been averse to giving advice to the Congress Ministries in order to get over difficulties, refused to give any advice to the C. P. Ministry.

As to what the Congress Working Committee will do and what decision it will take regarding the C. P. Issue it is difficult to forecast. Though the Parliamentary Sub-Committee of the Congress met at Wardha yesterday to consider the C. P. issue, the matter will have to be decided by the Congress Working Committee. It has at present passed the stage of the Parliamentary Committee's directions.

But the fact remains that whatever might be the decision of the Parliamentary Committee will be the decision of the Congress

(Continued on Page 15, Col. 4).

PROHIBITION DAY SCENES IN AHMEDABAD

Excise Constables examining milk pots which were suspected to be containing Toddy.

PROHIBITION IN BARDOLI FROM AUG. 1

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, July 21.

From reliable source it is learnt that Hon. Dr. Gilder, Minister for Excise and Public Health will visit Bardoli with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in connection with total prohibition which is to commence from 1st August.

Arrangements are going on regarding procession, etc., for prohibition in Bardoli Taluka as per resolution of Surat Vaidhya Sabha.

Permission has been given for the filming for the first time of the Speaker's procession at the opening of the session of the Commons when the Speaker proceeded by Sergeant-at-Arms, carrying the mace and followed by his train bearer chaplain as the Secretary moves along the lobbies from the Speaker's office into the Chamber itself.—B. O. W.

Women Excise constables examining suspected passengers' luggage at Ahmedabad Railway station.

Sir Nowroji B. Saklatvala Dead

Chairman Of Tata Sons, Ltd.

Captain Of Industries In India Dies Of Heart-Failure, In France

AIX-LES-BAINS, July 22.

Death has occured from heart-failure of Sir Nowroji Saklatvala. Reuter.

BOMBAY: Friday.

Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, the Chairman of Tata Sons Limited, who has died at Aix-Les-Bains, (France), was reported to have been enjoying perfect health and his death which occurred suddenly at about 7 p.m. on Thursday has come as a great shock to his family and friends.

He left Bombay on a short trip to Europe at the end of April last and was due to arrive by air in Bombay on August 7.

He was 63 years old.

The offices of Tata Sons, Limited and all concerns under their agency will remain closed to-day and to-morrow as a mark of respect to his memory.—A.P.

SAKLATVALA'S CAREER

Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, whose sudden death was announced by Reuter on Friday morning, was the Chief Director of the great business house of Tatas and one of the most prominent captains of industry in India. He succeeded to the chief control of Tatas on the death of the late Sir Dorab Tata, eldest son of Jamsetjee N. Tata, who had founded the firm.

Born in 1875, Sir Nowroji was educated at St. Xavier's School and College. He joined the firm of Tata's in 1899 as a clerk on Rs. 50 a month and rose to be head of the firm in twenty years.

Simple Ways

One who was intimately associated with Sir Nowroji speaking of his personal life and simple ways to a representative of the "Chronicle" described his unostentatious residence at Warden Road. There, over the ruins of the old battery, one could see the straggling staircase.

Being an ordained priest, he was simple in his behaviour and mode of life and sympathetic towards the helpless and the poor. He was to a great extent responsible for the profit-sharing scheme for the employees which has been recently initiated by the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Ltd., of which he was the Chairman.

Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, who died of heart failure on Monday evening at Aix-Les Bains (France)

Two Traits

Two remarkable traits that he showed in his business career were his indisputable honesty and indomitable courage in blazing new trails in business fields and the unmistakable sense of sincerity, which elicited confidence from others. He considered nobody as indispensable. He had a sense born of loyalty to the Company in whose services he held, the employees had to submerge their sense of self-importance.

A Sportsman

That his crowded life should find space for so ephemeral a matter as sport is a matter of amazement. Yet as far back as 1904 we find his name in the Parsi team that contested for cricket honours against the Presidency. It is common knowledge that his private purse was drawn upon fully and freely to avert disaster to the C.C.I. of which he is the Chairman.

Although perturbed to a great extent over its recent muddle, his one boast among his friends was that, whatever could happen to the Cricket Club of India, nobody could remove from Bombay the magnificent Brabourne Stadium to whose building up. Sir Nowroji contributed in no mean measure.

He was connected with a great many sporting organisations and was the chairman, amongst others, of the Cricket Club of India, the Parsi Gymkhana, the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association and was Vice-President of the Bombay Hockey Federation.

It was only recently that he took up gardening as

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 1).

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE CALENDAR*

GERRY ANSON FINALLY LEAVES THE STEWARD'S STAND!
HERE HE COMES NOW---
HAS HE BEEN RULED OFF-- OR ?----
GERRY! GERRY!
GERRY HAVE THEY--?
NO, MOLLY--- THEY HAVEN'T RULED ME OFF THE TRACK, YET---- I HAVE A MONTH TO PROVE MY INNOCENCE!
GERRY, THIS IS INSPECTOR WADE--AND HIS ASSISTANT, DONAVAN---
ANSON, I'M WONDERING WHAT'S BEHIND ALL THIS!
IT WORKED PARTIALLY, KRONCK--ANSON HAS BEEN SUSPENDED FOR A MONTH!
PERHAPS NOW--- OUR COUNTRY WILL BE ABLE TO MAKE ANSON REVEAL TO US THE CALENDAR!
4-28
GYMAN ANDERSON

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